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A METHOD FOR ISOLATING A POLYNUCLEOTIDE OF INTEREST FROM THE GENOME OF A MYCOBACTERIUM USING A BAC-BASED DNA LIBRARY. APPLICATION TO THE DETECTION OF MYCOBACTERIA.

I. Background of the invention

of interest that is present in the genome of a mycobacterium strain and/or is expressed by said mycobacterium strain and that is absent or altered in the genome of a different mycobacterium strain and/or is not expressed in said different mycobacterium strain, said method comprising the use of at least one clone belonging to a genomic DNA library of a given mycobacterium strain, said DNA library being cloned in a bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC). The invention concerns also polynucleotides identified by the above method, as well as detection methods for mycobacteria, particularly Mycobacterium tuberculosis, and kits using said polynucleotides as primers or probes. Finally, the invention deals with BAC-based mycobacterium DNA libraries used in the method according to the invention and particularly BAC-based Mycobacterium tuberculosis and Mycobacterium bovis BCG DNA libraries.

[2002] Radical measures are required to prevent the grim predictions of the World Health Organisation for the evolution of the global tuberculosis epidemic in the next century becoming a tragic reality. The powerful combination of genomics and bioinformatics is providing a wealth of information about the etiologic agent, Mycobacterium tuberculosis, that will facilitate the conception and development of new therapies. The start point for genome sequencing was the integrated map of the 4.4 Mb circular chromosome of the widely-used, virulent reference strain, M. tuberculosis H37Rv and appropriate cosmids were subjected to systematic shotgun sequence analysis at the Sanger Centre.

Cosmid clones (Balasubramanian et al., 1996; Pavelka et al., 1996) have played a crucial role in the *M. tuberculosis* H37Rv genome sequencing project. However, problems such as under-representation of certain regions of the chromosome, unstable inserts and the relatively small insert size complicated the production of a comprehensive set of canonical cosmids representing the entire genome.

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II. Summary of the invention

In order to avoid the numerous technical constraints encountered in the state of the art, as decribed hereabove, when using genomic mycobacterial DNA libraries constructed in cosmid clones, the inventors have attempted to realize genomic mycobacterial DNA libraries in an alternative type of vectors, namely Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) vectors.

The success of this approach depended on whether the resulting BAC clones could maintain large mycobacterial DNA inserts. There are various reports describing the successful construction of a BAC library for eucaryotic organisms (Cai et al., 1995; Kim et al., 1996; Misumi et al., 1997; Woo et al., 1994; Zimmer et al., 1997) where inserts up to 725 kb (Zimmer et al., 1997) were cloned and stably maintained in the *E. coli* host strain.

Here, it is shown that, surprisingly, the BAC system can also be used for mycobacterial DNA, as 70% of the clones contained inserts in the size of 25 to 104 kb.

LOO This is the first time that bacterial, and specifically mycobacterial, DNA is cloned in such BAC vectors.

In an attempt to obtain complete coverage of the genome with a minimal overlapping set of clones, a Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) library of M. tuberculosis was constructed, using the vector pBeloBAC11 (Kim et al., 1996) which combines a simple phenotypic screen for recombinant clones with the stable propagation of large inserts (Shizuya et al., 1992). The BAC cloning system is based on the E. coli F-factor, whose replication is strictly controlled and thus ensures stable maintenance of large constructs (Willets et al., 1987).

BACs have been widely used for cloning of DNA from various eucaryotic species (Cai et al., 1995; Kim et al., 1996; Misumi et al., 1997; Woo et al., 1994; Zimmer et al., 1997). In contrast, to our knowledge this report describes the first attempt to use the BAC system for cloning bacterial DNA.

A central advantage of the BAC cloning system over cosmid vectors used in prior art is that the F-plasmid is present in only one or a maximum of two copies per cell, reducing the potential for recombination between DNA fragments and, more importantly, avoiding the lethal overexpression of cloned bacterial genes. However, the presence of the BAC as just a single copy means that plasmid DNA has to be extracted from a large volume of culture to obtain

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sufficient DNA for sequencing and it is described here in the examples a simplified protocol to achieve this.

[OiO] Further, the stability and fidelity of maintenance of the clones in the BAC library represent ideal characteristics for the identification of genomic differences possibly responsible for phenotypic variations in different mycobacterial species.

[Oil] As it will be shown herein, BACs can be allied with conventional hybridization techniques for refined analyses of genomes and transcriptional activity from different mycobacterial species.

[O12] Having established a reliable procedure to screen for genomic polymorphisms, it is now possible to conduct these comparisons on a more systematic basis than in prior art using representative BACs throughout the chromosome and genomic DNA from a variety of mycobacterial species.

[013] As another approach to display genomic polymorphisms, the inventors have also started to use selected H37Rv BACs for "molecular combing" experiments in combination with fluorescent in situ hybridization (Bensimon et al., 1994; Michalet et al., 1997). With such techniques the one skilled in the art is enabled to explore the genome of mycobacteria in general and of M. tuberculosis in particular for further polymorphic regions.

[014] The availability of BAC-based genomic mycobacterial DNA libraries constructed by the inventors have allowed them to design methods and means both useful to identify genomic regions of interest of pathogenic mycobacteria, such as Mycobacterium tuberculosis, that have no counterpart in the corresponding non-pathogenic strains, such as Mycobacterium bovis BCG, and useful to detect the presence of polynucleotides belonging to a specific mycobacterium strain in a biological sample.

[015] By a biological sample according to the present invention, it is notably intended a biological fluid, such as plasma, blood, urine or saliva, or a tissue, such as a biopsy.

[D16] Thus, a first object of the invention consists of a method for isolating a polynucleotide of interest that is present in the genome of a mycobacterium strain and/or is expressed by said mycobacterium strain and that is absent or altered in the genome of a different mycobacterium strain and/or is not expressed in said different mycobacterium strain, said method comprising the use of at least one clone belonging to a genomic DNA library of a given mycobaterium strain, said DNA library being cloned in a bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC).

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[O17] The invention is also directed to a polynucleotide of interest that has been isolated according to the above method and in partoular a polynucleotide containing one or several Open Reading Frames (ORFs), for example ORFs encoding either a polypeptide involved in the pathogenicity of a mycobacterium strain or ORFs encoding Polymorphic Glycine Rich Sequences (PGRS).

[OI8] Such polynucleotides of interest may serve as probes or primers in order to detect the presence of a specific myobacterium strain in a biological sample or to detect the expression of specific genes in a particular mycobacterial strain of interest.

10 [O19] The BAC-based genomic mycobacterial DNA libraries generated by the present inventors are also part of the invention, as well as each of the recombinant BAC clones and the DNA insert contained in each of said recombinant BAC clones.

[O20] The invention also pertains to methods and kits for detecting a specific mycobacterium in a biological sample using either at least one recombinant BAC clone or at least one polynucleotide according to the invention, as well as to methods and kits to detect the expression of one or several specific genes of a given mycobacterial strain present in a biological sample.

20 III. Brief description of the Figures.

[021] In order to better understand the present invention, reference will be made to the appended figures which depicted specific embodiments to which the present invention is in no case limited in scope with.

- 25 Figures 1A and 1B: PCR-screening for unique BAC clones with specific primers for 2 selected genomic regions of the H37Rv chromosome, using 21 pools representating 2016 BACs (Figure 1A) and sets of 20 subpools from selected positive pools (Figure 1B).
- Figure 2: Pulsed-field gel electrophoresis gel of *DraI* cleaved BAC clones used for estimating the insert sizes of BACs.
- Figure 3: Minimal overlapping BAC map of M. tuberculosis H37Rv superimposed on the integrated physical and genetic map established by Philipp et al. (18). Y- and I- numbers show pYUB328 (2) and pYUB412 (16) cosmids which were shotgun sequenced during the H37Rv genome sequencing project. Ycosmids marked with * were shown in the integrated physical and genetic map

- (18). Rv numbers show the position of representative BAC clones relative to sequenced Y- and I- clones. Squared Rv numbers show BACs which were shotgun sequenced at the Sanger Centre.
- Figures 4A and 4B: Ethidium bromide stained gel (Figure 4A) and corresponding Southern blot (Figure 4B) of EcoRI and PvuII digested Rv58 DNA hybridized with ³²P labeled genomic DNA preparations from M. tuberculosis H37Rv, M. bovis ATCC 19210 and M. bovis BCG Pasteur.
- Figure 5: Organisation of the ORFs in the 12.7 kb genomic region present in M. tuberculosis H37Rv but not present in M. bovis ATCC 19210 and M. bovis BCG
 - Positions of EcoRI and PvuII restriction sites are shown. Vertical dashes represent stop codons. The 11 ORFs correspond to the ORFs MTCY277.28 to MTCY277.38 / accession number Z79701 -EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Data Library. The junction sequences flanking the polymorphic region are shown.
 - 1502 Figure 6: Variation in the C-terminal part of a PE-PGRS open reading frame in M. tuberculosis strain H37Rv relative to M. bovis BCG strain Pasteur.
- [022] The numbers on the right side of the Figure denote the position of the end nucleotides, taking as the reference the M. tuberculosis genome.
- Figure 7: Polynucleotide sequence next to the HindIII cloning site in the BAC vector pBeloBAC11 (Kim et al., 1996) used to clone the inserts of the BAC-based myobacterial genomic DNA library according to the invention.
- [030] NotI: location of the NotI restriction sites.
- Primer T7-BAC1: nucleotide region recognized by the T7-BAC1 primer shown in Table 1.
 - 25032 T7 promoter: location of the T7 promoter region on the pBeloBac11 vector.
- [033] Primer T7-Belo2: nucleotide region recognized by the T7-Belo2 pimer shown in Table 1.
- [D34] Hind III: the HindIII cloning site used to clone the genomic inserts in the pBeloBAC11 vector.
 - 3002 SP6-Mid primer: nucleotide region recognized by the SP6 Mid primer shown in Table 1.
- SP6-BAC1 primer: nucleotide region recognized by the SP6 BAC1 primer shown in Table 1.

 SP6 promoter: location of the SP6 promoter region on the pBeloBac11 vector.

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IV. Detailed description of the preferred embodiments.

[038] As already mentioned hereinbefore, the present invention is directed to a method for isolating a polynucleotide of interest that is present in the genome of a mycobacterium strain and/or is expressed by said mycobacterium strain and that is absent or altered in the genome of a different mycobacterium strain and/or is not expressed in said different mycobacterium strain, said method comprising the use of at least one clone belonging to a genomic DNA library of a given mycobaterium strain, said DNA library being cloned in a bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) type vector.

[D39] For this purpose, the inventors have constructed several BAC-based 10 mycobacterial genomic DNA libraries that may be used in order to perform the above described method.

Loto Because it is the first time that mycobacterial genomic DNA has been successfully cloned in BAC type vectors, and because these DNA libraries are then novel and nonobvious, an object of the present invention consists in a myobacterial genomic DNA library cloned in such a BAC type vector.

[04] As an illustrative example, a BAC-based DNA library of Mycobacterium tuberculosis has been realized. Forty-seven cosmids chosen from the integrated map of the 4.4 Mb circular chromosome (Philipp et al., 1996a) were shotgunsequenced during the initial phase of the H37Rv genome sequence project. The sequences of these clones were used as landmarks in the construction of a minimally overlapping BAC map. Comparison of the sequence data from the termini of 420 BAC clones allowed us to establish a minimal overlapping BAC map and to fill in the existing gaps between the sequence of cosmids. As well as using the BAC library for genomic mapping and sequencing, we also tested the system in comparative genomic experiments in order to uncover differences between two closely related mycobacterial species. As shown in a previous study (Philipp et al., 1996b), M. tuberculosis, M. bovis and M. bovis BCG, specifically BCG Pasteur strain, exhibit a high level of global genomic conservation, but certain polymorphic regions were also detected. Therefore, it was of great interest to find a reliable, easy and rapid way to exactly localize polymorphic regions in mycobacterial genomes using selected BAC clones. This approach was validated by determining the exact size and location of the polymorphisms in the genomic region of DraI fragment Z4 (Philipp et al., 1996b), taking advantage of the availability of an appropriate BAC clone covering the polymorphic region and

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the H37Rv genome sequence data. This region is located approximately 1.7 Mb from the origin of replication.

[042] The Bacterial Artificial Chromosome (BAC) cloning system is capable of stably propagating large, complex DNA inserts in Escherichia coli. As part of the Mycobacterium tuberculosis H37Rv genome sequencing project, a BAC library was constructed in the pBeloBAC11 vector and used for genome mapping, confirmation of sequence assembly, and sequencing. The library contains about 5000 BAC clones, with inserts ranging in size from 25 to 104 kb, representing theoretically a 70 fold coverage of the M. tuberculosis genome (4.4 Mb). A total of 840 sequences from the T7 and SP6 termini of 420 BACs were determined and compared to those of a partial genomic database. These sequences showed excellent correlation between the estimated sizes and positions of the BAC clones and the sizes and positions of previously sequenced cosmids and the resulting contigs. Many BAC clones represent linking clones between sequenced cosmids, allowing full coverage of the H37Rv chromosome, and they are now being shotgun-sequenced in the framework of the H37Rv sequencing project. Also, no chimeric, deleted or rearranged BAC clones were detected, which was of major importance for the correct mapping and assembly of the H37Rv sequence. The minimal overlapping set contains 68 unique BAC clones and spans the whole H37Rv chromosome with the exception of a single gap of ~ 150 kb. As a postgenomic application, the canonical BAC set was used in a comparative study to reveal chromosomal polymorphisms between M. tuberculosis, M. bovis and M. bovis BCG Pasteur, and a novel 12.7 kb segment present in M. tuberculosis but absent from M. bovis and M. bovis BCG was characterized. This region contains a set of genes whose products show low similarity to proteins involved in polysaccharide biosynthesis. The H37Rv BAC library therefore provides the one skilled in the art with a powerful tool both for the generation and confirmation of sequence data as well as for comparative genomics and a plurality of postgenomic applications.

DNA library is part of the present invention and has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes (CNCM) on November 19, 1997 under the accession number 1-1945.

DNA of Mycobacterium bovis BCG, Pasteur strain, and said DNA library has

been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes (CNCM) on XX XX, 1998 under the accession number I-XXXX 2049

Thus, as a specific embodiment of the above described method for isolating a polynucleotide of interest said method makes use of at least one BAC-

- based DNA library that has been constructed from the genomic DNA of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*, more specifically of the H37Rv strain and particularly of the DNA library deposited in the accession number I-1945.
 - [O+6] In another specific embodiment of the above described method for isolating a polynucleotide of interest said method makes use of at least one BAC-
- based DNA library has been constructed from the genomic DNA of Mycobacterium bovis BCG, more specifically of the Pasteur strain and particularly of the DNA library deposited in the accession number IXXXX 2049 [047] In more details, the method according to the invention for isolating a polynucleotide of interest may comprise the following steps:
- 15 [DH8]a) isolating at least one polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC-based DNA library of mycobacterial origin;

[049] b) isolating:

- [050] at least one genomic or cDNA polynucleotide from a mycobacterium, said mycobacterium belonging to a strain different from the strain used to construct the BAC-based DNA library of step a); or alternatively
- of a least one polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC-based DNA library prepared from the genome of a mycobacterium that is different from the mycobacterium used to construct the BAC-based DNA library of step a);
- [052] c) hybridizing the at least one polynucleotide of step a) to the at least one polynucleotide of step b);
- hybrid complex with the at least one polynucleotide of step a) that has not formed a hybrid complex with the at least one polynucleotide of step b);
- ☐054☐ e) characterizing the selected polynucleotide.
- [055] Following the above procedure, the at least one polynucleotide of step a) may be prepared as follows:
 - [056]1) digesting at least one recombinant BAC clone by an appropriate resctriction endonuclease in order to isolate the polynucleotide insert of interest from the vector genetic material;
- [057]2) optionally amplifying the resulting polynucleotide insert;

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3) optionally digesting the polynucleotide insert of step 1) or step 2) with at least one restriction endonuclease.

[059] The above method of the invention allows the one skilled in the art to perform comparative genomics between different strains or species of mycobacteria cells, for example between pathogenic strains or species and their non pathogenic strains or species counterparts, as it is the illustrative case for the genomic comparison between Mycobacterium tuberculosis and Mycobacterium bovis BCG that is described herein in the examples.

[Coo] Restriction digests of a given clone of a BAC library according to the invention may be blotted to membranes, and then probed with radiolabeled DNA form another strain or another species of mycobacteria, allowing the one skilled in the art to identify, characterize and isolate a polynucleotide of interest that may be involved in important metabolical and/or physiological pathways of the mycobacterium under testing, such as a polynucleotide functionally involved in the pathogenicity of said given mycobacteria for its host organism.

More specifically, the inventors have shown in Example 6 that when restriction digests of a given clone of the BAC library identified by the CNCM accession number I-1945 are blotted to membranes and then probed with radiolabeled total genomic DNA from, for example, Mycobacterium bovis BCG Pasteur, it is observed that restriction fragments that fail to hybridize with the M. bovis BCG Pasteur DNA are absent from its genome, hence identifying polymorphic regions between M. bovis BCG Pasteur and M. tuberculosis H37Rv. [D62] Thus, a further object of the present invention consists in a polynucleotide of interest that has been isolated according to the method described herein before.

isolated that is present in the genome of *M. tuberculosis* but is absent of the genome of *M. bovis* BCG. This polynucleotide of interest contains 11 ORFs that may be involved in polysaccharide biosynthesis. In particular, two of said ORFs are of particular interest, namely ORF6 (MTCY277.33; Rv1511) that encodes a protein that shares significant homology with bacterial GDP-D-mannose dehydratases, whereas the protein encoded by ORF7 (MTCY277.34; Rv1512) shares significant homology with a nucleotide sugar epimerase. As polysaccharide is a major constituent of the mycobacterial cell wall, these deleted genes may cause the cell wall of *M. bovis* BCG to differ from that of *M. tuberculosis*, a fact that may have important consequences for both the immune

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response to *M. bovis* BCG and virulence. Detection of such a polysaccharide is of diagnostic interest and possibly useful in the design of tuberculosis vaccines.

Consequently, the polynucleotide of interest obtained following the method according to the invention may contain at least one ORF, said ORF preferably encoding all or part of a polypeptide involved in an important metabolical and/or physiological pathway of the mycobacteria under testing, and more specifically all or part of a polypeptide that is involved in the pathogenicity of the mycobacteria under testing, such as for example Mycobacterium tuberculosis, and more generally mycobacteria belonging to the Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex.

The Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex has its usual meaning, i.e. the complex of mycobacteria causing tuberculosis which are Mycobacterium tuberculosis, Mycobacterium bovis, Mycobacterium africanum, Mycobacterium microti and the vaccine strain Mycobacterium bovis BCG.

- 15 [Odo] An illustrative polynucleotide of interest according to the present invention comprises all or part of the polynucleotide of approximately 12.7 kilobases that is present in the genome of *M. tuberculosis* but is absent from the genome of *M. bovis* BCG disclosed hereinbefore. This polynucleotide is contained in clone Rv58 of the BAC DNA library I-1945.
- 20 [Obl] Generally, the invention also pertains to a purified polynucleotide comprising the DNA insert contained in a recombinant BAC vector belonging to a BAC-based mycobacterial genomic DNA library, such as for example the I-1945 BAC DNA library.
 - [068] Advantageously, such a polynucleotide has been identified according to the method of the invention.
 - Such a polynucleotide of interest may be used as a probe or a primer useful for specifically detecting a given mycobacterium of interest, such as Mycobacterium tuberculosis or Mycobacterium bovis BCG.
- [D70] More specifically, the invention then deals with a purified polynucleotide useful as probe or a primer comprising all or part of the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID N°1.
 - LOTI The location, on the *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* chromosome, of the above polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°1 has now been ascribed to begin, at its 5'end at nucleotide at position nt 1696015 and to end, at its 3'end, at nucleotide at position nt 1708746.

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- screening of tubercle isolates to identify whether they are bovine or human strains. The primers listed in Table 1 are flanking the deleted region and give a 722 bp amplicon in *M. bovis* or *M. bovis* BCG strains, but a fragment of 13,453 bp in *M. tuberculosis* that is practically impossible to amplify under the same PCR conditions. More importantly, assuming that some of the gene products from this region represent proteins with antigenic properties, it could be possible to develop a test that can reliably distinguish between the immune response induced by vaccination with *M. bovis* BCG vaccine strains and infection with *M. tuberculosis* or that the products (e.g. polysaccharides) are specific immunogens.
- [073] The invention also provides for a purified polynucleotide useful as a probe or as a primer, said polynucleotide being chosen in the following group of polynucleotides:
- [074] a) a polynucleotide comprising at least 8 consecutive nucleotides of the sequence 15 SEQ ID N°1;
- [1575]b) a polynucleotide whose sequence is fully complementary to the sequence of the polynucleotide defined in a);
- [D16]c) a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions with the polynucleotide defined in a) or with the polynucleotide defined in b).
- 20 [D77] For the purpose of defining a polynucleotide or oligonucleotide hybridizing under stringent hybridization conditions, such as above, it is intended a polynucleotide that hybridizes with a reference polynucleotide under the following hybridization conditions.
- Lo78 The hybridization step is realized at 65°C in the presence of 6 x SSC buffer, 5 x Denhardt's solution, 0,5% SDS and 100μg/ml of salmon sperm DNA. [D79] For technical information, 1 x SSC corresponds to 0.15 M NaCl and 0.05M sodium citrate; 1 x Denhardt's solution corresponds to 0.02% Ficoll, 0.02% polyvinylpyrrolidone and 0.02% bovine serum albumin.
 - [080] The hybridization step is followed by four washing steps:
- 30[02] two washings during 5 min, preferably at 65°C in a 2 x SSC and 0.1%SDS buffer,
- [082] one washing during 30 min, preferably at 65°C in a 2 x SSC and 0.1% SDS buffer,
- one washing during 10 min, preferably at 65°C in a 0.1 x SSC and 0.1%SDS buffer.

- D84 A first illustrative useful polynucleotide that is included in the polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°1 is the polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°2 that corresponds to the Sp6 end-sequence of SEQ ID N°1.
- [D85] A second illustrative useful polynucleotide that is included in the polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°1 is the polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°3 that corresponds to the T7 end-sequence of SEQ ID N°1, located on the opposite strand.
 - The polynucleotide of sequence SEQ ID N°1 contains 11 ORFs, the respective locations of which, taking into account the orientation of each ORF on
- the chromosome, on the sequence of the Mycobacterium tunerculosis chromosome, is given hereafter:
- [D87] The location of ORF1 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1695944 and nucleotide at position nt1696441.
- The location of ORF2 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1696728 and nucleotide at position nt1697420.
- [089] The location of ORF3 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1698096 and nucleotide at position nt1699892. ORF3 probably encodes a protein having the characteristics of a membrane protein.
- [C90] The location of ORF4 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1700210 and nucleotide at position nt1701088.
- The location of ORF5 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1701293 and nucleotide at position nt1702588. ORF5 encodes a protein having the characteristics of a membrane protein.
- 25 The location of ORF6 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1703072 and nucleotide at position nt1704091. ORF6 encodes a protein having the characteristics of a GDP-D-mannose dehydratase.
- [093] The location of ORF7 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1704091 and nucleotide at position nt1705056. ORF7 encodes a protein having the characteristics of a nucleotide sugar epimerase involved in colanic acid biosynthesis.
- [094] The location of ORF8 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1705056 and nucleotide at position nt1705784.
- [095] The location of ORF9 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1705808 and nucleotide at position nt1706593. ORF9 encodes a protein having the characteristics of colanic acid biosynthesis glycosyl transferase.

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- [096] The location of ORF10 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1706631 and nucleotide at position nt1707524.
- The location of ORF11 is comprised between nucleotide at position nt 1707530 and nucleotide at position nt1708648. ORF11 encodes a protein similar to a spore coat polysaccharide biosynthesis.
 - [098] A polynucleotide of interest obtained by the above-disclosed method according to the invention may also contain at least one ORF that encodes all or part of acidic, glycine-rich proteins, belonging to the PE and PPE families, whose genes are often clustered and based on multiple copies of the polymorphic repetitive sequences. The names PE and PPE derive from the fact that the motifs ProGlu (PE, positions 8, 9) and ProProGlu (PPE, positions 7 to 9) are found near the N-terminus in almost all cases. The PE protein family all have a highly conserved N-terminal domain of ~110 amino acid residues, that is predicted to have a globular structure, followed by a C-terminal segment which varies in size, sequence and repeat copy number. Phylogenetic analysis separated the PE family into several groups, the larger of which is the highly repetitive PGRS class containing 55 members whereas the other groups share very limited sequence similarity in their C-terminal domains. The predicted molecular weights of the PE proteins vary considerably as a few members only contain the ~110 amino acid N-terminal domain while the majority have C-terminal extensions ranging in size from 100 up to >1400 residues. A striking feature of the PGRS proteins is their exceptional glycine content (up to 50%) due to the presence of multiple tandem repetitions of GlyGlyAla or GlyGlyAsn motifs or variations thereof.
 - Like the PE family, the PPE protein family also has a conserved N-terminal domain that comprises ~180 amino acid residues followed by C-terminal segments that vary considerably in sequence and length. These proteins fall into at least three groups, one of which constitutes the MPTR class characterised by the presence of multiple, tandem copies of the motif AsnXGlyXGlyAsnXGly. The second subgroup contains a characteristic, well-conserved motif around position 350 (GlyXXSerValProXXTrp) whereas the other group contains proteins that are unrelated except for the presence of the common 180-residue PPE domain. C-terminal extensions may range in size from 00 up to 3500 residues.
 - Olco One member of the PGRS sub-family, the WHO antigen 22T (Abou-Zeid et al., 1991), a 55kD protein capable of binding fibronectin, is produced during

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disease and elicits a variable antibody response suggesting either that individuals mount different immune responses or that this PGRS-protein may not be produced in this form by all strains of *M. tuberculosis*. In other words, at least some PE_PGRS coding sequences encode for proteins that are involved in the recognition of *M. tuberculosis* by the immune system of the infected host. Therefore, differences in the PGRS sequences could represent the principal source of antigenic variation in the otherwise genetically and antigenically homogeneous bacterium.

based DNA library I-1945, the inventors have discovered the occurence of sequence differences between a given PGRS encoding ORF (ORF reference on the genomic sequence of *M. tuberculosis* Rv0746) of *M. tuberculosis* and its counterpart sequence in the genome of *M. bovis* BCG.

BAC vector N° Rv418 of the M. tuberculosis BCG I-1945 DNA library carries both base additions and base deletions when compared with the corresponding ORF in the genome of M. bovis BCG that is contained in the BAC vector N° X0175 of the M. bovis BCG I-XXXX/DNA library. The variations observed in the base sequences correspond to variations in the C-terminal part of the aminoacid sequence of the PGRS ORF translation product.

DO3 As shown in Figure 6, an amino acid stretch of 9 residues in length is present in this M. tuberculosis PGRS (ORf reference Rv0746) and is absent from the ORF counterpart of M. bovis BCG, namely the following amino acid sequence:

25004NH2-GGAGGAGGSSAGGGGAGGAGGAGGWLLGD-COOH

[0105] Furthermore, Figure 6 shows also that an amino acid stretch of 45 residues in length is absent from this M. tuberculosis PGRS and is present in the ORF counterpart of M. bovis BCG, namely following amino acid sequence:

[DIO6] NH2-GAGGIGGIGGNANGGAGGNGGTGGQLWGSGGAGVEGGAAL

SVGDT-COOH. (SEQ 19 NO. 733)

COIO7] Similar observations were made with PPE ORF Rv0442, which showed a 5 codon deletion relative to a M. bovis amino acid sequence.

[DIO8] Given that the polymorphism associated with the PE-PGRS or PEE ORFS resulted in extensive antigenic variability or reduced antigen presentation, this would be of immense significance for vaccine design, for understanding

protective immunity in tuberculosis and, possibly, explain the varied responses seen in different BCG vaccination programmes.

Epstein-Barr virus-encoded nuclear antigens (EBNA). Both polypeptide families are glycine-rich, contain Gly-Ala repeats that represent more than one third of the molecule, and display variation in the length of the repeat region between different isolates. The Gly-Ala repeat region of EBNA1 has been shown to function as a cis-acting inhibitor of antigen processing and MHC class I-restricted antigen presentation (Levitskaya et al., 1995). The fact that MHC class I knock-out mice are extremely suscepible to M. tuberculosis underlines the importance of MHC class I antigen presentation in protection against tuberculosis. Therefore, it is possible that the PE/PPE protein family also play some role in inhibiting antigen presentation, allowing the bacillus to hide from the host's immune system.

which is homolog to the *M. tuberculosis* ORF Rv0746, and which is contained in the BAC clone N° X0175 (See Table 4 for SP6 and T7 end-sequences of clone n° X0175) of the I-XXXX M. bovis BCG BAC DNA library is part of the present invention, as it represents a starting material in order to define specific probes or primers useful for detection of antigenic variability in mycobacterial strains, possible inhibition of antigen processing as well as to differentiate *M. tuberculosis* from *M. bovis* BCG.

[OIII] Thus, a further object of the invention consists in a polynucleotide comprising the sequence SEQ ID N°4.

25 Ol(2] Polynucleotides of interest have been defined by the inventors as useful detection tools in order to differentiate *M. tuberculosis* from *M. bovis* BCG. Such polynucleotides are contained in the 45 aminoacid length coding sequence that is present in *M. bovis* BCG but absent from *M. tuberculosis*. This polynucleotide has a sequence beginning (5'end) at the nucleotide at position nt 729 of the sequence SEQ ID N°4 and ending (3'end) at the nucleotide in position nt 863 of the sequence SEQ ID N°4.

[DII3] Thus, part of the present invention is also a polynucleotide which is chosen among the following group of polynucleotides:

[OII4] a) a polynucleotide comprising at least 8 consecutive nucleotides of the nucleotide sequence SEQ ID N°5;

- [OIII] b) a polynucleotide which sequence is fully complementary to the sequence of the polynucleotide defined in a);
- LONG c) a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions with the polynucleotide defined in a) or with the polynucleotide defined in b).
 - 5 CO117 The stringent hybridization conditions for the purpose of defining the above disclosed polynucleotide are defined herein before in the specification.
 - Strain H37Rv genomic DNA library that has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes on November 19, 1997 under the accession number I-1945.
 - DIGI A further object of the invention consists in a recombinant BAC vector which is chosen among the group consisting of the recombinant BAC vectors belonging to the BAC-based DNA library I-1945.
 - Generally, a recombinant BAC vector of interest may be chosen among the following set or group of BAC vectors contained in the BAC-based DNA library I-1945:
- [O121] Rv101; Rv102; Rv103; Rv104; Rv105; Rv106; Rv107; Rv108; Rv109; Rv10; Rv110; Rv111; Rv112; Rv113; Rv114; Rv115; Rv116; Rv117; Rv118; Rv119; Rv11; Rv120; Rv121; Rv122; Rv123; Rv124; Rv126; Rv127; Rv128; Rv129;
 - Rv130; Rv132; Rv134; Rv135; Rv136; Rv137; Rv138; Rv139; Rv13; Rv140;
 Rv141; Rv142; Rv143; Rv144; Rv145; Rv146; Rv147; Rv148; Rv149; Rv14;
 Rv150; Rv151; Rv152; Rv153; Rv154; Rv155; Rv156; Rv157; Rv159; Rv15;
 Rv160; Rv161; Rv162; Rv163; Rv164; Rv165; Rv166; Rv167; Rv169; Rv16;
 Rv170; Rv171; Rv172; Rv173; Rv174; Rv175; Rv176; Rv177; Rv178; Rv179;
 - Rv17; Rv180; Rv181; Rv182; Rv183; Rv184; Rv185; Rv186; Rv187; Rv188;
 Rv18; Rv190; Rv191; Rv192; Rv193; Rv194; Rv195; Rv196; Rv19; Rv1; Rv201;
 Rv204; Rv205; Rv207; Rv209; Rv20; Rv214; Rv215; Rv217; Rv218; Rv219;
 Rv21; Rv220; Rv221; Rv222; Rv223; Rv224; Rv225; Rv226; Rv227; Rv228;
 Rv229; Rv22; Rv230; Rv231; Rv232; Rv233; Rv234; Rv235; Rv237; Rv240;
 - Rv241; Rv243; Rv244; Rv245; Rv246; Rv247; Rv249; Rv24; Rv251; Rv252; Rv253; Rv254; Rv255; Rv257; Rv258; Rv259; Rv25; Rv260; Rv261; Rv262; Rv263; Rv264; Rv265; Rv266; Rv267; Rv268; Rv269; Rv26; Rv270; Rv271; Rv272; Rv273; Rv274; Rv275; Rv276; Rv277; Rv278; Rv279; Rv27; Rv280; Rv281; Rv282; Rv283; Rv284; Rv285; Rv286; Rv287; Rv288; Rv289; Rv28;
 - 35 Rv290; Rv291; Rv292; Rv293; Rv294; Rv295; Rv296; Rv29; Rv2; Rv301;

Rv302; Rv303; Rv304; Rv306; Rv307; Rv308; Rv309; Rv30; Rv310; Rv311; Rv312; Rv313; Rv314; Rv315; Rv316; Rv317; Rv318; Rv319; Rv31; Rv32; Rv322; Rv327; Rv328; Rv329; Rv32; Rv330; Rv331; Rv333; Rv334; Rv335; Rv336; Rv337; Rv338; Rv339; Rv33; Rv340; Rv341; Rv343; Rv344; Rv346; Rv347; Rv348; Rv349; Rv34; Rv350; Rv351; Rv352; Rv353; Rv354; Rv355; Rv356; Rv357; Rv358; Rv359; Rv35; Rv360; Rv361; Rv363; Rv364; Rv365; Rv366; Rv367; Rv368; Rv369; Rv36; Rv370; Rv371; Rv373; Rv374; Rv375; Rv376; Rv377; Rv378; Rv379; Rv37; Rv381; Rv382; Rv383; Rv384; Rv385; Rv386; Rv387; Rv388; Rv389; Rv38; Rv390; Rv391; Rv392; Rv393; Rv396; Rv39; Rv3; Rv40; Rv412; Rv413; Rv414; Rv415; Rv416; Rv417; Rv418; Rv419; 10 Rv41; Rv42; Rv43; Rv44; Rv45; Rv46; Rv47; Rv48; Rv49; Rv4; Rv50; Rv51; Rv52; Rv53; Rv54; Rv55; Rv56; Rv57; Rv58; Rv59; Rv5; Rv60; Rv61; Rv62; Rv63; Rv64; Rv65; Rv66; Rv67; Rv68; Rv69; Rv6; Rv70; Rv71; Rv72; Rv73; Rv74; Rv75; Rv76; Rv77; Rv78; Rv79; Rv7; Rv80; Rv81; Rv82; Rv83; Rv84; Rv85; Rv86; Rv87; Rv88; Rv89; Rv8; Rv90; Rv91; Rv92; Rv94; Rv95; Rv96; 15 Rv9.

- Col22 The end sequences of the polynucleotide inserts of each of the above clones corresponding respectively to the sequences adjacent to the T7 promoter and to the Sp6 promoter on the BAC vector are shown in Table 3.
- 20 D123 It has been shown by the inventors that the minimal overlapping set of BAC vectors of the BAC-based DNA library I-1945 contains 68 unique BAC clones and practically spans almost the whole H37Rv chromosome with the exception of a single gap of approximately 150 kb.
- the following set or group of BAC vectors from the BAC-based DNA library I1945, the location of which vector DNA inserts on the chromosome of M.

 tuberculosis is shown in Figure 3:
- [O125] Rv234; Rv351; Rv166; Rv35; Rv415; Rv404; Rv209; Rv272; Rv30; Rv228; Rv233; Rb38; Rv280; Rv177; Rv48; Rv374; Rv151; Rv238; Rv156; Rv92; Rv3; Rv403; Rv322; Rv243; Rv330; Rv285; Rv233; Rv219; Rv416; Rv67; Rv222; Rv149; Rv279; Rv87; Rv273; Rv266; Rv25; Rv136; Rv414; Rv13; Rv289; Rv60; Rv104; Rv5; Rv165; Rv215; Rv329; Rv240; Rv19; Rv74; Rv411; Rv167; Rv56; Rv80; Rv164; Rv59; Rv313; Rv265; Rv308; Rv220; Rv258; Rv339; Rv121; Rv419; Rv418; Rv45; Rv217; Rv134; Rv17; Rv103; Rv21; Rv22; Rv270; Rv267; Rv174; Rv257; Rv44; Rv71; Rv7; Rv27; Rv191; Rv230; Rv128; Rv407;

Rv106; Rv39; Rv255; Rv74; Rv355; Rv268; Rv58; Rv173; Rv264; Rv417; Rv401; Rv144; Rv302; Rv81; Rv163; Rv281; Rv221; Rv420; Rv175; Rv86; Rv412; Rv73; Rv269; Rv214; Rv287; Rv42; Rv143.

- [0126] The polynucleotides disclosed in Table 3 may be used as probes in order to select a given clone of the BAC DNA library I-1945 for further use.
- Pasteur genomic DNA library that has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes on [XXXX XX], 1998 under the accession number I-XXXX. 2049
- 10 LOI28] A further object of the invention consists in a recombinant BAC vector which is chosen among the group consisting of the recombinant BAC vectors belonging to the BAC-based DNA library I-XXXX. This DNA library contains approximately 1600 clones. The average insert size is estimated to be ~80 kb.
- [O129] Generally, a recombinant BAC vector of interest may be chosen among the following set or group of BAC vectors contained in the BAC-based DNA library I-XXXX 2049
- X0001; X0002; X0003; X0004; X0006; X0007; X0008; X0009; X0010; X0012; X0013; X0014; X0015; X0016; X0017; X0018; X0019; X0020; X0021; X0175.

 LOI3 The end sequences of the polynucleotide inserts of each of the above clones corresponding respectively to the sequences adjacent to the T7 promoter and to the Sp6 promoter on the BAC vector are shown in Table 4.
 - [0132] The polynucleotides disclosed in Table 4 may be used as probes in order to select a given clone of the BAC DNA library I-XXXX for further use.
 - In the above described BAC vectors, that are useful as primers or probes.
 - [DI34] These polynucleotides and nucleic acid fragments may be used as primers for use in amplification reactions, or as nucleic probes.
 - DI35 PCR is described in the US patent N° 4,683,202. The amplified fragments may be identified by an agarose or a polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis, or by a capillary electrophoresis or alternatively by a chromatography technique (gel filtration, hydrophobic chromatography or ion exchange chromatography). The specificity of the amplification may be ensured by a molecular hybridization using, for example, one of the initial primers as nucleic probes.
 - Amplified nucleotide fragments are used as probes in hybridization reactions in order to detect the presence of one polynucleotide according to the

comprises two main steps:

present invention or in order to detect mutations in the genome of the given mycobacterium of interest, specifically a mycobacterium belonging to the Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex and more specifically Mycobacterium tuberculosis and Mycobacterium bovis BCG.

- 5 DI37 Are also part of the present invention the amplified nucleic fragments (« amplicons ») defined herein above.
 - [0138] These probes and amplicons may be radioactively or non-radioactively labeled, using for example enzymes or fluorescent compounds.
- 10 Other techniques related to nucleic acid amplification may also be used and are generally preferred to the PCR technique.
 - The Strand Displacement Amplification (SDA) technique (Walker et al., 1992) is an isothermal amplification technique based on the ability of a restriction enzyme to cleave one of the strands at his recognition site (which is under a hemiphosphorothioate form) and on the property of a DNA polymerase to initiate the synthesis of a new strand from the 3'OH end generated by the restriction enzyme and on the property of this DNA polymerase to displace the previously synthesized strand being localized downstream. The SDA method
- [OI41] a) The synthesis, in the presence of dCTP-alpha-S, of DNA molecules that are flanked by the restriction sites that may be cleaved by an appropriate enzyme.
- EDI42]b) The exponential amplification of these DNA molecules modified as such, by ezyme cleavage, strand displacement and copying of the displaced strands. The steps of cleavage, strand displacement and copy are repeated a sufficient number of times in order to obtain an accurate sensitivity of the assay.
 - 25 COI43 The SDA technique was initially realized using the restriction endonuclease HincII but is now generally practised with an endonuclease from Bacillus stearothermophilus (BSOBI) and a fragment of a DNA polymerase which is devoid of any 5'→3'exonuclease activity isolated from Bacillus cladotenax (exo-Bca) [=exo-minus-Bca]. Both enzymes are able to operate at 60°C and the system is now optimized in order to allow the use of dUTP and the decontamination by UDG. When unsing this technique, as described by Spargo et al. in 1996, the doubling time of the target DNA is of 26 seconds and the amplification rate is of 10¹⁰ after an incubation time of 15 min at 60°C.

- The SDA amplification technique is more easy to perform than PCR (a single thermostated waterbath device is necessary) and is faster thant the other amplification methods.
- acid fragments according to the invention (primers) in a method of DNA or RNA amplification according to the SDA technique. For performing SDA, two pairs of primers are used: a pair of external primers (B1, B2) consisting of a sequence specific for the target polynucleotide of interest and a pair of internal primers (S1, S2) consisting of a fusion oligonucleotide carrying a site that is recognized by a restriction endonuclease, for exemple the enzyme BSOBI.
 - [DI46] The operating conditions to perform SDA with such primers are described in Spargo et al, 1996.
 - [0147] The polynucleotides of the invention and their above described fragments, especially the primers according to the invention, are useful as technical means
- 15 for performing different target nucleic acid amplification methods such as :
- [DI48] TAS (Transcription-based Amplification System), described by Kwoh et al. in 1989.
- [D149] SR (Self-Sustained Sequence Replication), described by Guatelli et al.in 1990.
- [0150] NASBA (Nucleic acid Sequence Based Amplification), described by Kievitis et al. in 1991.
- [0151] TMA (Transcription Mediated Amplification).

- DI52 The polynucleotides according to the invention are also useful as technical means for performing methods for amplification or modification of a nucleic acid used as a probe, such as:
- 25[0153] LCR (Ligase Chain Reaction), described by Landegren et al. in 1988 and improved by Barany et al. in 1991 who employ a thermostable ligase.
- [0154] RCR (Repair Chain Reaction) described by Segev et al. in 1992.
- [0156] CPR (Cycling Probe Reaction), described by Duck et al. in 1990.
- Chu et al. in 1986, Lizardi et al. in 1988 and by Burg et al. and Stone et al. in 1996.
 - Mhen the target polynucleotide to be detected is a RNA, for example a mRNA, a reverse transcriptase enzyme will be used before the amplification reaction in order to obtain a cDNA from the RNA contained in the biological sample. The generated cDNA is subsequently used as the nucleic acid target for

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the primers or the probes used in an amplification process or a detection process according to the present invention.

[0158] The non-labeled polynucleotides or oligonucleotides of the invention may be directly used as probes. Nevertheless, the polynucleotides or oligonucleotides are generally labeled with a radioactive element (³²P, ³⁵S, ³H, ¹²⁵I) or by a non-isotopic molecule (for example, biotin, acetylaminofluorene, digoxigenin, 5-bromodesoxyuridin, fluorescein) in order to generate probes that are useful for numerous applications.

described in the french patent N° FR-7810975 or by Urdea et al. or Sanchez-Pescador et al., 1988.

described in the french patents FR-2 422 956 and 2 518 755. The hybridization step may be performed in different ways (Matthews et al., 1988). The more general method consists of immobilizing the nucleic acid that has been extracted from the biological sample onto a substrate (nitrocellulose, nylon, polystyrene) and then to incubate, in defined conditions, the target nucleic acid with the probe. Subsequently to the hybridization step, the excess amount of the specific probe is discarded and the hybrid molecules formed are detected by an appropriate method (radioactivity, fluorescence or enzyme activity measurement).

[OW] Advantageously, the probes according to the present invention may have structural characteristics such that they allow the signal amplification, such structural characteristics being, for example, branched DNA probes as those described by Urdea et al. in 1991 or in the European patent N° EP-0 225 807 (Chiron).

[Ol62] In another advantageous embodiment of the probes according to the present invention, the latters may be used as « capture probes », and are for this purpose immobilized on a substrate in order to capture the target nucleic acid contained in a biological sample. The captured target nucleic acid is subsequently detected with a second probe which recognizes a sequence of the target nucleic acid which is different from the sequence recognized by the capture probe.

[Ok3] The oligonucleotide probes according to the present invention may also be used in a detection device comprising a matrix library of probes immobilized on a substrate, the sequence of each probe of a given length being localized in a shift of one or several bases, one from the other, each probe of the matrix library thus

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being complementary to a distinct sequence of the target nucleic acid. Optionally, the substrate of the matrix may be a material able to act as an electron donor, the detection of the matrix poisitons in which an hybridization has occurred being subsequently determined by an electronic device. Such matrix libraries of probes and methods of specific detection of a targer nucleic acid is described in the European patent application N° EP-0 713 016 (Affymax technologies) and also in the US patent N° US-5,202,231 (Drmanac).

a BAC-based genomic DNA libraries according to the present invention (i.e. 97% of the *M. tuberculosis* chromosome is covered by the BAC library I-1945), these DNA libraries will play an important role in a plurality of post-genomic applications, such as in mycobacterial gene expression studies where the canonical set of BACs could be used as a matrix for hybridization studies. Probing such matrices with cDNA probes prepared from total mRNA will uncover genetic loci induced or repressed under different physiological conditions (Chuang et al., 1993; Trieselmann et al., 1992). As such, the H37Rv BAC library represents a fundamental resource for present and future genomics investigations.

The BAC vectors or the polynucleotide inserts contained therein may be directly used as probes, for example when immobilized on a substrate such as described herein before.

The BAC vectors or their polynucleotide inserts may be directly asdorbed on a nitrocellulose membrane, at predetermined locations on which one or several polynucleotides to be tested are then put to hybridize therewith.

[OI67] Preferably, a collection of BAC vectors that spans the whole genome of the mycobacterium under testing will be immobilized, such as, for example, the set of 68 BAC vectors of the I-1945 DNA library that is described elsewhere in the specification and shown in Figure 3.

The immobilization and hybridization steps may be performed as described in the present Materials and Methods Section.

30 [OIG] As another illustrative embodiment of the use of the BAC vectors of the invention as polynucleotide probes, these vectors may be useful to perform a transcriptional activity analysis of mycobacteria growing in different environmental conditions, for example under conditions in which a stress response is expected, as it is the case at an elevated temperature, for example 40°C.

- be used to immobilize the restriction endonuclease digests (*Hind*III digests for the BAC DNA library I-1945) of the BAC vectors by transfer from a gel (Trieselmann et al., 1992).
- 5 [O|71] Alternatively, the BAC vectors may be immobilized for dot blot experiments as follows. First, the DNA concentration of each BAC clone is determined by hybridization of blots of clone DNAs and of a BAC vector concentration standard with a BAC vector specific DNA probe. Hybridization is quantified by the Betascope 603 blot analyzer (Betagen Corp.), which colects beta particles directly from the blot with high efficiency. Then, 0.5 μg of each clone DNA is incubated in 0.25 M NaOH and 10 mM EDTA at 65°C for 60 min to denature the DNA and degrade residual RNA contaminants. By using a manifold filtration system (21 by 21 wells), each clone DNA is blotted onto a GeneScreen Plus nylon membrane in the alkaline solution. After neutralization, the blots are baked at 85°C for 2 h under vacuum. Positive and negative controls are added when necessary. In order to perform this procedure, it may be referred to the article of Chuang et al. (1993).
- [O172] For RNA extractions, cells grown in a suitable volume of culture medium may, for example, be immediately mixed with an equal volume of crushed ice at -70°C and spun at 4°C in a 50 ml centrifugation tube. The cell pellet is then suspended in 0.6 ml of ice-cold buffer (10 mM KCl, 5 mM MgCl, 10 mM Tris; pH 7.4) and then immediately added to 0.6 ml of hot lysis buffer (0.4 M NaCl, 40 mM EDTA, 1% beta-mercaptoethanol, 1% SDS, 20 mM Tris; pH 7.4) containing 100 μl of water saturated phenol. This mixture is incubated in a boiling water bath for 40 s. The debris are removed by centrifugation. The supernatant is extracted with phenol-chloroform five times, ethanol precipitated, and dried. The dried RNA pellet is dissolved in water before use.
- Then labeled total cDNA may be prepared by the following method. The reaction mixture contains 15 μg of the previously prepared total RNA, 5 μg of pd(N₆) (random hexamers from Pharmacia Inc.), 0.5 mM dATP, 0.5 mM dGTP and 0.5mM DTTP, 5μM dCTP, 100 μCi of [α-³²P]dCTP (3,000 Ci/mmol), 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 8.3), 6 mM MgCl₂, 40 mM Kcl, 0.5 U of avian myeloblastosis virus reverse transcriptase (Life Science Inc.) in a total volume of 50 μl. The reaction is allowed to continue overnight at room temperature. EDTA and NaOH are then added to final concentrations of 50 mM and 0.25 M, respectively, and

the mixture is incubated at 65°C for 30 min to degrade the RNA templates. The cDNA is then ready to use after neutralization by adding Hcl and Tris buffer.

- The hybridization step may be performed as described by Chuang et al. (1993) and briefly disclosed hereinafter. The DNA dot blot is hybridized to ³²P-
- labeled total cDNA in a solution containing 0.1% polyvinylpyrrolidone, 0.1% Ficoll, 0.1% sodium Ppi, 0.1% bovine serum albumin, 0.5% SDS, 100 mM NaCl, and 0.1 mM sodium citrate, pH 7.2, at 65°C for 2 days and then washed with a solution containing 0.1% SDS, 100 mM NaCl, and 10 mM Na-citrate, pH 7.2. The same dot blot is used for hybridization with both control and experimental
- cDNAs, with an alkaline probe stripping procedure (soaked twice in 0.25M NaOH-0.75 M NaCl at room temperature, 30 min each, neutralized, and completely dried at 65°C for at least 30 min) between the two hybridizations. Quantification may be done with the Betascope 603 blot analyzer (Betagen Corp.).
- 15 [O175] As it flows from the above technical teachings, another object of the invention consists in a method for detecting the presence of mycobateria in a biological sample comprising the steps of:
- [0176] a) bringing into contact the recombinant BAC vector or a purified polynucleotide according to the invention with a biological sample;
- b) detecting the hybrid nucleic acid molecule formed between said purified polynucleotide and the nucleic acid molecules contained within the biological sample.
 - CO1782 The invention further deals with a method for detecting the presence of mycobacteria in a biological sample comprising the steps of:
- a) bringing into contact the recombinant BAC vector or a purified polynucleotide according to the invention that has been immobilized onto a substrate with a biological sample;
 - b) bringing into contact the hybrid nucleic acid molecule formed between said purified polynucleotide and the nucleic acid contained in the biological sample with a labeled recombinant BAC vector or a polynucleotide according to the invention, provided that said polynucleotide and polynucleotide of step a) have non-overlapping sequences.
 - IN Another object of the invention consists in a method for detecting the presence of mycobacteria in a biological sample comprising the steps of:

- [0182] a) bringing into contact the nucleic acid molecules contained in the biological sample with a pair of primers according to the invention;
- [0183] b) amplifying said nucleic acid molecules;
 - [0184] c) detecting the nucleic acid fragments that have been amplified, for example by gel electrophoresis or with a labeled polynucleotide according to the invention.
 - [DI85] In one specific embodiment of the above detection and/or amplification methods, said methods comprise an additional step wherein before step a), the nucleic acid molecules of the biological sample have been made available to a hybridization reaction.
 - 10 [0186] In another specific embodiment of the above detection methods, said methods comprise an additional step, wherein, before the detection step, the nucleic acid molecules that are not hybridized with the immobilized purified polynucleotide are removed.
 - [DIS7] Also part of the invention is a kit for detecting mycobacteria in a biological sample comprising:
- [D188] a) a recombinant BAC vector or a purified polynucleotide according to the invention;
- [0]89] b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid hybridization reaction.
 - LD1907 The invention also pertains to a kit for detecting a mycobacteria in a 20 biological sample comprising:
- [0191] a) a recombinant BAC vector or a purified polynucleotide according to the invention that is immobilized onto a substrate;
- [0192] b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid hybridization reaction;
- [01937c) a purified polynucleotide according to the invention which is radioactively or 25 non-radioactively labeled, provided that said polynucleotide and the polynucleotide of step a) have non-overlapping sequences.
 - [0194] Moreover, the invention provides for a kit for detecting mycobacteria in a biological sample comprising:
- [0]95] a) a pair of purified primers according to the invention;
- [0]967 30 b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid amplification reaction;
 - [01977 c) optionally, a purified polynucleotide according to the invention useful as a probe.
 - [DI98] The invention embraces also a method for detecting the presence of a genomic DNA, a cDNA or a mRNA of mycobacteria in a biological sample,
 - 35 comprising the steps of:

- [099] a) bringing into contact the biological sample with a plurality of BAC vectors according to the invention or purified polynucleotides according to the invention, that are immobilized on a substrate:
- [0200]b) detecting the hybrid complexes formed.
 - 5 [0201] The invention also provides a kit for detecting the presence of genomic DNA, cDNA or mRNA of a mycobacterium in a biological sample, comprising:
- [0202] a) a substrate on which a plurality of BAC vectors according to the invention or purified polynucleotides according to the invention have been immobilized;
- [0203] b) optionally, the reagents necessary to perform the hybridization reaction.
 - 10 [D204] Additionally, the recombinant BAC vectors according to the invention and the polynucleotide inserts contained therein may be used for performing detection methods based on « molecular combing ». Said methods consist in methods for aligning macromolecules, especially DNA and are applied to processes for detecting, for measuring intramolecular distance, for separating and/or for assaying a macromolecule, especially DNA in a sample. 15
 - [0205] These « molecular combing » methods are simple methods, where the triple line S/A/B (meniscus) resulting form the contact between a solvent A and the surface S and a medium B is caused to move on the said surface S, the said macromolecules (i.e. DNA) having a part, especially an end, anchored on the surface S, the other part, especially the other end, being in solution in the solvent 20 A. These methods are particularly fully described in the PCT Application n° PCT/FR 95/00165 files on February 11, 1994 (Bensimon et al.).
 - [D206] When performing the « molecular combing » method with the recombinant BAC vectors according to the inventions or their polynucleotide inserts, the latters may be immobilized (« anchored ») on a suitable substrate and aligned as 25 described in the PCT Application n° PCT/FR 95/00165, the whole teachings of this PCT Application being herien incorporated by reference. Then, polynucleotides to be tested, preferably under the form of radioactively or non radioactively labeled polynucleotides, that may consist of fragments of genomic 30
 - DNA, cDNA etc. are brought into contact with the previously aligned polynucleotides according to the present invention and then their hybridization position on the aligned DNA molecules is determined using any suitable means including a microscope or a suitable camera device.
 - Thus, the present invention is also directed to a method for the detection of the presence of a polynucleotide of mycobacterial origin in a biological sample 35

- and/or for physical mapping of a polynucleotide on a genomic DNA, said method comprising:
- [D208] a) aligning at least one polynucleotide contained in a recombinant BAC vector according to the invention on the surface of a substrate;
- b) bringing into contact at least one polynucleotide to be tested with the substrate on which the at least one polynucleotide of step a) has been aligned;
 - [0210] c) detecting the presence and/or the location of the tested polynucleotide on the at least one aligned polynucleotide of step a).
 - [C211] The invention finally provides for a kit for performing the above method, comprising:
 - [0212] a) a substrate whose surface has at least one polynucleotide contained in a recombinant BAC vector according to the invention;
 - [0213] b) optionally, reagents necessary for labeling DNA;
 - [D214] c) optionnally, reagents necessary for performing a hybridization reaction.
 - 15 [O215] In conclusion, it may be underlined that the alliance of such BAC-based approaches such as described in the present specification to the advances in comparative genomics by the availability of an increased number of complete genomes, and the rapid increase of well-characterized gene products in the public databases, will allow the one skilled in the art an exhaustive analysis of the mycobacterial genome.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

- 1. DNA-preparation. Preparation of M. tuberculosis H37Rv DNA in agarose plugs was conducted as previously described (Canard et al., 1989; Philipp et al.,
 - 25 1996b). Plugs were stored in 0.2 M EDTA at 4°C and washed 3 times in 0.1% Triton X-100 buffer prior to use.
- 2. BAC vector preparation. pBeloBAC11 was kindly provided by Dr. Shizuya, Department of Biology, California Institute of Technology (Pasadena, CA). The preparation followed the description of Woo et al., 1994 (Woo et al., 1994).
- 3. Partial digestion with HindIII. Partial digestion was carried out on plugs, each containing approximately 10 µg of high molecular weight DNA, after three one hour equilibration steps in 50 ml of HindIII 1X digestion buffer (Boehringer Mannheim, Mannheim, Germany) plus 0.1% Triton X-100. The buffer was then removed and replaced by 1ml/plug of ice-cold HindIII enzyme buffer containing 20 units of HindIII (Boehringer). After two hours incubation on ice, the plugs

were transferred to a 37°C water bath for 30 minutes. Digestions were stopped by adding 500 µl of 50 mM EDTA (pH 8.0).

10219]4. Size selection. The partially digested DNA was subjected to contour-clamped homogenous electric field (CHEF) electrophoresis on a 1% agarose gel using a BioRad DR III apparatus (BioRad, Hercules, CA) in 1X TAE buffer at 13°C, with a ramp from 3 to 15 seconds at 6 V/cm for 16 hours. Agarose slices from 25 to 75 kb, 75 to 120 kb and 120 to 180 kb were excised from the gel and stored in TE at 4°C.

[020] 5. Ligation and transformation. Agarose-slices containing fractions from 25 to 75 kb, 75 to 120 kb and 120 to 180 kb were melted at 65°C for 10 minutes and digested with Gelase (Epicentre Technologies, Madison, WI), using 1 unit per 100 µl gel-slice. 25-100 ng of the size-selected DNA was then ligated to 10 ng of HindIII digested, dephosphorylated pBeloBAC11 in a 1:10 molar ratio using 10 units of T4 DNA ligase (New England Biolabs, Beverly, MA) at 16°C for 20 hours. Ligation mixtures were heated at 65°C for 15 minutes, then drop-dialysed 15 against TE using Millipore VS 0.025 mM membranes (Millipore, Bedford, MA). Fresh electrocompetent E. coli DH10B cells (Sheng et al., 1995) were harvested from 200 ml of a mid-log (OD550=0.5) culture grown in SOB medium. Cells were washed three times in ice-cold water, and finally resuspended in ice-cold water to a cell density of 10¹¹ cells/ml (OD550=150). 1 µl of the ligation-mix 20 was used for electroporation of 30 µl of electrocompetent DH10B E. coli using a Eurogentec Easyject Plus electroporator (Eurogentec, Seraing, Belgium), with settings of 2.5 kV, 25 μ F, and 99 Ω , in 2 mm wide electroporation cuvettes. After electroporation, cells were resuspended in 600 µl of SOC medium, allowed to 25 recover for 45 minutes at 37°C with gentle shaking, and then plated on LB agar containing 12.5 µg/ml chloramphenicol (CM), 50 µg/ml X-gal, and 25 µg/ml IPTG. The plates were incubated overnight and recombinants (white colonies) were picked manually to 96 well plates. Each clone was inoculated 3 times (2 X 200 μl and 1 X 100 μl of 2YT/12.5 μg/ml CM per clone) and incubated overnight. One of the microtiter plates, containing 100 µl culture per well, was 30 maintained as a master plate at - 80°C after 100 ml of 80% glycerol were added to each well, while minipreps (Sambrook et al., 1989) were prepared from the remaining two plates to check for the presence of inserts. Clones containing inserts were then designated "Rv" clones, repicked from the master plate to a second set of plates for storage of the library at -80°C. 35

[0221] 6. Preparation of DNA for sizing, direct sequencing and comparative genomics. A modified Birnboim and Doly protocol (Birnboim et al., 1979) was used for extraction of plasmid DNA for sequencing purposes. Each Rv clone was inoculated into a 50 ml Falcon polypropylene tube containing 40 ml of 2YT medium with 12.5 µg/ml of CM and grown overnight at 37°C with shaking. Cells were harvested by centrifugation and stored at -20°C. The frozen pellet was resuspended in 4 ml of Solution A (50 mM glucose, 10 mM EDTA, 25 mM Tris. Fight 8.0) and 4 ml of freshly prepared solution B (0.2 M NaOH, 0.2% SDS) was then added. The solution was gently mixed and kept at room temperature for 5 minutes before adding 4 ml of ice-cold solution C (3M Sodium Acetate, pH 4.7). 10 Tubes were kept on ice for 15 min, and centrifuged at 10,000 rpm for 15 min. After isopropanol precipitation, the DNA pellet was dissolved in 600 µl RNase solution (15 mM Tris HCl pH 8.0, 10 µg/ml RNase A). After 30 minutes at 37°C the DNA solution was extracted with chloroform:isoamylalcohol (24:1) and precipitated from the aqueous phase using isopropanol. The DNA pellet was then 15 rinsed with 70% ethanol, air-dried and dissolved in 30 µl distilled water. In general, DNA prepared by this method was clean and concentrated enough to give good quality results by automatic sequencing (at least 300 bp of sequence). For a few DNA preparations, an additional polyethylene glycol (PEG) precipitation step was necessary, which was performed as follows. The 30 ul of 20 DNA solution were diluted to 64µl, mixed gently and precipitated using 16 µl 4M NaCl and 80 µl of 13% PEG 8000. After 30 min on ice the tubes were centrifuged at 4°C, the pellet carefully rinsed with 70% ethanol, air-dried and diluted in 20 µl of distilled water.

7. Sizing of inserts. Insert sizes were determined by pulsed-field gel electrophoresis (PFGE) after cleavage with *DraI* (Promega). 100-200 ng of DNA was *DraI*-cleaved in 20 µl total reaction volume, following the manufacturer's recommendations, then loaded onto a 1% agarose gel and migrated using a pulse of 4 s for 15 h at 6.25 V/cm at 10°C on an LKB-Pharmacia CHEF apparatus.

- Mid-range and low-range PFGE markers (New England Biolabs) were used as size standards. Insert sizes were estimated after ethidium bromide staining of gels.
- 500ng), 2 μl primer (2 μM), 8 μl reaction mix of the *Taq* DyeDeoxy Terminator cycle sequencing kit (Applied Biosystems) and 3 μl distilled water were used.

- After 26 cycles (96°C for 30 sec; 56°C for 15 sec; 60°C for 4 min) in a thermocycler (MJ-research Inc., Watertown, MA) DNA was precipitated using 70 μl of 70% ethanol/0.5 mM MgCl₂, centrifuged, rinsed with 70% ethanol, dried and dissolved in 2 μl of formamide/EDTA buffer. SP6 and T7 samples of 32 BAC clones were loaded onto 64 lane, 6% polyacrylamide gels and electrophoresis was performed on a Model 373A automatic DNA sequencer (Applied Biosystems) for 12 to 16 hours. The sequences of oligonucleotides used as primers are shown in Table 1.
- oligonucleotides in combination with vector-specific (SP6 or T7) primers to amplify insert ends of BAC clones, following a previously published protocol for P1 clones (Liu et al., 1995). The degenerate primers Deg2, Deg3, Deg4, Deg6 (Table 1) gave the best results for selected amplification of insert termini.
- [0226]15 Table 1: Primers used for PCRs and sequencing
 - LO2277 Vector specific Primers for DOP PCR- first amplification step:
 - [0228] SP6-BAC1: AGT TAG CTC ACT CAT TAG GCA (SEQ ID NO. 734)
 - [0229] T7-BAC1: GGA TGT GCT GCA AGG CGA TTA (SEE ID NO. 735)
 - [0230] Vector specific Primers (direct sequencing, nested primer for second PCR step)
 - [D231] 20 SP6 Mid: AAA CAG CTA TGA CCA TGA TTA CGC CAA (SEQ ID NO. 736)
 [D232] T7-Belo2: TCC TCT AGA GTC GAC CTG CAG GCA (SEQ ID No. 737)

0233 Degenerate Primers:

- [D234] Deg2: TCT AGA NNN NNN TCC GGC (SEQ ID No. 738)
- [D235] Deg3: TCT AGA NNN NNN GGG CCC (SEQ IDNO. 739)
- [0236] 25 Deg4: CGT TTA AAN NNN NWA GGC CG (SEG ID No. 740)
 - [0231] Deg6: GGT ACT AGT NNN NNW TCC GGC (SEQ ID NO. 741)
 - Primers used for the amplification of M. bovis DNA in polymorphic chromosomal region of Rv58:
 - [0239] Primer 1: ACG ACC TCA TAT TCC GAA TCC C (SEQ ID NO. 742)

 [0240] 80 Primer 2: GCA TCT GTT GAG TAC GCA CTT CC (SEQ ID NO. 743)
 - [0241] 10. Screening by pooled PCR. To identify particular clones in the library which could not be detected by random end-sequencing of the 400 BAC clones, PCR-screening of DNA pools was performed. Primers were designed for regions of the chromosome where no BAC coverage was appearent using cosmid-or H37Rv apparent

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whole genome shotgun sequences. Primers were designed to amplify approximately 400-500 bp. Ninety-six-well plates containing 200 ul 2YT/12.5 μg/ml CM per well were inoculated with 5 μl of -80°C glycerol stock cultures each from the master plates and incubated overnight. The 96 clones of each plate were pooled by taking 20 µl of culture from each well and this procedure was repeated for 31 plates. Pooled cultures were centrifuged, the pellets were resuspended in sterile water, boiled for 5 minutes, centrifuged and the supernatants kept for PCRs. As an initial screening step, the 31 pools of a total of 2976 BACs, representing about two thirds of the library were tested for the presence of a specific clone using appropriate PCR primers. PCR was performed using 10 µl of supernatant, 5 µl of assay buffer (100 mM bmercaptoethanol, 600 mM Tris HCl (pH 8.8), 20 mM MgCl₂, 170 mM (NH₄)₂SO₄), 5 μl of Dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO), 5 μl of dNTPs (20 mM), 5 μl of water, 10 µl primer (2 µM), 10 µl inverse primer (2 µM) and 0.2 units of Tag DNA polymerase (Boehringer). 32 cycles of PCR (95°C for 30 s, 55°C for 1 min 30 s, 72°C for 2 min) were performed after an initial denaturation at 95°C for 1 min. An extension step at 72 °C for 5 min finished the PCR. If a pool of 96 clones yielded an appropriate PCR product (Fig. 1A), subpools were made to identify the specific clone. Subpools representative for lane A of a 96 well plate were made by pooling clones 1 to 12 from lane A into a separate tube. Subpools for lanes B to H were made in the same way. In addition, subpools of each of the 12 rows (containing 8 clones each) were made, so that for one 96 well plate, 20 subpools were obtained. PCR with these 20 subpools identified the specific clone (Fig. 1B, lower gel portion). If more than one specific clone was present among the 96 clones of one plate (Fig. 1B, upper gel portion), additional PCR reactions had to be performed with the possible candidates (data not shown).

11. Genomic comparisons. DNA from the BAC clone Rv58 was digested with the restriction endonucleases EcoRI and PvuII, and resolved by agarose gel electrophoresis at low voltage overnight (1.5 V/cm). DNA was transferred via the method of Southern to nitrocellulose membranes (Hybond C extra, Amersham) following standard protocols (Sambrook et al., 1989), then fixed to the membranes at 80°C for 2 hours. The blot was hybridized with ³²P labelled total genomic DNA from M. tuberculosis H37Rv, M. bovis type strain (ATCC 19210) or M. bovis BCG Pasteur. Hybridization was performed at 37°C overnight in

50% formamide hybridization buffer as previously described (Philipp et al., 1996b). Results were interpreted from the autoradiograms.

[0243] 12. Computer analysis. Sequence data from the automated sequencer ABI373A were transferred as binary data to a Digital Alpha 200 station or Sun SparcII station and analysed using TED, a sequence analysis program from the Staden 5 software package (Dear et al., 1991). Proof-read sequences were compared using the BLAST programs (Altschul et al., 1990) to the M. tuberculosis H37Rv sequence databases of the Sanger Centre, containing the collected cosmid sequences (TB.dbs) and whole-genome shotgun reads (TB_shotgun all.dbs) (http://www.sanger.ac.uk/). In addition, local databases containing 1520 cosmid 10 end-sequences and the accumulating BAC end-sequences were used to determine the exact location of end-sequenced BACs on the physical and genetic map. MycDB (Bergh et al., 1994) and public databases (EMBL, Genbank) were also used to compare new sequences, but to a lesser extent. The organization of the open reading frames (ORFs) in the polymorphic region of clone Rv58 was 15 determined using the DIANA software established at the Sanger Centre.

EXAMPLES

Example 1: Construction of a pBeloBAC11 library of M. tuberculosis

20 H37Rv.

[0245] Partial HindIII fragments of H37Rv DNA in the size range of 25 to 180 kb were ligated into pBeloBAC11 and electroporated into strain E. coli DH10B. While cloning of fractions I (25 to 75 kb) and II (75 to 120 kb) gave approximately 4 x 10⁴ transformants (white colonies), cloning of fraction III (120 to 180 kb) repeatedly resulted in empty clones. Parallel cloning experiments 25 using partial HindIII digests of human DNA resulted in stable inserts for all three fractions (data not shown), suggesting that the maximum size of large inserts in BAC clones is strongly dependent on the source of the DNA. Analysis of the clones for the presence of inserts revealed that 70 % of the clones had an insert of the appropriate size while the remaining 30% of white colonies represented 30 empty or lacZ'-mutated clones. Size determination of randomly selected, Dralcleaved BACs via PFGE showed that the insert sizes ranged for the majority of the clones between 40 kb and 100 kb with an average size of 70 kb. Clones with inserts of appropriate size were designated with "Rv" numbers, recultured and stored at -80°C for further use. 35

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[0246] Example 2: Direct DNA sequence analysis of BACs.

[D247] To characterize the BAC clones, they were systematically subjected to insert termini sequencing. Two approaches, direct sequencing of BAC DNA and PCR with degenerate oligonucleotide primers (DOP), adapted to the high G+C content of mycobacterial DNA, were used. In a first screening phase, 50 BAC clones designated Rv1 to Rv50 were analysed using both methods in parallel. Except for two clones, where the sequences diverged significantly, the sequences obtained by the two methods only differed in length. Sequences obtained directly were on average about 350 bp long and for 95% of the clones both the SP6 and 10 T7 end-sequences were obtained at the first attempt. Sequences obtained by DOP-PCR were mostly shorter than 300 bp. For 40% of the BACs we obtained only very short amplicons of 50 to 100 base pairs from one end. In two cases the sequence obtained with the DOP-PCR differed from the sequences obtained by direct sequencing, and in these cases E.coli or vector sequences were amplified (data not shown). Taking the advantages and disadvantages of both methods into account, we decided to use direct termini sequencing for the systematic determination of the SP6 and T7 end-sequences.

[0248] Example 3: Representativity of the library.

[0249] After having determined the end-sequences of 400 BACs a certain redundancy was seen. The majority of clones were represented at least 3 to 4 times. Maximum redundancy was seen in the vicinity of the unique rrn operon. as 2.5 % of the clones carried identical fragments that bridge the cosmids Y50 and Y130 (Fig. 3, approximate position at 1440 kb). The majority of clones with identical inserts appeared as two variants, corresponding to both possible orientations of the HindIII fragment in pBeloBAC11. This suggests that the redundancy was not the result of amplification during library construction, but due to the limited number of possible combinations of partial HindIII fragments in the given size-range of 25 to 120 kb. To detect rare BAC clones, a pooled PCR protocol was used. Primers were designed on the basis of the existing cosmid sequences and used to screen 31 pools of 96 BAC clones. When positive PCR products of the correct size were obtained, smaller subpools (of 8 or 12 clones each) of the corresponding pool were subsequently used to identify the corresponding clone (Figs. 1A and 1B). With this approach 20 additional BACs (Rv401-Rv420) were found for the regions where no BACs were found with the initial systematic sequencing approach. The end-sequences of these BACs

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(Rv401-420) were determined by direct sequencing, which confirmed the predicted location of the clones on the chromosome. A 97% coverage of the genome of H37Rv with BAC clones was obtained. Only one region of ~ 150 kb was apparently not represented in the BAC library as screening of all pools with several sets of specific primers did not reveal the corresponding clone. This was probably due to the fact that HindIII fragments of mycobacterial DNA larger than 110 kb are very difficult to establish in E. coli and that a HindIII fragment of ~120 kb is present in this region of the chromosome (data not shown).

[0250] Example 4: Establishing a BAC map.

10 [0251] Using all end-sequence and shotgun-sequence data from the H37Rv genome sequencing project, most of the BAC clones could then be localized by sequence comparison on the integrated map of the chromosome of M. tuberculosis strain H37Rv (Philipp et al., 1996b) and an ordered physical map of the BAC-clones was established. PCR with primers from the termini sequences of selected BACs were used for chromosomal walking and confirmation of overlapping BACs (data not shown). The correct order of BACs on the map was also confirmed more recently, using 40,000 whole genome shotgun reads established at the Sanger Centre. In addition, pulsed-field gel electrophoresis of Dral digests of selected BACs was performed (Fig. 2) in order to see if the approximate fragment size and the presence or absence of DraI cleavage sites in the insert were consistent with the location of the BACs on the physical map (Fig. 3). Comparison of the sequence-based BAC-map with the physical and genetic map, established by PFGE and hybridization experiments (Philipp et al., 1996b), showed that the two maps were in good agreement. The positions of 8 genetic markers previously shown on the physical and genetic map were directly confirmed by BAC-end-sequence data (Table 2, Fig. 3). The position of 43 from 47 Y-clones (91%) shown on the physical and genetic map, which were later shotgun sequenced, was confirmed by the BAC end-sequences and shotgun sequence data. Four clones (Y63, Y180, Y251, and Y253) were located to different positions than previously thought and this was found to be due to book keeping errors or to chimeric inserts. Their present approximate location relative to the oriC is shown in Figure 3: Y63 at 380 kb, Y63A at 2300 kb, Y180 at 2160 kb, Y251 at 100 kb, and Y253 at 2700 kb. A total of 48 BACs, covering regions of the chromosome, not represented by cosmids were then shotgun sequenced (Cole et al., 1997), and these are squared in Fig. 3. No chimeric BACs

were found, which is consistent with the observations of other research groups for other BAC libraries (Cai et al., 1995; Zimmer et al., 1997). The absence of chimeric BACs was of particular importance for the correct assembly of the *M. tuberculosis* H37Rv sequence. The exact position of the BAC termini sequences on the chromosome will be available via the world wide web (http://www.pasteur.fr/MycDB).

genetic map of H37Rv (Phlipp et al., 1996b) [wich] shown on the integrated and genetic map of H37Rv (Phlipp et al., 1996b) [wich] showed perfect sequence homology with BAC[ens] sequences.

Locus	BAC end sequence	Description of genetic marker	Organism	GenBank Accession n°
ара	Rv163SP6	Secreted		
		alanine-proline-rich antigen	M. tuberculosis	X80268
dnaJ, dnaK	Rv164T7	DnaJ hsp	M. leprae	M95576
fop-A	Rv136T7	Fibronectin binding protein	M. tuberculosis	M27016
polA	Rv401T7	DNA polymerase I	M. tuberculosis	L11920
ponA	Rv273T7	Penicillin binding protein	M. leprae	S82044
pstC	Rv103T7	Putative	M. tuberculosis	Z48057
•		phosphate transport receptor		
recA	Rv415SP6	Homologous recombination	M. tuberculosis	X58485
wag9	Rv35SP6	35-kDa antigen	M. tuberculosis	M69187

[0253] Example 5: Repetitive end-sequences.

assembly. In the case of the BAC end-sequences, no particular problems with repetitive sequences were observed. Although nine clones with one end in an IS1081 (Collins et al., 1991) sequence were identified, it was possible to correctly locate their position on the map using the sequence of the second terminus. Moreover, these BACs were used to determine the exact locations of IS1081 sequences on the map. Five copies of this insertion sequence, which

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harbors a *HindIII* cleavage site, were mapped on the previous physical and genetic map. In contrast, BAC end-sequence data revealed an additional copy of IS1081 on the *M. tuberculosis* H37Rv chromosome. The additional copy was identified by six clones (Rv27, Rv118, Rv142, Rv160, Rv190, Rv371) which harbored an identical fragment linking Y50 to I364 (Fig. 3, at ~ 1380 kb). This copy of IS1081 was not found by previous hybridization experiments probably because it is located near another copy of IS1081, localized on the same *Dral* fragment Z7 and *AsnI* fragment U (Fig. 3, at ~ 1140 kb). Furthermore, the position of a copy of IS1081 previously shown in *DraI* fragment Y1 (Fig. 3, at ~ 1840 kb) had to be changed to the region of Y349 (Fig. 3, at ~ 3340 kb) according to the end-sequences of BAC Rv223. The positions of the four other IS1081 copies were confirmed by the sequence data and therefore remained unchanged. In total 6 copies of IS1081 were identified in the H37Rv genome in agreement with the findings of others (Collins et al., 1991).

- 15 [O255] In addition, a sequence of 1165 bp in length containing a *HindIII* site was found in two copies in the genome of H37Rv in different regions. The end-sequences of BAC clones Rv48 and Rv374, covering cosmid Y164, as well as Rv419 and Rv45, that cover cosmid Y92, had perfect identity with the corresponding parts of this 1165 bp sequence (Fig. 3, at ~ 3480 kb and ~ 900 kb).
- Analysis of the sequence did not reveal any homology with insertion sequences or other repetitive elements. However, as each of the two locations showed appropriate BAC coverage, chimerism of the sequenced cosmids Y164 and Y92 can be ruled out as the probable cause.

[0256] Example 6: Using BAC clones in comparative genomics.

25 Co257 The minimal overlapping set of BAC clones represents a powerful tool for comparative genomics. For example, with each BAC clone containing on average an insert of 70 kb, it should be possible to cover a 1Mb section of the chromosome with 15 BAC clones. Restriction digests of overlapping clones can then be blotted to membranes, and probed with radiolabelled total genomic DNA from, for example, M. bovis BCG Pasteur. Restriction fragments that fail to hybridize with the M. bovis BCG Pasteur DNA must be absent from its genome, hence identifying polymorphic regions between M. bovis BCG Pasteur and M. tuberculosis H37Rv. The results of such an analysis with clone Rv58 (Fig. 3, at ~1680 kb) are shown here. This clone covers a previously described polymorphic genomic region between M. tuberculosis and M. bovis BCG strains (Philipp et

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al., 1996a). EcoRI and PvuII digests from clone Rv58, fixed on nitrocellulose membranes, were hybridized with ^{32}P -labelled total genomic DNA from M. tuberculosis H37Rv, M. bovis (ATCC 19120), and M. bovis BCG Pasteur. Figures 4A and 4B present the results of this analysis, where it is clear that several restriction fragments from clone Rv58 failed to hybridize with genomic DNA from either M. bovis or M. bovis BCG Pasteur. On the basis of the various missing restriction fragments, a restriction map of the polymorphic region was established and compared to the H37Rv sequence data. The localization of the polymorphism could therefore be estimated, and appropriate oligonucleotide primers (Table 1) were selected for the amplification and sequencing of the corresponding region in M. bovis. The alignment of M. bovis and M. tuberculosis H37Rv sequences showed that 12,732 bp were absent from the chromosomal region of the M. bovis type strain and M. bovis BCG Pasteur strain. The G+C content of the polymorphic region is 62.3 mol%, which is the same as the average genome G+C content of the M. tuberculosis genome, hence indicating that this region is not a prophage or other such insertion. Subsequent PCR studies revealed that this segment was also absent from the Danish, Russian, and Glaxo substrains of M. bovis BCG, suggesting that this polymorphism can be used to distinguish M. bovis from M. tuberculosis. Analysis of this sequence showed that 11 putative open reading frames (ORFs) are present in M. tuberculosis, corresponding to ORFs MTCY277.28 to MTCY277.38 / accession number Z79701 -EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Data Library (Fig. 5). FASTA searches against the protein and nucleic acid databases revealed that the genes of this region may be involved in polysaccharide biosynthesis. Among these putative genes, the highest score was seen with ORF 6 (MTCY277.33), whose putative product shows a 51.9% identity with GDP-D-Mannose dehydratase from Pseudomonas aeruginosa (accession number U18320 - EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Data Library) in a 320 amino acid overlap. The novel M. bovis sequence of the polymorphic region was deposited under accession number AJ003103 in the EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Data Library.

As it appears from the teachings of the specification, the invention is not limited in scope to one or several of the above detailed embodiments; the present invention also embraces all the alternatives that can be performed by one skilled in the same technical field, without deviating from the subject or from the scope of the instant invention.

Table 3: End-sequences of the polynucleotide inserts cloned in the named recombinant

BAC vectors contained in the I-1945 M. tuberculosis H37Rv genomic DNA library.

RvXXXSP6 corresponds to the SP6 end-sequence of the clone RvXXX.

RvXXXT7 corresponds to the T7 end-sequence of the clone RvXXX.

RvXXXIS 1081 corresponds to a region located close to a copy of the IS1081 repetitive sequence (Insertion element).

The character « - » denotes an uncertain base residue.

Clone Rv101 AATACTCAAGCTTGCCCAGCCGTCGATGACAAGAAATATGTCCGCAAAAGACTCAGCGGCCGACTTTGCTCGCAGCTG GCGGTACCGCGCCACCGATTCTATGCCGTGGTCGCGGAAAAATGCCTCCCGAAATCGCACGGCCGACTCCAGTTCGGC GAGCATCCGCGATGCCAGCTGCGGCCTGCCGGCCACGGCACCCACATGCGGCAGTTCGTCCACCTGGGCCAG $\tt CGCCCGCCGCCGAATTCCAAACAATAGAACTGCACCCGGCCCGCATCGTGGGTAACAGCCAACGCCATGATCAGCGT$ CCGCAGCGCGGTTGACTTGCCGTTTGCGGTGCACCTACGAACGCGACATTGCCTGCGGCCCCGGACAAGTCGATCGT GCGCGGCACCCGTGACTGCTCTAACGGGCGATTGAAATTCCGAT (SEQ ID NO.6) TTAGGGCTTCTCGCGGGAAGGCCCGAACGTACGGCGTTTCAACACCTCGCGTCGCCCTCCGACCGCGAACATTCGGGG ACTCTGAAACGCGATGACCATCGATGTGTGGATGCAGCATCCCGACGCAACGGTTCCTACACCGCGATATGTTCGCCT CGCTGCCCCGGTGGACCGGT (SED ID NO.7) Clone Rv102

Clone Rv104 ATACTCAAGCTTTGCCGACGAGCGGGCGATGTTGATGACGGGAAACCCCAGCGCACAACCGACGATTTTGGCGTAGCC ${\tt GGCGGACGTCTGGATCCGATCACGTCGGCGCTCGCATCGAGCATCGCGCCGGCGACGGCTAGCAGCGATCCGCC}$ GTCGTCGAGGAGCACGACCGTACGCCCGGCCGTAAGCCGCGCCCAGGATTCGGCGAAAAACCGTTCTACGTG GCGGGTGTACTGGGTGTCGAATGATTCGTGGGGTGCGTAGGCGTCGCTGCAATCGTCGACATAGATGCCGTCGGGCCG CATCGCGTCGACAACTCCGGGTGAGTGGAATAGCACTTGCCGATCACCGCGACGTTGCGCGGATGAGGCCGAACCCGA ATA (SEC ID NO. 12) TCCTATGTCCCTGCCGAGCANGTGATCGAACGCGGTGACAGATTTGTCTATCCTGGACCTGACGGTGAGGTCGAAGTT ATATACGCTTCGGGTTTACGAGATGTCGATGGGGCCGCTGGAGGCTTCACGTCCATGGGCCACAAAGGATGTTGTCGG CGCGTACCGTTTCTGCAGCGGGTGTGGCGCTTGGTCG (SEQ ID NO. 13) Clone Rv105 GCCGCCAGGCTGCTCCGCTCGGTGATGGCACGCCACCGCGACACCACCCGGCTGCGCTACGTCTAACCATTCCAGGCG GAGCTACATCAGCTCGGCCCCAGTGTTCGGGCCCTCTTTCCAGGTCGAAGTCTATACCGATATGCGCATCCGCAGC CGCCACCCTGGAGAACAGAACGATGCCCTACTAATGCTTGTCTGGCGGGGCC (SEQ ID NO. 14) ${\tt GGTACGCTTCGGTCGCAGTCTGCGAGTGATGCATGACGACCGGGACCTCGTCGGCATCTTCCATAGCCCGCCACACCT}$ TCAGTTGCTCACCGGAATCCAACCGGTAGAAGGTCGGCGAGCGCTCGGCATTGGTCATCGGGATATGCCGCTCGGGAC GGTCAGAGCCCTCGGGTCCGGCCAGCACTCCGCAGGCTTCGTCGGGGTGGTCGCGACGCGCATGGGCCACCATCGCAT TCACCAGGTCTGCGCGAATCACCAGCACGTAGACGGTTCCTTTCCTAAGCAACACCGAAGTTTCAGGACCCGAATGCT CCGGGAAACATGTCACGGTAGGTCGGTATTCCGGCTACCGGCTGA (SEQ IDNO, 15) Clone Rv106 GGCGTCAACGGTGTCGGAACCCGCGTCAAGCAATTGGTAGGCCTGCAGTCTGTGAATCAGGCCGACGCTGTGGCCGCC GCGGC (SEQ ID NO. 16) GGCTNGCGTACCGGGTACCGGGCCGGGCCTACCACGTGCCGGAACTGGAAGCGCAGTAAGCCCTCAACGCGCCACCG AGCTTTGTTCGATCAACCGGCCAGCATGGTCGANGATGCATTCGAGACCATATTCGAAATTGGTTTCATCGGGGGCCC CGATCCGATGCCCCCTCCCAGTTGCGTGAGCAANCAGCGGAGTCNTCGCGGGATCGATGGCCACGGGGTGTTCAATGG CGGATGGTCCGCTGCCCGACTGGCTCTTGCGGGAGAACCGATCTAGCACCACCGATCCGCGCACGTNG (SEQ) ID NO. 17) Clone Rv107

CGTAATNTCGCGCACANCCANGACTTCTGGGGGGGATCNGCTGACAGTGGTNGGATCCCAAATTGCGGATGATCGGGCC GCCNACGTCGTTGTGTACCTCNTCNGTCACAACNAANCCGAANCGTATGACTCGGTCCACGCGGTGCGGCACATGGTG GACACCACACCGCCACCGCNCGGGGTGAAGGCCTATGTCACCGGTCCGGCAACACTCAATGCCGACCAGGCCGANGCC GGACACNANAGTATCNCTAACGTCACCGCGATCACGAGCATGGTGATCGNNCAATGTTNCTANTGATCTATCGCTCCG TAATTACCGCGGTTCTCGTCTTGATCATGGTCGCANCGAACTCCGGCGCAATCCGCGGATTCATCGNCTTGCTCGCCG ATCACATATTTTCAGCCTTTCACATTGCAACNAACCTGCTCGTCTCATGGNGATGCGGCGACACGGACTACCGATATC ATGCTCGCCGTTACACAATCNCGCCACGCCGCGAAGACNGGAAACGCTTCTACACAATNTTCNCGGGACGCCACTNAA CTTGGTTCNGGTTTGACATTGCCGCGCATGTNTGCCCAGCTTTGCCGGCTCCCCTTA (SEQ 10 NO. 18)

Clone Rv108

TGAATTTCCCGATCCCACAATCTCGGTTCAGATACAGGTCGCCATACCCCTTACTTCGGCAACGCTGGGCGGATTGGC CCTGCNGCTGCAGCANACCATCGACGCCATCGAATTGCCGGCCAATCTCGTTCAGCCAATCCATACCCATCGACATTCC GCCGATCGACATCCCGGCCTTCNCCCTTTAACGG (SEQ ID NO. 19

Clone Rv109 $ar{ t A}$ CAGCTATGACCATGNTTACGCC $ar{ t A}$ GCTATTTAGGTAACACTATANAATACTCAAGCTTTTACGGTGATCGCGCATC ${\tt ACCTGGTTCATGAACTGGAAGCAGCGCANCGCTTCCTTTTCGGCCGCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGTCNGGCCCGCGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCCAGCCTCTCGTCCGCGGGTCNGGCCAACATGAGCAACATGAGCAACATGAGCAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAGAACATGAACATGAACATGAGAACATGA$ TGCAGGTGCTCGGGCAGCTCGGCCGCCACAGCCGCCTGACCCTGAAACCAGCTTCCATATCCCGCGACNAACNACNCC TTCGGCGACCGGCAGCCAGGTGGTCCACACTGCCGACGGGCGCGCGAGCCGTTCACCGACCAAGCCGCCGAACAAGT CCGCCCGATCGCATACTCCAACCGGTTGCGGTACTGCAGGTCAGCTGGCGTACCTCCTCNTCNCGCTCGGCGAAGTCT TGCTCCANCACGTCGCAGAACGGCAAGGAACACGTTCA (SEQ ID NO. 20) GACCGNNCCATGTTTCCACAATGTGGTGCCAGTNCGGNGGCTACGTGCCATCNANACACTGGCGCAGGCTATCGCACC CGTTATCNGCTACGAACAAATCNCGGTATGCGTTCTTTANCATGAGTCGGCGACCGNCGATCATGGTCGACACCCACG ACNGAAATACGCAGATCGCCNTCNAGCNTGTGTGCCGCGGATTATCANGACTGACCTCCTGGCTGACCGGNNTGTNTG GTCGCGATGCCTGGCGCCGGCCGGCGTGNTCGTGGTCGGCTCGGATAGCGAAGTCAGCTAATTCTCGTGGCAGCTCG ${\tt AAAGGGTCCTGCCGGTGCCGGTCTTTGCGCAAACCATGCNCATGTTACGGTCCCTCGGGTGCGGCCTGGCGGCGGC}, \\$ (SEQ ID NO. 21) Clone Rv10 ::::::::::Rv10SP6D2.seq:::::::::: GGGATGGGCGGGCCCGCTAAACTCTTCGTGTTCCACTAACTCCGGGAGGGNCAATCTCGGGCCGTTATGGCTCACGŢC GCGTCGCCCTCCGACCGCGAACATTCGGAGTTGGCAGCAACCTGGTAGCACCCTGGCCGG(SEQ ID NO. 22) NCCGTCGTTGACAAGTAAATATGTCCGCAAAAGTCTCAGCGGCCGACTTTGCTCGCAGGTGGCGGTACCGCGCCACCG AGTCGATGCCGTGGTCGCGGAAGAATGCCTCCCGAAATCGCACGGCCTTCCCNNTTTAAACGGA(SEQ ID NO. 23) Clone Rv110 $\tt CGGCTGTCCGGGAAATGGCGGGTCCCCGGTGGTTTTGCTGATGAGTGCTGAACCGTANTCGAAGTGGGCGGCGTCAGA$ $\tt CTCCACCCANCCAGCAGCAGCCGAAGCTGAATCCTCCAACCGGGTTGTCNATCCGGACAAGTTGGGGTGCGTTTGG$ GGCAATGACAGGTGGCNGCGGTGCGTTCGGGTCCGCCGGCGGAAGTGCTGCGTTGGGATCNCCCGCTGGGCATTCGGC NTTTTTGCGGCGGCCGGTGGTNGGGGGGCAACAGGTNTCCCNGTGCGGGTGGCGCTCAACGGTCNACGGCGCAAGCCG CCGTTGTTGGTACCNGGGGCGCTGGCTCCGGATCGCGTTGGCGGTCNCCGG (SEQ ID NO. 24) :::::::::::Rv110T7.seq::::::::: CTACACCATCGAATACGACGGCGTCGCCNACTTTCCGCGGTACCCGCTCAACTTTGTGTCGACCCTCAACGCCATTGC CGGCACCTACTACGTGCACTCCAACTACTTCATCCTGACGCCGGAACAAATTGACGCAGCGGTTCCGCTGACCAATAC GGTCGGTCCCACGATGACCCAGTACTACATCATTCGCACGGANAACCTGCCGCTGCTAGAGCCACTGCGATCGGTGCC GATCGTGGGGAACCCACTGGCGAACCTGGTTCAACCAAACTTGAANGTGATTGTTAACCTGGGCTACNGCGACCCGGC CTATGGTTATTCNACCTCNCCGCCCAATGTTGCGACTCCGTTCGGGTTGTTCCCANAAGTCNNCCCGGTCGTCATCGC CGAANCTCTCNTCCCGGGACCCACAGGGAATCNGCNATTTCNCCTACAAATCANCCACCTCCA (SEO ID NO. 25 Clone Rv111 ${\tt GCATGATCGGCCACCTTTCGGGCCGGCCATACGGCGGCGTACCGATCTCCGCGTCATACACCCGCGGGTAATCGC}$ ${\tt CGACGGTGCCGGAGCCGAAGGTGACGACTCTGATTGAATCGAGTTCCAGGTCCAGCGGGTGGCGCACCAACG}$ GCGCGAGCTCAACGACGTCAATCNCGTTGTCGCTTTCTACGGTCACCGACCCTGGTGACCGTAGTTCNCCCG (SEQ ID NO. 26) Clone Rv112 GACACTATAGAATACTCAAGCTTGCCAACCGCCAGCCTGCATCCGGCGGCGANCACTGCTCCGCCGACCAGTACGAAC TCAACGTNGTCACCCGGCCGTGACCGGCCCGCATCGTCACACCCCAAGCCCATTGCCGTCCTCCAACNGGGCGA CCCGGCCGCATCGTCACACGGNCTAAGGCCATTGCCGTCCTCCT (SEQ ID NO. 27)

(SEQ ID NO. 43)

Clone Rv117

Clone Rv118

GAGGCAGCTTCGCCGGCAATTCTACTAGCGAGAAGTCTGGCCCGATACGGATCTGACCGAAGTCGCTGCGGTGCAGCC CACCCTCATTGGCGATGGCGCCGACGAGTGGCGCCTGGACCGATGTGGCGCTTGCCGACGCGACGCGGTAGGTGG TCAAGTCCGGTCTACGCTTGGGCCTTTGCGGACGGTCCGACGCTGGTCGCGCGGTTGCGCCGCGGAAAGCGGCGGGTCGG GTGCCATCAGGAATGCCTCACCGCCGCGGCACTGCACGGCCAGTGCCGCGCGAAAGCGGCAATCATGCT CGCGTTCATACTCCTCGACCAGTCGGGAACAGCTCGATTCCCGGACCGCCCAGCGCATTGGTGATGGAATCGGCGA ACTTGGCCACCGCTGGGTGTTGACATCCTCGACGGTGGGCAATTGCGCCTCGGTAAGCTTTGCCGCGTAGCCTTTTC ATC (SEO ID NO. 40)

Clone Rv119

::::::::::Rv119SP6.seq::::::::::

::::::::::::::::::Rv119T7.seq::::::::::::

Clone Rv11

AGCTTTGCAGTTGCTGAGTAATGTCGGCCAACGTCACCACAACCGCGATGAATTCAATCATGCCGCCCAGGGCGGCCAACCCAATGGTGGCCGCGGAGCGCGAGCTCGATCGCAGCGCGGGGGGGCCAGTTGATTCACGAACAGGGTGAGGTCATAGGCGGGCAGGATAGTGACGAAGGCAAGACCTCCATCTGCCGTCGGAAGAAGTATCGAG

TGACCTGATCGGCCACCCGGGCGTTCTCGGCGTCGTCGCGTTCACTAATCGCGGTGCTCAGCAGCGTCTCGACAGCCA CCACCCGAGTGCCGACCAGCGACCGCAGCGATGCCCGTC (SEQ IDNO, 44) Clone Rv120 ATACTCAAGCTTCAGTTCCTCCACGACGCGTTCCCAAATGAATTTCCCGATCCCACAATCTCGGTTCAGATACAGGTC GCCATACCCCTTACTTCGGCAACGCTGGGCGGATTGGCCCTGCCGCTGCACCAAACCATCAACGCCTTCAAATTGCCG GCAATCTCGTTCAGCCAATCCAT (SEQ ID NO. 45) GCTCTACGCCGCCTACGGGTCGAACATGCATCCCGAGCAGATGCTCGAGCGCGCACCCCACTCGCCGATGGCCGGAAC AGACCCAAATTCGAAGGTGTTCGTCGTGCTCTACGACATGACCCCGGCGGACGAGAAGAACCTTGACCGGTGGGAAGG CTCCGAGTTCGGTATCCACCAGAAGATCCGATGCCGCGTGGAGCGCATTTCCTCGGACACCACAACGGGATCCCGTCC TCG (SEQ ID NO. 46) Clone Rv121 ATACTCAAGCTTGCCAAAGAGCCTCGTCCACCAAGCAGGACCGTCGAGGTGGCGATCCGGCTTGGCGTCGAC CCGCGTAAGGCAAACCAGATGGTTCGCGGCACGGTCAACCTGCCCACACCGGCACTGGTTAAGAACTGCCCGCGTCGC GGTTTTCGCGGTTGGTGAAAAGGCCAATGCCTGCGTTTGCCGTGGGGGCGGATGTTGTCGGGAGTGACAATCTGATCA AAAGGATTCAGGGCGGTTGGCTGGAATTCAATGCCGCAATCGCGACACCGG (SEQ ID ND 47) CCACGGCGTGGATCAAGGTACCGGCCGGGATGTTGCGCAATGGCAGGTTGTTGCCCGGCTTGATGTCGGCGTTAGCGC CGGATTCCACCACATCCCCTTGCGAAAGTCCGTTGGGTGCAATGATGTAGCGCTTCTCCCCATCGAGATAGTGGAGCA ACGCAATCCGTGCGGTACGGTTCGGGTCGTACTCGATGTGCGCGACCTTGGCGTTGACACCATCTTTGTCATTGCGGC GAAAGTCGATCATCCGGTAAGCGCGCTTATGACCGCCGCCTTTGTGCCGGGTGGTAATCCGGCCATGCGCGTTGCGTC CACCGCGACGTGCAGCGGCGCACCAGCGACTTCTCCGGGGTTGACCGGGTNATCTC (SED ID NO. 48) Clone Rv122 GCAGCATGACGGCGGTAGCGAACACCGCCGGATGCAGCGCAAGTAGCGTCGATGTGCTCACGGAATCGCCCCGGCACC GCGATCTCGANGATCACCAGTGCCACCCCCTGCAGCGCNACACCGACGATTCCGTACACCGCCACGCCGATCAGGCCC TGGGCCATCTGATTGGAGCTGGCGTANATGGCGGCGATGGTGACGATGGCCAGCGCCACATACATTGTGGCGGCCAGA ACCACGGCGTTGGGGCGGCCGATGAACACTAGGCGACGCAGATCGCCCGGGGTCAACAGGTTGACCATCAGAAAG CCTGCGACTAGCACGGCGCCCCACTAGGAAGTACAAGAANGTGGCCACCACCCCATGCAGGATCGGGGTAAGGCTGA (SEQ 10 NO. 49) Clone Rv GGGACACACCTCGATGCTGCCGCNATGGACGCGGTCGAACGCAAGCAGCTGATCGAGCTACAACGCCGCGCGCAACGC TTCCGCCGCGGGCGTGACCGGTTGACCGGCCGGANCNCTCTCTA (SEQ ID NO. 50) TGGGCGCCTCTTTCGGCCTTCCCNNTTTAAACGNAGCANGACATTCTGGGTATCGAGTTGTACTGGATGGTGTTGGCG ATGTCGGTGATCCTGCTGCGGGTGGGATCCGACTACAATCTGCTGCTGATTTCCCGGTTGAAAGAGGAAATTGGG GCCGGATTGAACACCGGAATTATCCGTGCCATGGCTGGTACCGGGGGAGTGGTGACGGCTGCCGGCATGGTGTTCGCC GTTACCATGTCGTTGTTTTGTGTTCAGCGATTTGCGAATTATTGGTCAGATCGGTACCACCATCGCCTTCCC (SEQ IDNO.51) Clone Rv124

ACGGCCGATGAGCTGACCGAGGTCGACAGCGCCGTGTTGGCTGACTTGGAACCGACATGGAGTCGCCCCGGTTGGCGTCACCTCAAGCATTTCAATGGTTATGCGACCAGTTTTTGGGTTACGCCGTCAGACATCACGTCGGAGACTTGGATGAGCTTGTGTCTGCCAGATAGCCCCGAATCGGGACGACCGCGCTCACGGTGCGTCTGACCACTCGGGTCGGGTCGCCCGAGCACCGCGCCTATCGGCATGGGTGCGTNATCACAGCGACACGCGCCTGCCCAAGGANGTNCGGNCGGACC(SEQ ID NO: 52)

:::::::::::Rv124T7D4.seq::::::::::::

Clone Rv126

GGGGATCCCTAGATCGACCTGCAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTGTCGTTCCAACCCGAATTGGCTTTCGGCGCCATCGGT
GAGGCGGGACACACCTCGATGCTGCCGCCATGGACGCGGTCGAACGCAAGCAGCTGATCGAGCTACAACGCCGCGCG
AACGCTTCCGCCGCGGGCGTGACCGCATCCCGTTGACCGGGCGATCGCGGTGATCGTCGATGACGGCATCGCCACCG
GAGCNACTGTCAAGGCGGCGTGCCAGGTCGCCCGGCGCACAGGTGGTGTTTTGGCGACGCCTTCGCCG
CAGACGACATCGTGGCGAGATTCGNCGGGTACGCCGATGAGGTGGTGTTTTTGGCGACGCCGCGTTGTTCTTCGCCG
NCGGGCANGGTTACCGCAACTTCACCCAGACCTCCGACGACGAGGTGGTGGTGCTCCTTGGATCGTCTC

(SEQ ID NO. 55)

Clone Rv127

::::::::::Rv127SP6.seq:::::::::::

CTTTCCGCGGTACCCGCTCAACTTTGTGTCGACCCTCAACGCCATTGCCGGCACCTACTACGTGCACTCCAACTACTT CATCCTGACGCCGGAACAAATTGACGCNGCGGTTCCGCTGACCAATACGGTCGGTCCCACGATGACCCAGTACTACAT CATTCGCACGGAGAACCTGCCGCTACAGCCACTGCGATCGTGGGGAACCCACTGGCGAACCTGGT TCAACCAAACTTGAAGGTGATTGTTAACCTGGGCTACGGCGACCCGGCCTATGGTTATTCGACCTCGCCGNCCAATGT TGCGACTCCGTTCGGGTTGTTCCAGANGTCAGCCCGGTCGTCATCGCCGACGCTCTCGTCN (SEQ ID NO. 57)

Clone Rv128

Clone Rv129

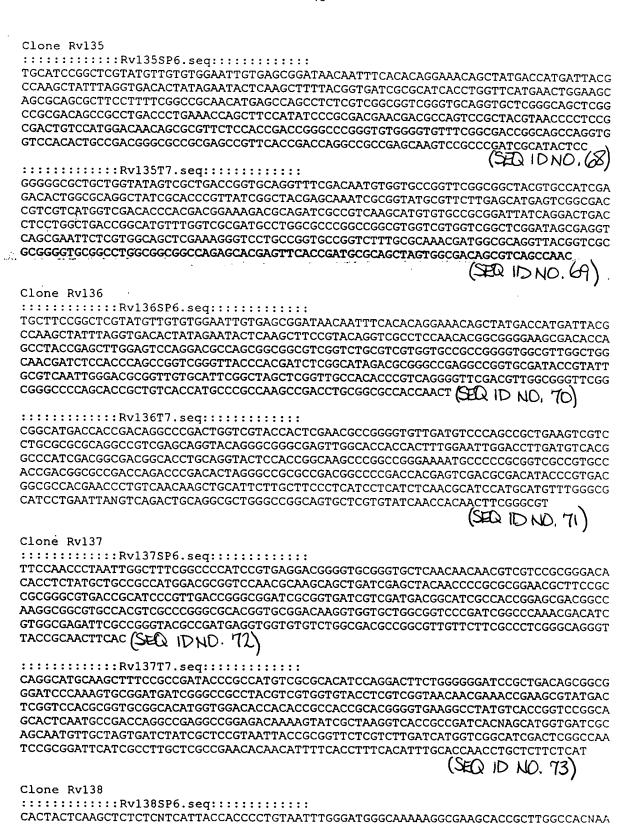
GCGAAAGTCCGTTGGGTGCAATGATGTAGCGCTTCTCCCCATCGAGATAGTGGAGCAACGCAATCCGTGCGGTACGGT TCGGGTCGTACTCGATGTGCGCGACCTTGGCGTTGACACCATCTTTGTCATTGCGGCGAAAGTCGATCATCCGGTNNG CGCGCTTATGACCGCCGCCTTTGTGCCGGGTGGTAATCCGGCCATGCGCGTTGCGTCCACCGCGACCGTGCAGCGGGCGCGACCAGCGGGCGCGACCAGCGGGCGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGACCAGCGCTCGTGGCCGGGCTTGCCTGGGCTGGAATTGACCATGTCTTAATCAAGTCTTTCTCTCACGCTCTCGTCGCCGGGGCTAGGCCGCATTGCCCCTGCTCCTCCTCCTCATCGCTTCGCTCTCCCCGGGCTAAGCCCGTGCCCCGAAA

Clone Rv130

Clone Rv132

Clone Rv134

GCTTCCGGCTCGTATGTTGTGGGAATTGTGACCGGATACCAATTTCACACAGGAAACAGCTATGACCATGATTACGC
CAAGCTAGTTAGGTGACACTATACAATACTCAAGCTTGCCGGCTGGTGGGCCGACCACTTCGATGGCACGACCCGTGA
ACTGCTGCCCGGCCAATTCTTCTTGGTCGCCCGGACCGATGACCGCGCTGGGATTCCAGAAGGTGCCCGATCCCGC
CCCTGGGAAAAACCGCGTGCACCTCTACTTCACGACCAACGAC (SEO ID NO. 66)



 ${\tt GTTCCTACACGGCGGATATGTTCTCCTCGCTGCGCCGGTGGACCGGTGGGTCTATCCCCTGAAACCGACATCCCN}$

(SEQ IDNO. 74)

 ${ t CAGGCATGCAAGCTTTCGTCAGTTCATTGCGCCAGCAGACCAACAAGAGCATCGGGACATACGGAGTCAACTACCCGG}$ CCAACGGTGATTTCTTGGCCGCCGCTGACGGCGCGAACGACGCCAGCGACCACATTCAGCAGATGGCCAGCGCGTGCC GGGCCACGAGGTTGGTGCTCGGCGGCTACTCCCAGGGTGCGGCCGTGATCGACATCGTCACCGCCGCCACCACTGCCCG GCCTCGGGTTCACGCAGCCGTTGCCGCCCGCAGCGGACGATCACATCGCCGCGATCGCCCTGTTCGGGAATCCCTCGG GCCGCGCTGGCGGCTGATGAGCGCCCTGACCCCTCAATTCGGGTCCAAGAACATCAACCTCTGCAACAACGGCGACC CATTTGTTCGGACGGCAACGGTGGCAACGCACCTAAGCTACTTGCCCGGGATGA (SEQ IDNO, 75) Clone Rv139 :::::::::::Rv139SP6.seq::::::::::::: TCTTGCAATTTACTGCAAAGCAACAACAAAATCGCAAAGTCATCAAAAAACCGCAAAGTTGTTTAAAATAAGAGCAAC CATAGCGAGCGAACTGGCGAGGAAGCAAGAAGAACTGTTCTGTCAGATAGCTCTTACGCTCAGCGCAAGAAGAAATA TCCACCGTGGGAAAAACTCCAGGTAGAGGTAC (SEQ ID NO. 76) Clone Rv13 ATACTCAAGCTTGGGTGTAGCCGATCACCGGAAGTCNCATGATCAGCCACGTTCCGCGCCCGGCCATACGGTGGTG TACCGATCTCCGCGTCATACACCCGCGGGTAATCGCCGACGGTGCCGGTTCGCGAGCCGAA(SED ID NO. 77) GGCAGCTCCCGGACAATGCGGCTCTGCTGGCCCGCAACGAAGGACTCGAGGTCACCCCGGTGCCCGGGGTCGTGGTGC ACCTGCCGATCGCACAGGTTGGCCCACAACCGGCCGCTTGATGCCCGGTCGGCAAGCCCGGCAGTTGCCAAACCCATC GTGATCAGGCTCGCGAGTTCGGCGAAGAAATGGTTCGCCTGATCACCTACCATCGGCCA(SEQ ID NO. 78)

Clone Rv140

TCAACACGCCGCCAGCCACGCGCGGGTCGGGCGCCGGGCCTCCAGGCTNCTCCGCTCGGTGATGGCACG GCCCTCTCGCCCAGGTCGAGGTCGACACCGATTTGCGCATCCGCAGCCGCACCCTGCGACGACAGAACCGCGGCCCTA CCCACTGCTTGTCGGGCGGGGCCAAAGAACCAGCTTGNCATCCTGCCACAATTGGCCGGCGCCCG(SED ID NO. 79)

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTCACGTCCGTACGGCTCGGGTACGCTTCGGTCGCAGTGTGCGAGTGATAGATGACGACCGGGAC CTCGTCGGCATCTTCCATAGCCCGCCACACCTTCAGTTGCTCACCGGAATCCAACCGGTAGAAGGTCGGCCAGCGCTC GGCATTGGTCATCGGGATATGCCGCTCGGGACGGTCAGAGCCCTCGGGTCCGGCCAGCACTCCGCAGGCTTCGTCGGG GTGGTCGCGACGCGCATGGGCCACCATCGCATTCACCAGGTCTGCGCGAATCACCAGCACGTAGACGGTTCCTTTCCT AAGCAACAC (SED ID NO. 80)

Clone Rv141

AATATTCAAGCTTTCGGCGGAAACGGACNCCTTGCGAACATTGATAACAAAATAGAAATCATTGATGGTTTGAGTCAC CAGGCCGATCAAGCCTTCGCCGAGCCAAATTCCAATCAAGAGGCCCAAGCCCGTACCAATCAGCCCGGCAACGAGGGA TTCCGTCNTTATCAGCCNAAATAACTGCTCTCGGGTACCACCCAAACAGCGCCAATATGGCGAAAAACGGTCGCCGTTG CACAACATTAAATGTCTCGGTATTGTTGATTAAAAAGATACCCACCAGGGCAATCCAACTGAGAGCGGTTAAATT GACCGTAAAAACCTCCCGTCATCTGTTT (SEQ ID NO. 81)

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTGCTGCATCTTCCTGTGACTGCTCCCGAAACCTGGGGGTGTGCCTGCTGTGTATGCACGGCATA CGGACATCCTTCCCCTGATACCCGCGGTCGAACCAGCCACGTGTCCATCATCAGGGGGTCAACCCCGGCCAAGGGCGAC GGCACGCCAAGTTCGCCGACCGTTAACCTAGTGCTGTTAGCTTCATTTGCTGCGAGCAAAACAGCTGGTCGGCCGTTA GGAACTGAATTGAAACTCAACCGATTTGGTGCCGCCGTAAGTGTCCTGTCTGCGGGTGCGCTGGTGTTGTCCGCGTGT GGTAACGACGACAATGTGACCGGGGGAGGTGCAACCACTGGCCAGGCGTCCGCGAAAGTCCATTGCNGGGGGAAGAAG ACAC(SEQ ID NO. 82)

:::::::::::Rv142IS1081.seq:::::::::::

GAAAGTGCCCCAAGGTGTTGGTGAAACTCGCTGGACGGTCCCCAGGATGTTGGCAGCACATTCACCGGACATGACCGG
AGCAAGACCGGACATCCTCCCATACCGTCGTCGCCGTGTACATCCGTAGCCCGTCCTGGCAGGTGCTGGGTTGAACAA
AATCAGCCCAACACCTGCCACGACGAAGAAGCGGGTTGCGCTGGCATGTCTTGTCGGCTCGGCGCGATCGAATTCTACGA
ATTCCTTATCTACGGGACCGCTGCGGCGTGTTTCCCACCGTGTTCTTCCCACCCTGGATCCCACGGTGGCCGC
CGTGGCCTCCAAGGGGACATTTGCTGTGGCGTTCCTATCCCGGCCGTTCGGCGCGCCGTCTTTGGATACTTTGGAGA
CCGCCTCGGCCGCCAGAAGACCCTGGTCGCCACACTGTTGATCATGGGCCTGGCAACCGTGACTGTTGGGCTGGTTCC
ACGACAGTGGCCATCGCGC (STOROCACACTGTTGATCATGGGCCTGGCAACCGTGACTGTTGGGCTGGTTCC
ACGACAGTGGCCATCGCGC (STOROCACACTGTTGATCATGGGCCTGGCAACCGTGACTGTTGGGCTGGTTCC

::::::::::Rv142SP6.seq:::::::::::::

::::::::::Rv142T7.seq::::::::::

Clone Rv143

::::::::::Rv143SP6.seq:::::::::::

(550 10 NO.87)

Clone Rv144

ATACTCAAGCTTCCCGGCCGCAGGTGACGGCGCGGCCTAGCGCCACTTGATGCCGCACCCGATCGACGGNCGTTGGTC
GGGGTTGACTGGCCGCCGGCCGAGCAGGGCGTCAACCGCGGCCGGACGTCGGCGGCCGTCACCGGTCGGCCATTGCC
CGGGCGGGAGTCGTCGAGCTGACCACGGTAGACAAGTCGGCGCTCGAAGACAAACGTGTCGGGTGTGCAGGC
CGCGGAGAAGGCGCNGGCGACGTCTCGGGTTTCGTCGTAGAGATACGGGAACGTCCAGCCGTGGCGGGCCTCGGC
GACCATCTGATCGGGCCCGTCCTGCGGGTAGGTGACCACGTCCTTACTGGAGATACCGGCCACCATCGGGACCCTTTGATC
GGCGAGGTCCCGGCCGACCGTGGCCAATCCGGCGGCGACGTGTCCCCCGTACCGGCCAGTGGTTC(SED ID ND. 88)

::::::::::Rv145SP6.seq::::::::::::

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTCATGCCCGCGGCATGATAGCCACATGCACCTCAGCGAAACCGGCGGGCCAGGCGTCTTACGCCACCTCACCAGCGCGCAACCTCAACCCGGCCACGGAGACCTCCTGATC

Clone Rv146

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTGCCGTTCCAACCCGAATTGGCTTTCGGCGCCATCGGTGAGGACGGCGTGCGGGTGCTC
AACGACGACGTCGTCCGCGGGACACCCTCGATGCTGCCCCCATGGACGCGGTCGAACGCAGCAGCTGATCGAGCTA
CAACGCCGCGGGAACGCTTCCGCCGGGGCGTGACCGCATCCCGTTGACCGGGGGGGACGGTGATCGTCGATGAC
GGCATCGCCACCGGAGCGACGGCCAAGGCGGCGTGCCAGGTCGCCGGGCGCACGGTGCGGACAACGTGGTGCTGGCG
GTCCCCATCGGCCCAGACGACACATCGTGGCGAGAC
(SEQ ID NO.93)

Clone Rv147

:::::::::::Rv147SP6.seq:::::::::::

Clone Rv148

ATACTCAAGCTTTCCGCCGATACCCGCCATGTCGCGCACATCCAGAACTTCTGGGGGGATCCGCTGACAGCGGCGGGA TCCCAAAGTGCGGATGATCGGCCGCCTACGTCGTGGTGATCACCTCGTCGGTAACAACGAAACCGAAGCGTATGACTCG GTCCACGCGGTGCGGCACCACCGCCACCGCGCGGGTGAAGGCCTATGTCACCGGTCCGGCAGCA CTCAATGCCGACCAGGCCGAGGCCGGAGACAAAAGTATCGCTAAGGTCACCGCGATCACGAGCATCGACCTCGGCGCAATC CGCGGATCATTACCGCCGTAATTACCGCGGTTCTCGTCTTGATCATGGTCGGCACACCTGCTCGTCTCATGG CGATTCNTCGCCTTGCTCGCCGACCACACACATTTTCAGCCTTTCAACATTTGCGACAACCTGCTCGTTCTCATGG CGATTGCNGCGAAC

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTGGCGTGCCGTTCCAACCCGAATTGGCTTTCGGCGCCATCGGTGAGGACGGCGTGCGGGTGCTC
AACGACGACGTCGTCCGCTGGACACCTCGATGCTGCCGCCATGGACGGGTCGAACGCAAGCAGCTGATCGAGCTA
CAACGCCGCGGGAACGCTTCCGCCGCGGGCGTGACCGCATCCCGTTGACCGGGCGGATCGCGGTGATCGTCGATGAC
GGCATCGCCACCGGAGCGACGGCCAAGGCGGCGTGCCAGGTCGCCGGGCGCACGGTGCTGGTGGTGCTGGCG
GTCCCGATCGGCCCAGACGACATCGTGGCGAGATTCGCCGGGTACGCCGATGAAGTGGTGTTTTTTGGCGACCCGGCG
TTGTT (SQ ID ND. 97)

:::::::::Rv149SP6.seq::::::::::

Clone Rv14

AGCTTCGGTGTAGCCGATCACCGGAAGCCGCATGATCAGCCACGTTTCGCGCCGCCCGGCATACCGCGCGTACCGAT
CTCCGCGTCATACACCCGCGGGTAATCGCCGACGGTGCCGGTTCGCGAGCCGAAGGTGACGACGCTGATTGAATCGAG
TTCCAGGTCCAGCGGGTGGCGCAGCAACGGCGCGAGCTCAACGACGTCAATCACGTTGTCGCTTTCTACGGTCACCGA
CCCGGTGACCGTAGTCGCCCGGTGCGCCGAGAAGTTGCACCGCCACCACCGCGACACCGTCTTGCACGCGGAC
GCCACCCCCGGATCGGTTGTTGGCCAAGGTAATTGGGTCATTCCATTTGACGGGACGCCGACCCCCGCAGCCCCAGTAC
CGCCCACGACCACGCCGGCTGACCCACCACTGTACGAACACCAAGGCGACGCCGA

Clone Rv15

CAGGCATGCAAGCTTCCACATGTACGGATCCACGAACATCCCGTTGAACTGACAGGTGCGGCCCGGCTCGATCAGGCC
GGCCACTTGTTCTACGCGGTTACCGAAGATCTCTTCGGTGACCTGCCCGCCGCCGCCAGCTCGGCCAGTGCCCGGC
GTTGGCCGCGCGGCGACGATCTTGGCGTCCACGGTGCCCGGGTCTTGCCCGCTAGCACGATCCGCGAGTCGGCCGG
TCACCCGGGT (SEQ ID NO. 103)

Clone Rv151

51 Clone Rv152 :::::::::::Rv152SP6.seq:::::::::::: CGCGGCGCGCATTACCCCCGCTACCGTCAGCAGCTTGACGGCGGTAGCGAACACCGCCGGATGCAGCGCAGGTGCGT :::::::::::Rv152T7.seq::::::::::::: GAAGATCTCTTCGGTGACCTGCCCGCCGCCGGCCAGCTCGCCCAGTGCCCGGCGTTGGCCGCGCGGCGACGATCTT GGCGTCCACGGTGGTCGGGGTCATGCCCGCGAGCAGGATCGGCGAGCGGCCGGTCAGCCGGGTGAACTTCGTCGAGAG GACGGTGAACAGGTTGCGCTGGCCACCGCGGGTAGCCGCCGGCACTATGCCGATGCCCAGGCCGCGGATCACCGGTGC GTCCACCATCGACTTTCTGATCA (SEQ ID NO. 101 Clone Rv153 :::::::::Rv153SP6.seq::::::::::: TAACTCAAGGCTTGCGTTGAGGCCCCAGGCCCATCGACGGTTTGGCGGCCTTAAATGCACTGAGGTCGTCAATTGACC CCACAGCGGAAATGCCGACTATTCGCAGGCCTCCTTCGCCTTGGCTGCCGGAGAGGGGCTCCGCGGGAACCGCATGCA GGTATATGACCTCGGTTTCTCGGGTGCTACCGCGTGCCTTGTCGAGGATGAACTCGGCGTTGGAATTGTCCAGCCGGC CCAATTCATCGAGCGCAGATTCGTACACATGGCCGGCGGCGACATACGCTTCACCGTGGATCTGCTCCACACGGACCG CCCTGTCGGGATCCTGCTCACGGGTAAAGGAACTTACNTGGCNCTCGGTGCC (SEQ IDND, 108) ::::::::::::::Rv153T7.seq::::::::::::

Clone Rv154

:::::::::Rv154SP6.seq:::::::::::::::

ATACTCAAGCTTGATCTCATCATGATCATCACCCCGAAGTGTGGTAGCCGCAGTGGTTATCGTGGGTACCGT
CGTGCTTTCCATGGGCGCCTCTTTCGGGCTTTCCGTATTGGTCTGCAGGACATTCTGGGTATCGAGTTGTACTGGAT
GGTGTTGGCGATGTCGGTGATCCTGCTCCTGGCGGTGGATCCGACTACAATCTGCTGCTGATTTCCCGGTTGAAAAA
AGAAATTGGGGCCGGATTGAACACCGGAATTATCCGTGCCATGGCTGGTACCGGGGGAGTGGTTACCGCTGCCGGCAT
GGTGTTCGCCGTTACCA (SEQ ID NO, IID)

ATTGNCTTTCGGCGCCATCGGTGAGGACGGCGTGCGGGTGCTCAACGACGACGTCGTCCGCGGGACACACCTCGATGC
TGCCGCCATGGACGCGGTCGAACGCAGCTGATCGAGCTACAACGCCGCGCGGAACGCTTCCGCCGCGGGCGTGA
CCGCATCCCGTTGACCGGGCGGATCGCGGTGATCGTCGATGACGGCATCGCCACCGGAGCGACGGCCAAGGCGGCGTG
CCAGGTCGCCCGGGCGCACGGTGCGGACAAGGTGGTGCTGGCGGTCCCGATCGGCCCAGACGACATCGTGGCGAGATT
CGCCGGGTACGCCGATGAGGTGGTGTTTTTGGCGACCCGGCGTTGTTCTTCGCCGTCGGGCAGGGTTACCGCAACTT
CACCCAGACCTCCGACGAAGAAGTGGTGGCGTTTTCTGGATCGTGCTC (SEQ ID NO. III)

Clone Rv155

::::::::::::Rv155SP6.seq:::::::::::::

::::::::::::Rv155T7.seq:::::::::::

(SEQ 10 NO. 114)

GCACGGAGAACCTGCCGCTGCTAGAGCCACTGCGATCGTGCCGATCGTGGGGGAACCCACTGGCGAACCTGGTTCAACCAAACTTGAAGGTGATTGTTAACCTGGGCTACGGCGACCCGGCCTATGGTTATTCGACCTCGCCGCCCCAATGTTGCGACCTCGTTCGGGTTGTTCCCAGAGGTCAGCCCGGTCGTCATCGCCGACGCTCTCGTCGCCGGGACCAGCAGGGAATCGGCGATTTCGCCTACA (SEO ID NO. 113)

Clone Rv156

:::::::::Rv156SP6.seq::::::::::::

ATACTCAAGCTTGGGGTGGCGCTGTCGGTCGGTGTGCTTGGCGGCGTCGGTATCAACACCGCCCACGAAATGGGGCAC AAGAAGGATTCGCTGGAGCGGTGTCCAAAATCACCCTCGCCCAGACCTGCTACGGGCACTTCTACATCGAGCAC AACCGTGGCCATCACNTCCGGGTGTCCACACCGGAGGACCCGGCGTCGGCGCGTTCGGCGAAACGTTGTGGGAGTTC CTGCCCCGCAGTGTTATCGGCGGCTTGCGCTCGGCCGTTCATTTGGAGGCCCCAACGGCTGCGTCGGCTCGGCGTCAGC CCCTGGAATCCCATGACGTATCTGCGCAACGACGTGCTCGGCTCGGCCTCAGC

TCGCCACCGCACCGCGCGAACGCTCAAAGGCACCTACTGGCACCAAGGCCCCACACGTCACCCTGTGACCTCCTGCG
CCGACCCCGCCCGAGGTCCTGGCCGTTACCACCGAACGGGCGAGCCGGGAGTCTGGTACCATCGAACAAAGAGCAAG
GTGCATGGGCGGAGTTGTTCCGCCACTTCGTCGATGACGGGTCCATTCGAGGTCCGTCGCCGCGTCGAG
TGGCGGTCACACTCCAGGTACTCGACCTCACAGACGAGAGGACTCGATCCCATCTAGGTTGTGGACGAAACAGATCTTC
TGTCCGACGACTACACCACCACCACCAGGCCATCGCCGCCGCCGCGATGCCAACATTCGACGCCGTACTGGCCCCGGCGG
CGGCGCTCCCCGGTTGTCAAACACTTTGCCGTGTTCACGCACTGCCCAACATCGAGCCCGA

Clone Rv157

Clone Rv159

::::::::::Rv159SP6.seq:::::::::::::

Clone Rv15

:::::::::::Rv15T7.seq:::::::::::::

CTGTAGCCACCTGTTGCCATCCCCGTCATGCCCGACTCTGGTCATCTCGGATCCGCTGACACCCCGCTAAGGCTGCTC
CTCTCGGTGCATTACCTCACCGACGGCGAACNCCCCCAGCTTTACGACTATCCGGATGACGGCACCTGGTTGCCGGCT
AACTTCACCGTCAGCTTGGACGGCGGCGCGCTACCGTCGATGGCGCGGGGCGGGGCGGGGCCGGGGCCGGACCGATTC
GTCNTCANCCTGTCGCGTGAACTTGCCGACGTCATCGTGGTCGGTGGGCACCGTGCGCATTGAGGGCTACTCCGGC
GTCCGGATGGGTGTCGTCAAGCGCCCGCACCGGCAGGCCCGA
(SEQ ID NO. 120)

 $\verb|ATACTCAAGCTTCGCACGCTCGGCGCGCGCGCGCTACCGCCCAAGATCGTCGATGTTCGCGTCGTCCGC| \\$ CTCGCGCACGTGGTCTGTCACCAGTCAACGTTAACGCCGCCGCACATGTCCTGCGGCCGGGCAAAAACGTGAAAAACG AGCGGCCGACTGCNATGTCATGACACCGACGGCCGCCGATGGGCCCAGGGTCTGGCAAATTCGATCTGTGCGGCCAGT GCCAGCAGCGTCGCCTCGTCATACGGCCGGCCGACGACTTGAACCGACATGGGCAGGCCGTCGCCGTCGAAGTCCCAC

::::::::::Rv160T7.seq::::::::::

ATCGTTTCGACCAGCGCTCCATCCGGCGAGTGGATACTCCCAGCAGGTAGCAGGTCGCCACCACGCTGGTCAGTGCG CGTTCAGCTCGCTTGCGGCGCTGCAGCAGCCAGTCCGGGAAATAGCTGCCCTGGCGCAGCTTGGGGATCGCGACGTCG ATGGTTGCGGCACGGTGTCGAAATCACGGTGGCGGTAGCCGTTGCGCTGATTGGACCGCTCATCGCTGCGTTCGCGG TAGCCCGCCCGCACAGGGCGTCGGCTTCAGCCCCCATCAAGGCGGCGATGAACGTCGAGAGCAGCCCGCGCAGCAGA TCCGGGCTCGCCTGTGCGAGTTGGTCAGCCAGAAGCTGCTCGGTGTCGATAAGATGANAAGAAGTCATTGCGTTATTT CCT (SEQ ID NO. 122)

Clone Rv161

ATACTCAAGCTTGGGTGTTGCCGATCACCGGAAGCCGCATGATCAGCCACGTTTCGCGCCGCCCGGCATACGGCGGCG TACCGATCTCCGCGTCATACACCCGCGGGTAATCGCCGACGGTGCCGGTTCGCGAGGCCGAAGGTGACGACGCTGATTG TCACCGACCGGTGACCGTAGTCGCCCGGTGCGCTCGGCCGAGAAGTTGCACCGCCACCACCGCGACAACGTCTTGCA CGCGGACGCCACCCCCGGAT (SEQ ID NO. 123)

GCGCNAACAGCTCGCGGCAGCCCACGACGTGCTGCGTCGGATTGCCGGCGGCGAGATCAATTCCAGGCAGCTCCCGGA CAATGCGGCTCTGCTGGCCCGCAACGAAGGACTCGAGGTCACCCCGGTGCCCGGGGTCGTGGTGCACCTGCCGATCGC ACAGGTTGGCCCACAACCGGCCGCTTGATGCCCGGTCGGCAAGCCCGGCAGTTGCCAAACCCAGCGTGATCAGGCTCG GCTCGCGAGTTCGGCGAAAAAGTGGCTCGCCTGATCACCTACCATCGGCCAGGATCTGCGTGTCATCACGACGCTCGC CAAGGAGGTTGTTGTGGTGCTATCGACGGCCTTTAGCCAGATGTTCGGAATCGACTATCCGATAGTGTCCGCGCCAAT GGACTTGATCGCCGGCGGTGAGCTGGCTGCCGCNGT (SEQ ID NO. 124)

Clone Rv162

:::::::::::Rv162SP6.seq::::::::::::

ATACTCAAGCTTTCTCCGATACCCGCCATGTCGCGCACATCCAGGACTTCTGGGGGGGATCCGCTGACAGCGGCGGGGAT CCCAAAGTGCGGATGATCGGGCCGCCTACGTCGTGGTGTACCTCGTCGGTAACAACGAAACCGAAGCGTATGACTCGG TCCACGCGGTGCGCACATGGTGGACACCACACCGCCACCGCACGGGTGAAGGCCTATGTCACCGGTCCGGCAGCAC TCAATGCCGACCAGGCCGAGGCCGGAAACAAAAGTATCGCTAAGGTCACCGCGATCACGAACATGGTGATCGCAGCAA TGTTGCTAGTGATCTATCGCTCCG (SEQ ID NO. 125)

CCATGAGCACCGCCAGCCGAGCACGAGGCCAAACTCCGCCGACGCAGGCCGGTTGGACTTGTCGTGCTGGACAAGGGG CCGCCCATCGCCGCGGTCAAGCCGGGATCGTCGATGACGGCGCAGTACTGATTCACGTGCCCGGTGAATGCCGCACCC CGGGGAGCACTTTCCGCCAAAACTAACCCGGTTGG (SED ID NO. 126)

Clone Rv163

:::::::::::::Rv163SP6.seq::::::::::::

CGGGTGTCATTGGCCACCGGCGGCGCTGTCCGGGAAATGGCGGGTCCCCGGTGGTTTTGCTGAGGAGTGCTGAACCG TAGTCGAAGTGGGCGGCGTCAGACTCCACCCAGCCAGCAGCAGCGCGAANCTGAATCCTCCAACCGGGTTGTCNATC CGGACAGGTTGGGGTGCGTTTGGGGCAATNACAGGTGGCGGCGGTGCGTTCGGGTCGGCCGGCGGAGGTGCTGCNTTG GGATCCCCGGCTGGGCATTCGGCNTGTTGGCGGCGGCCGGTGGTGGGGGGGGGCAACACGTGTCNCCGGTGCGGGTGGC CCT (SEQ ID NO. 127)

CCAAGATCTACACCATCGAATACGACGGCGTCGCCGACTTTCCGCGGTTACCCGCTCAACTTTGTGTCGACCCTCAACG CCATTGCCGGCACCTACTACGTGCACTCCAACTACTTCATCCTGACGCCGGAACAANTTGACGCAGCGGTTCCGCTGA CCAATACGGTCGGTCCCACGATGACCCAGTACTACATCATTCGCACGGAGAACCTGCCGCTGCTAGAGCCACTGCGAT CGGTGCCGATCGTGGGGAAACCTGGGGAACCTGGGGTTCAACCAAACTTGAAGGTGATTGTTAACCTGGGCTACGG CGACCCGGCCTATGGTTATTCGACCTCGCCCCCCAAATGTTG (SEQ ID NO. 128)

Clone Rv164

CGGGGGGCCTCTTAATAGTGTAGGAAAGAAGCTCTACATATTCAGGAGGATTCACCATGGCTCGTGCGGTCGGGATCG
ACCTCGGACCACCAACTCCGTCTCTCGGTTCTGGAAGGTGGCGACCCGGTCGTCGTCGCCAACTCCGAGGGCTCCA
GGACCACCCCGTCAATTGTCGCGTTCGCCCGCAACGGTGAGGTGTCTGGTCTGCCAGCCCGCCAAGAACCAGGCAGTGA
CCAACGTCGATCGCACCGTGCGCTCAGGCGACACATGGGCAGCGACTGGTCCATAGAGATTGACGGCAAGAAAT
ACACCGCGCCGGAGATCAGCGCCCGCATTCTGATGAAGCTGAAGCGCGACGCCGAGGCCTACCTCGGTGAGGACATTA
CCGACGCGGTTATCACGACGCCCGCCTACTTCAATGACGCCCAGCGTCAGGCCACCAAGGACCCGGCCAGATCGCCGG
TCTCACGTGCTGCGG (SD NO, 130)

Clone Rv165

::::::::::Rv165T7.seq:::::::::

CTGGTGCTGGACGAGCCTAGTACAACTTCCTCTCCAATGCTCTTGCCCCGATCGCGGCGACCAGGATGACCCAGGAC
ATCCTGCCGCCCGAAGTACTGGAAAAGCTCACACCCGAGTTCGTCGCACCGGTGGCCTACCTGTGCACCGAGGAG
TGTGCCGACAACCCATCGGTGTACGTCGTCAGTGGTGGTTAGGTGCAGCGAGTTGCGCTGTTTGGCAACGACGCGCC
AACTTCGACAAACCGCCGTCNGTACAAGATGTTGCGGCGCGGTGGGCCGAGATCNCCGATCTGTCCGGTGCGAAAATT
GCTGGATTCAAGTTGTAGAACTAAAT (SEQ ID NO. 132)

Clone Rv166

Clone Rv167

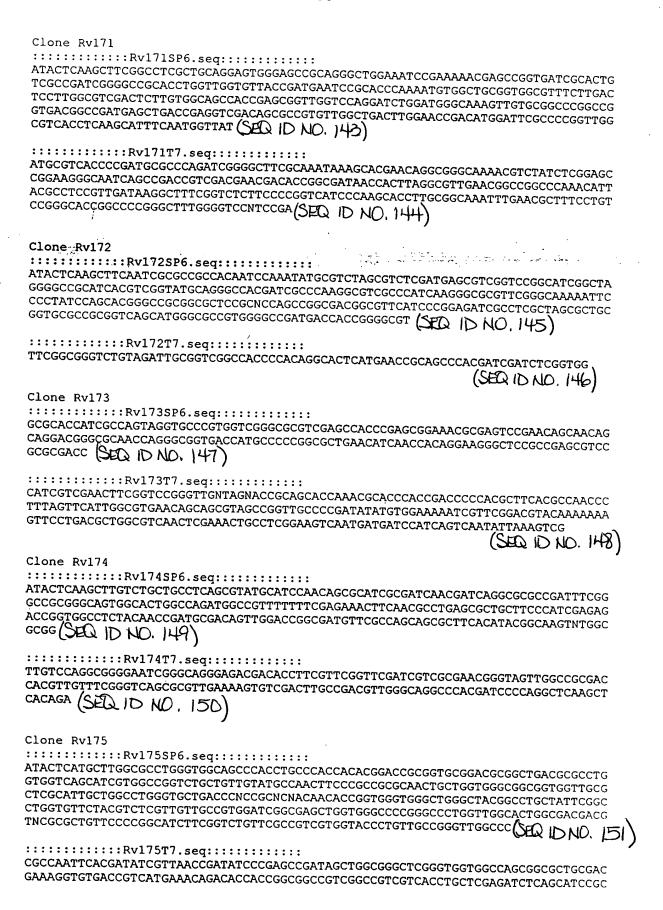
GTGTGCTGTCAATTCAGAGCTGAGCCTGATGCACTCAACTTACTGAGCATGCTAACGCTGGTCGTGCGGGTCTTGTTCCGCGGTGTCGCGAGAGCACGCTCGGGGCGTAGCTGGGAGAGGCCCCGGTCAAGCCCGGAGAGCAGTGCTCAGTCCG

(SEQ ID NO. 138)

Clone Rv169

Clone Rv16

Clone Rv170



ACAGGAAGTCCCGGTCACCGCGCCCGAAGNACTTGATGCGCGAACNCGGAGTGCTCCAAACGCATCCTGCTGAT WED 10 NO. 152 Clone Rv176 ATACTCAAGCTTGGGCACTGACTTCGGTACCCCCTCCGCCTTTGGCCAGCAGCCACCAGCGCGGTTCGCGGACCGA ACGTGGACATCAATAGCCCGGAATCGGTGTGTGCAAGTTGGTAAACGGTGTTGATCCCAAGCTTTGCCAGCCTTTTCG TAGTCTTGGGCCCCACACCCCACAGTGCTTCGACGGTACGGTCACCCATGATGGCCATCCAGTTGGCATCGGTGAGCT GATAAATGCCAGCTGGTTTCGCCAACCCGGTAGCGATCTTGGCGCGCTGCTTGTTGTCACTGATACCTATCGAGCAAG ACAGCCCGGTTTGCGACAAAATGACTTTTCGGATCTCTTCGGCGACTTCGATGGGGTCGTCGGGA (SEQ ID NO. 153) AAAGTCCTGTGCCGGTTCGCTAAACACCCGGCGGACACTCAGACGGTGCTGGTGGTGCGGCATGGCACCGCGGGCAGC CAGCTGCTGCCGTTCGGCGCCACCGATGTTTATGCCGCCGACCGGGTGCGCTGCCACCACGACGATGGAGCCACTCGCC GCGGAACTGAACGTGACCATACACA (SED IDNO, 154) Clone Rv177 AATCGGCCGTGACGGAATTGGCGCACCGAACACCCAACGAGGTGGTGGCTTCGTCGCGAACCGTCACCCGAGTCGCGG CCACCGTGCGCACGGCGCGCTCTACACCCGCACCAAGATCCGAAAGCTGCAAGCTCCCAGCACCGATCCCGACGTCA TCACCGCTGCCGGCCCGGCACGTCCTTGACCTATTCGAGCTGGATCGGCCCGTCCGGTTGCTGGGAGTGCGGTTAGAAC TGGCCTAGAACCGGCGGGCACACCGCNCCTGGGCGGGGGGGGAATTCTTGACCGCNCCGGCC (SEO IDNO. 155) $\tt CGCGGTTGGCGTAGTTGGACGGGTCGCCCTCCGAGGCCAATGATGACGATGACCACGCCGATCACGATGGCCACCGAG$ AGGGACAACAACAGAAAGCTGACGAATCCCTCCTTGGCGGCCGGGGCTTTGTGGTCGCCGGTCGCGATGGGCGCGAAT CCGCGATAACCTGCCATGCCTCGGGCATATCGATGTGCGGCCAGAACAGGCCGAAC SEQ ID NO, 156 Clone Rv178 CCAACAAGAGCATCGGGACATACGGAGTCAACTACCCGGCCAACGGTGATTTCTTGGCCGCCGCTGACGGCGCGAACG TCGGGTCCAAGACCATCANCCTCTGCAACAACGGCGACCCGATTTGTTCNGACGGCAACCGGTGGCGAGCGCACCTAG GCTACGTGCCCGGGATGACCAACCAGGCGGCGCGTTTCGTCGCGAGCAGGATCTAACCGCGAGCCGCCCATAGATTCC cg (SEQ ID NO. 157) GGCTAGGGCTTCTCGCGGGAAGGCCCGAACGTACGGCGTTTCAACACGTCGCGTCNCCCTCCGACCGCGAACATTCGG ACAGTCTGAAACGCGATGACCATCGATGTGTGGATGCAGCATCCGACGCCAACGGTTCCTACACGGCGATATGTTCGCC TCGCTGCGCCGGTGGACCGGTCTATCCCGGAGACCGACNTCCCGATCGAAGCGACCGTCTCCTCGATGGACGCC GGCGGCGTCACCCTGGGTTTGCTCACCGCCTGGCGTGGCCCCAA (SER ID NO. 158)

Clone Rv179

CGTGGCCACGAACGCCGGGAGGGCANTCTCGGGGCGGCTAGGGCTTCTCGCGGGGAAGGCCCGAACGTACGGCGTTTCA ACACGTCGCGTCGCCCTCCGACCGCGAACATTCGGGGGATGGCAGCAACCTGGCAGCTACCTGGCCGGGCGATGATCTG CAGCGTCGCCGCGGGTAGTCGCCCGCGCGGGCGGCTACAGTCTGAAACGCGATGACCATCGATGTGTGGATGCATCATC Clone Rv17 ATACTCAAGCTTTGCGGCGGGCGCCGAAATGTGAACGCACCAAACCCGCCGCTGCGGGTCGGCGGGCCACTCGACCT CGAATTTCGCCGCCGTGACCATCCAGCCCGACGGCAGTTGGGCACCCGGCCCCCGGTCGCGGCATAACTGTTGGCGT CATACCGGGAAAACGTCGGTGTCCCATCGGGTTTCGGCTTGCCCGCCAGCTGCACCACCGGTGGCCTCGGCCACCT CATCGCCCGGTTGCGCGCACCGCGACGCCCGTACAGCCGCGCGCAC (SEQ ID NO. 161) The said the said after the same with the said of the said of $\tt TTGAGGGTGTGAAGTTGTGGACCACCAACGGTGTGGTAGCGGACCTGCTAGTGGTTATGGCGCGGGTACCGCGCAGTG$ AAGGGCACCGAGGGGGAATCAGCGCCTTTGTCGTCGAGGCTGATTCGCCCGGGGATCACCGTGGAGCGGCGCAACAAGT TCATGGGACTGCGTGGCATCNAAAACGGCGTGACCCGGCTTCATCGCGTCNGGGTGCCCAAAGACAACTTGATCGGCA (SEQ IDNO. 162) Clone Rv180 DER 10 NO. 163 CCGAAGGCCCGTTCCCGGGCGTTCAGCAAGCGATCGTCGGTTGGCCCACTGCGGGTCGAATCTTGCGGCCGCCGCGGT CGTGGAACGCCCAGGTCACCCGGCGGCGTACC(SEQ ID NO. 164) Clone Rv181 GAAGTGCATCACCTGACCGGGCAAATAGTTCACCGGGGTGAGAAAAAAGAGCAACAACTGATTTAGGCAATTTGGCGG TCTGCAATCGGCTTGCATAACGCTGACCACGTTCATAAGCACTTGTTGGGCGATAATCGTTACCCAATCTGGATAATG CAGCCATCTGCTCATCATCCAGCTCGCCAACCAGAACACGATAATCACTTTCGGTAAGTGCAGCAGCTTTACGACGGC GACTCCCATCGGCAATTCTATGACACCAGATACTCTTCGACCGAACGCCGGTGTCTGTTGACCA SEA ID ND. 165 Clone Rv182 GACTACGTTCGCCTCAATCAGCTCAAACGTCACCCCCGTGGCGTGCTGCCGCAGCATGAAGGTCGGCGCCCGCACGATG TGGGCGAAGGCAACAGGTAAAAACCTGGTCGGCATGGGTCGAGCCCTCATTGGGCCGTTGCGGATCGGGTTGCACCGC GCCGGAGTGCCGGTCGAACTCAACACCGCCTTCACCGATCTTTTCGTCAAAAATGGCGTCGTGTÇCGGGGTATAC (3ED IDNO, 166) CCGAAGCGTGGGAAATCCTGACCGAATACCGCGACGTGCTGGACACTTTGGCCGGCGAGCTGCTGGAAAAGGAGACCC TGCACCGACCCGAGCTGGAAAGCATCTTCGCTGACGTCTAAAAGCGGCCGCGGCTCACCATGTTCGACGACTTCGGTG GCCGGATCCCGTCGGACAAACCGCCCATCAAGACACCCGGGGGAGATCGCGATCGAAACGCGGCGAAACTTGGGCC (SPQ ID NO. 167) ${\tt CGACTCGACAAGCATTCTTGACAGTTGTTTTGGCTCGGCATGGTTAGCCAAGGTTCTGCGGTCCCACCAGATCATCTT}$ GGTCCGGTAGCGCTCGGCCGGGTATGCTGCCGCCGGGATTCTCGCTGCTATTACTCCCCCCGAAAAACGCCACCGGTC AGGCGGCAGCAATCGCATCACTGCGCTGCGCGTCACTATTAACCCCACCCGGACTTCACTTCCACGACCCCGAATGGCG CCCGGTCATTGATCATCTTGCGCACCGCGGATAATCCGGGATTGCCAGCCCATTCGACTACCGCATGCGAGTCATCGG CTGACCGCAGCGGTCCGATTACCCGAGCGCCCCGANTACATCTCCTCCAATATCAATGGGCGCAA(SED ID NO. 168)

COED IDNO, 1 10'

Clone Rv183

GCGGTNTAGCTTCCCGTCGTACCGGCGACCGCCAGCCGAGAAGCTCGTTTTCCCAGTGTTGCTGGGGATTCTCACGCT
GCTGCTGAGTGCGTGCCAGACCGCTTCCGCTTCGGGTTACAACGAGCCGCGGGGCTACGATCGTGCGACGCTGAAGTT
GGTGTTCTCCATGGACTTGGGGATGTGCCTGAACCGGTTCACCTACGACTCCAAGCTGGCGCCGTCTCGTCCGCAGGT
CGTTGCTTGCGATAGCCGGAGGCCCGGATCCGCAATGACGGATTCCATGCCAACGCTCCGAGTTGCATGCGGATCGA
CTACGAATTGATCACCCAGAACCATCGGGCGTATTACTGCCTGAAGTACCTGGTGCGGGTCGGATACTGCTATCCGGC
GGTGACGACCCCCGGCAAGCCGCCATCCGTGCTGCTGCTGCT

Clone Rv184

Clone Rv185

Clone Rv186

CGTCCTTTTCCCCAAGATAGAAAGGCAGGAGAGTGTCTTCTGCATGAATATGAAGATCTGGTACCCATCCGTGATACA
TTGAGGCTGTTCCCTGGGGGTCGTTACCTTCCACNAGCAAAACACGTAGCCCCTTCAGAGCCNNATCCTGAGCAANAT
GAACAGAAACTGAGGTTTTGTAAACGCCACCTTTATGGGCAGCAACCCCGATCACCGGTGGAAATACGTCTTCAGCAC
GTCGCAATCGCGTACCAAACACATCACGCATATGATTAATTTGTTCAATTGTATAACCAACACGTTGCTCAACCCGTC
CTCGAATTTCCATATCCGGGTGCG(SEQ ID NO. 174)

Clone Rv187

CTCAAGCTTCATGTCCGTACGGCTCGGGTACGCTTCCGTCGCAGTGTGCGAGTGATAAATGACGACCGGGACCTCGTCGCATCTTCCATAGCCCGCCACACCTTCAGTTGCTCACCGGAATCCAACCGGTAGAAGGTCGGCGAGCGCTCGGCATTGGTCATCGGGATATGCCGCTCGGGACGGTCAGAGCCCTCGGGTCCGGCCAGCACTCCGCAGGCTTCGTCGGGGTGGTCGCGACACGCATGGCCACCATCGCATTCAC/SEQ ID NO. 175)

Clone Rv188

CGCCACGTTCATGGGCAACACCCCGATCACCGGTGGAAATACGTCTTCAGCACGTCGCAATCGCGTACCAAACACAT CACGCATATGATTAATTCGTCCAATTGTATAACCAACACGTTGCTCAACCCGTCCTCGAATTTCCATATCCGGGTGCG GTAGTCGCCTGCTTCTCCGGCATCTCTGATAGCCTGAGAAGAAACCCCCAACTAAATCCGCTGCTTCNCCTATTCTCC AGCGCCGGG(STON) NO. 177)

Clone Rv189

Clone Rv18

Clone Rv190

:::::::::::Rv190SP6.seq::::::::::::

Clone Rv191

TTGGTGATGGAATCGGCGAACTTGGCCACCGGTGGGTGTTGACATCCTCGACGGTGGGCAATTGCCCCCGGTAACGT
TTGCCGCCT (SEQ ID NO. 182)

(2010ND 183)

Clone Rv192

ATACTCAAGCTTGCCGAAGTTCCGATGGGTCGCGCCGCGAGCCCAGCGAAGTCGCTACCGTGGCCGTGTTCTTGGCT
TCGGATCTATCCTCGTTCATGACCGGCACCGTGTTGGACGTGACTGGCGGCCGGTCCATATGACACCGAGATCATTGC
CACGGTACGGCAATTCGTCAAGAAGGAAATCTTTCCCAATGCACCGCCCTCGAACGTGCCAACACCACCGAGTTCATTCTCG
AATCGTCGATCGGCTGGGGGTGTTATTGGCTTGCTCGGTCGCCGGCTGCAAGGGTATCGACACCACCGAGTTCATTCTCG
GGCGTGCCGGCGCATTCGAGCTGGCGGTGCGCGCGCTGCCAGCACCGTCATAGGTACTTGACGATGGTCCACGTCGGAC
GAGCGCCTCCACGTCGCTGCCGAACGGTATGCATGGCGGCTACGATTCTC

::::::::::Rv192T7.seq:::::::::::

CGGTGTCGGCACCGGCGTCCTGCAGTTGGTAGGCCTGCAGTTTGTGCATCAGGCCGATGCCGCGGCCCTCGTGGCCAC
GCATGTACAGCACCACGCCGCGCCCCTCACGGGCGACCATCGCCAGCGCGCGTCCAGCTGAGGCCCGCAATCGCAGC
GGCGTGACCCAAACACATCGCCGGTCAAGCACTCCGAATGCACCCGGACCAGCACGTCGTCACCGTCGGCGTTGGGCC
CGGCGATCTCGCCGGGACCAGCCGGACATGTTCCACGTCCTCGTAGATGCTGGTGTAGCCGATGGCGCGAAACTCCC
CATGACGAGTCGGAATCCGCGCCTCGGCGACCCGCTCAATGTGCTTCTCGTGCTTGCGCCGCCATTCGATCAAGTCAG
CAATGGTGATCAGCGCCAGACCGTGCTCATCGCGCGAACACCGCAATTCATCGGTGTTGCGCCATCGAGCCCTCATCTT
TTTGGCTGACGATCTCGCAAATCGCCCCCGCGGGTTGCAGCCGGCAT

Clone Rv193

::::::::::Rv193T7.seq:::::::::::

Clone Rv194

::::::::::::Rv194SP6.seq:::::::::::::

ATACTCAAGCTTGCTGCAGCTTCCTATGACTGCTCCCGAAACCTGGGGGTGTGCCTGCTGTGTATGCACGGCATACGG
ACATCCTTCCCCTGAGACCCGCGGTCGAACCAGCCACGTGTCCATCATCATCAGGGGTCAACCCCGGCCAAGGGCGACGGC
ACGCCAAGTTCGCCGACCGTTAACCTAGTGCTGTTAGCTTCATTTGCTGCGAGCAAAACAGCTGGTCGGCCGTTAGGA
ACTGAATTGAAACTCAACCGATTTGGTGCCGCCGTAGGTGTCCTGGCTGCGGTGCGCTGGTGTTGTCCGCGTGTGGT
AACNACNACAATGTGACCGGGGGGGGGGGAACCACCACTGGCCAGGCGTCGGCGAAGGTCGATTGCGGGGGGAAGAAAACA
TCAAAGCCAGTGGGTCGACGCCAACGC

AGCTTGACGCGAGACACATTGCGAACATTGATGACAAAATAGAAATCATTGATGGTTTGAGTCACCAGGCCGA TCAAGCCTTCGCCGAGCCAAATTCCAATCAAGAGGCCCAAGCCCGTACCAATCAGCCCGGCAACGAGGGATTCCGTCA TTATCAGCCAAAATAACTGCTCTCGGGTTACACCCAAACAGCGCAATATGGCGAAAAAACGGTCGCCGTTGCACGACAT TAAATGTCACGGTATTGTAGATTAAAAAGATACCCACCAACAAGGCAATCAAACTGAGAGCGGTTAAATTGACCGTAA

GGATGCGTGTTGCAGTGGCCTCATCTTTGATGATCAAATCGATGTGGCTCAGTCTTCCGGGCA (SED ID NO , 189) Clone Rv195 ${\tt ATACTCAAGCTTCGGCTCAGGCGGCGCTGCTGGTAAAGTCGCTGACCGGTGCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGCTGCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGCTGCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTCCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCCAGGTTCAGGTTCCAGGTTCAGGTTCCAGGTTCCAGGTTCAGGTTCAGGTTCCAGGTT$ GGCGGCTACGTGCCATCGAGACACTGGCGCAGGCTATCGCACCCGTTATCGGCTACGAGCAAATCGCGGTATGCGTTC TTGAGCATGAGTCGGCGACCGTCGTCATGGTCGACACCCACGACGGAAAGACGCAGATCGCCGTCAAGCATGTGTGCC TCCGCTCGGATAGCGAGGTCAGCGAATTCNCNTGGCAGCTCCAAAGGGTCCTGCCGGTGCCGGTCTTTGCGCAAACNA AGGCNCAGGTTA (SEQ IDNO, 190) TCGGCGGTCGGGTGCAGGTGCTCGGGCAGCTCGGCCGCGACAGCCTGACCTGAAACCAGCTTCCATATCCCGCG ${\tt GGTGTGGGGTGTTTCGGCGACCGGCAGCCAGGTGGTCCACACTGCCGACCGGGCGCGCGAGCCGTTCACCGACCAGGC}$ $\tt CGCCGAGCAAGTCCGCCGATCGCATACTCCAACCGGTTGCGGTACTGCAGGTTCAGCTGGCGTACTCCTCGTCGCGC$ TCGGCGAGGTCTTGCTCCAGCACGTCGCANACGGCAG (SEQ ID NO. 191) Clone Rv196 ${\tt CAAAGCGCGAACTGCTCGCGGCAGCCCACGACGTGCTGCGTCGGATTGCCGGCGGCGAAATCAATTCCAGGCAGCTCC.}$ CGGACAATGCGGCTCTGCTGGCCCGCAACGAAGGACTCGAGGTCACCCCGGTGCCCGGGGTCGTGGTGCACCTGCCGA TCGCACAGGTTGGCCCACAACCGGCCGCTTGATGCCCGGTCGGCAAGCCCGGCAGTTGCCAAACCCAGCGTGATCAGG $\tt CTCGGCTCGCGAGTTCCGGGAAGAAGTGGCTCCGCCTGATCACCATCCGCCAGGATCTGCGTGTCTTCACCACG$ CCCGCCAAGGAGGTTGTTGTGGTGCTATCGACCGN (SEQ ID NO. 192) $\verb|CCGGAAGCCGCATGATCAGCCAAGTTTCGCGCCGCCCGGCATACGGCGGCGTACCGATCTCCGCGTCATACACCCGCG|\\$ ${\tt GGTAATCGCCGACGGTGCCGGAGCCGAAGGTGACGACGCTGATTGAATCGAGTTCCAGGTCCAGCGGGTGGC}$ GGTGCGCTCGGCCGAAAANTTGCACCGCCACCACCGCGAAACCGTCTTGCACNCCGGAAGCCACCCCCGATCCGTTGT TGGGCCAGGTTATTGGGT (SEQ ID ND. 193 Clone Rv19 CCGGAACCGCCGACGGCACGGTATAACGCCTCCGCATATGGGTCGACAACCAGCGGGTCGGACTTCTGGGCTTCTAGC CAATCGAGTCTAGCGCGGGTAGNTCAGCCCCGATCTCCANGCTCCGCCGAGCCAGGCGC SD ID ND. 194 $\tt CTGGTTTATGTCCCGTTGAAGTTCCATCACCCGATGTGGCGGGAGCACTGCCAGGTCGATCTCAACTACCACATCCGG$ CGCGACCACCCGCTGTGGGAGATGTACTTCGTTGAGGGGCTTGCCAACCACCGGATCGCGGTGGTTGCC (SEQ IDNO. 19 Clone Rvl CCGAGCAGTTGGGAATCGCTCTGCANCAAACCAATATTCTGCGCGACGTCGCGCGACGAGCTGGACCGATTAGGCGTA CGCCTCCGNCTGGACGACACCGGGGCACTCGATGACCCCGACGCCTACGCTCGCAGGATATTGTTCGCCGGACCCCTC TCTAG (SEQ ID NO. 196)

:::::::::Rv1T7.seq:::::::::

TATATAATACTCAAGCTTGCCGACGCCAACGCTCGCGCGATGTTGTTAGCCCGACCCGGCTCTTACATGGCACCGGTG

CCCCACACGTCAGCCTGTGACGTCCTGCACCGCGACTCTTTACATAGAATGTGGATTGCCGGATTGGGGATGTCCGGC

ATCGCTCAATCTGTAGTCCGCGTTGTCCCGCGAGGGCCATGTGGATGGGGGGAAGGATCCGTGGCGTCCGGGATCACC

ATGGGG (D) ID NO. (97)

ATACTCAAGCTTGCCGAAGTTCCGATGGGTCGCGCCGGCGAGCCCAACGAAATCGCTAGCGTGGCCGTGTTCTTGGCT TCGGATCTATCCTCGTACATGACCGGCACCGTGTTGGACGTGACTGGCGGCCGGTTCATATGACACCGAGATCATTGC CACGGTACGGAAATTCGTCCAGAAGGAAATCTTTCCCAATGCACCGGCCCTCGAACGTGGCAACAGCTACCCGCAAGA ${\tt AATCGTCAATCGGCTGGGTGTTATTGGCTTGCTCGGTCGCCGGCTGCGAGGGTTTCTACACCACCGAGTTCATTCTCG}$ GGCGTGCCGGCGCATTCGAACTGGCGGTGCGCGCTG(SEQ ID NO, 198)

GCACCGGCGTCCTGCAGTTGGTAGGCCTGCAGTTTGTGCATCAGGCCGATGCCGCGGCCCTCGTGGCCACGCATGTAC AGCACCACGCCGCGCCCTCACGGGCGACCATCGCCAGCGCGCGTCCAGCTGAGGCCCGCAATCGCAGCGGCGTGAC ${\tt CCAAACACATCGCCGGTCAAGCACTCCGAATGCACCCGGACCAGCACGTCTTCACCGTCGGCGTTGGGCCCGGCGATC}$ TCGCCGCGGACCAACGCGACATGTTCCACGTCCTCGTAGATGCTGGTGTAGCCGATGGCGCGAAACTCCCCANGACAA GTCGGAATCCGCCCTCGGCGAACCGCTCAATGTGCCTCTCGTGCTTGCGCCGCCATTC

Clone Rv204

TGGTCCGTGTGCGCATACCAATACAACGCGCCGGGGCACCTGACGGGGGGGCGGCGAACCAATCGGTGGCCATCGCCATC TTCTGCTACCCGGTCAACGGACGCACCTTCTCCTGGCCGACGTAGTGCGCCCACCCGCCGCCGTTGCGTCCCATCGAT CCGGTCAAC (SEQ ID NO. 200)

Clone Rv205

GGCGTGTTGGCCACCGGGGCCACTCCGCACAATCTGTACCCGACCAAGATCTACACCATCGAATACGACGGCGTCGCC GACTTTCCGCGGTACCCGCTCAACTTTGTGTCGACCCTCAACGCCATTGCCGGCACCTACTACGTGCACTCCAACTAC ATCATTCGCACGGAGAACCTGCCGCTGCTAAAGCCACTGGCGATCGTGCCGATCGTGGGGAACCCACTGGCGAACCT GGTTCAACCAAACTTGAAGGTGATTGTTTACCTGGGCTACGGCGACCCGGCCTATGGTTATTCGACCTCCCCCCCAA (SEQ ID NO. 201)

CGTCCGTGNCCCCTCAANCGCGTGNNGCCGAAGCGGCTGGTTACGACTCCCTGTTTGTGATGGACACTTCTACCAACT GCCCATGTTGGGGACGCCCGACCAGCCGATGCTGGAGGCCTACACGGCCCTTGGTGCGCTGGCCACGGCGACCGANCG GCTGCAACTGGGCGCGTTGGTGACCGGCAATACCTACCGCAGCCCGACCCTGCTGGCAAAGATCATCACCACGCTCGA AGTTCGGCACTTTCAGTGACCGGTTCAACCGGCTCGAAGAGGCGCTACAGATCCTCCAGCCAATGGTCAAGGGTGAGC GCCCAACGTTTTCGGCGATTGGTACACCACCGAATC (SEQ ID NO. 202)

Clone Rv207

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Clone Rv209

TGACACCCAACAGAGGGCACTTAAGATGGCAATGCGGCCGCCTACCTGCACGTTTTCGCGATGTCAGAGGATGCCGAG GGAGAACAATGCGAGCACGGCCGCTGACNTTGCTCACCGCTTTGGCGGCGGTGACATTGGTGGTGGTTGCGGGCTGCN AGGCCCGANTCNAGGCCGAAGCATATAGCGCGGCCGACCGCATTTCGTCTCGACCGCAAGCGCGACCTCAGCCGCAGC CGGTGGAGCTACTGCTGCGCGCCATCACGCC (SEQ 1D NO. 204)

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Clone Rv20

(SEQ IDNO. 201)

Clone Rv214

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Clone Rv215

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Clone Rv217

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Clone Rv218 CGATAATCGCTTCCGGTAAGTGCAGCAGCTTTACGACGGCGACTCCCATCGGCAATTTCTATGACACCAGATACTCTT $\tt CGACCGAACGCCGGTGTCTGTTGACCAGTCAGTAGAAAAGAAGGGGATGAGATCTCCCCGTGCGTCCTCAGTAAGCAGC$ TCCTGGTCGCGTTCATTACCTGACCATACCCGAGAGGTCTTCTCAACACTATCACCCCGGAGCACTTCTAGAGTAAAC CCACCATCGGGGCCGCTGGTGTCN (SEQ ID NO, 214) Clone Rv219 NAATACTCAAGCTTTCTCGTGATTACCACCCGTGTAATTTGGGATGGGCAAAAAGGCGAATCACCGCGTGGCCACAAA CGCCGGGAGGGACAATCTCGGGGCGTAGGGCTTCTCGCGGGAAGGCCCGAACGTACGGCGTTTCAACACGTCGCGTC

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Clone Rv21

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Clone Rv220

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Clone Rv221

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(SED ID NO. 225

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Clone Rv222

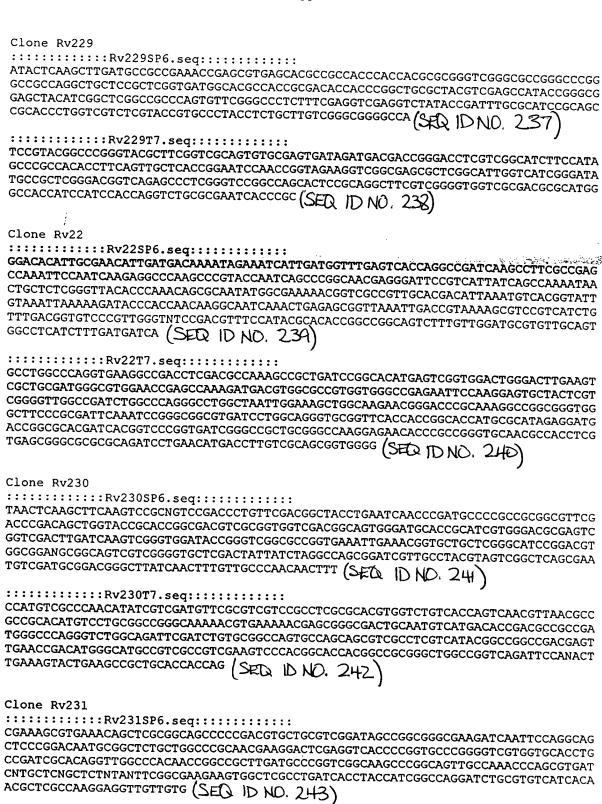
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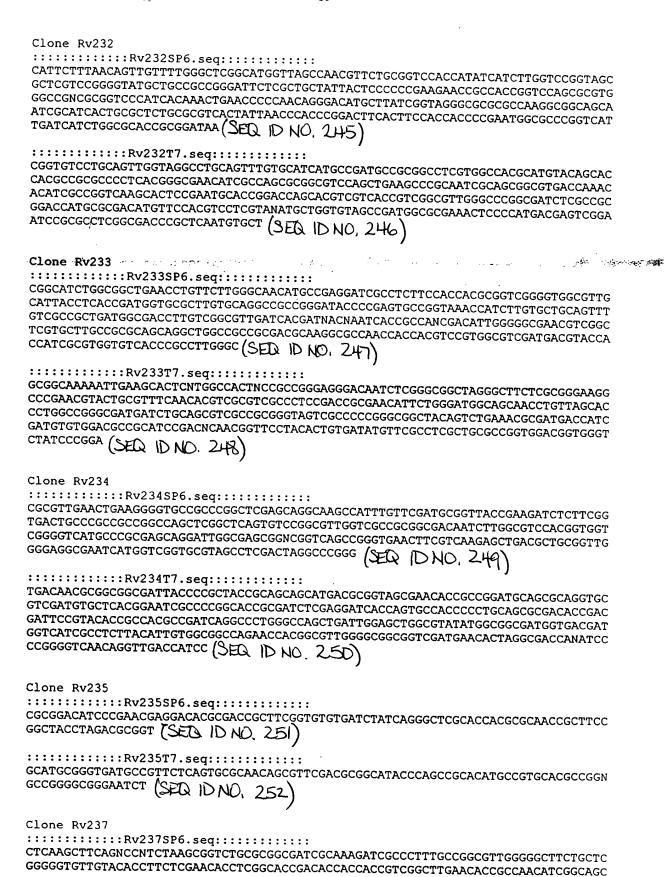
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Clone Rv224

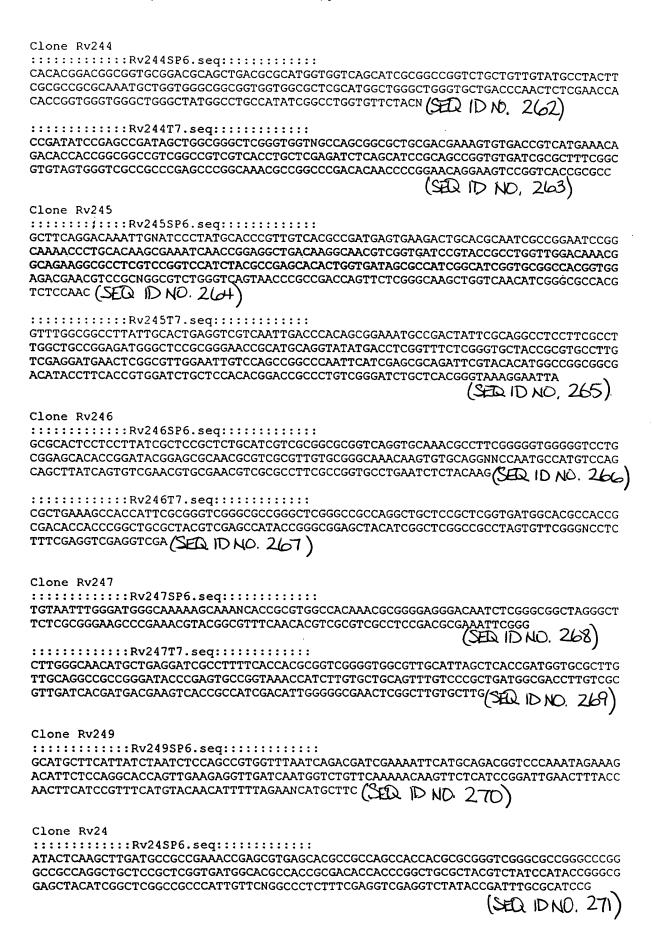
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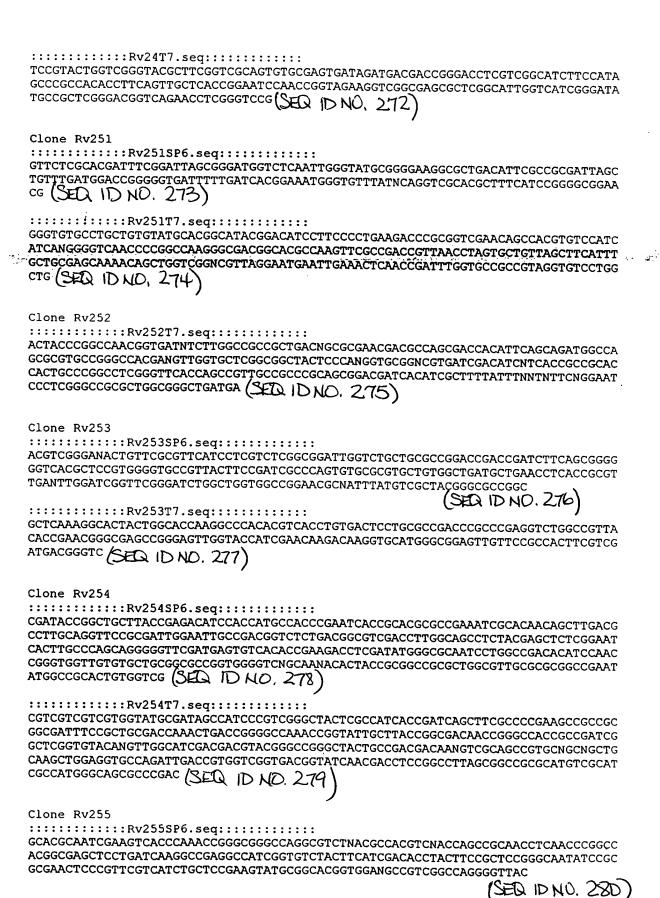
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Clone Rv243
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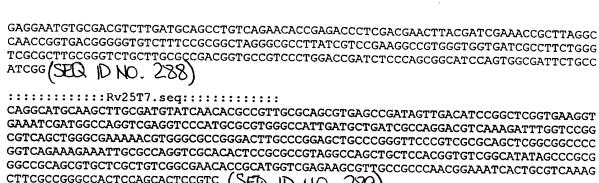
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Clone Rv259

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Clone Rv25

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Clone Rv261

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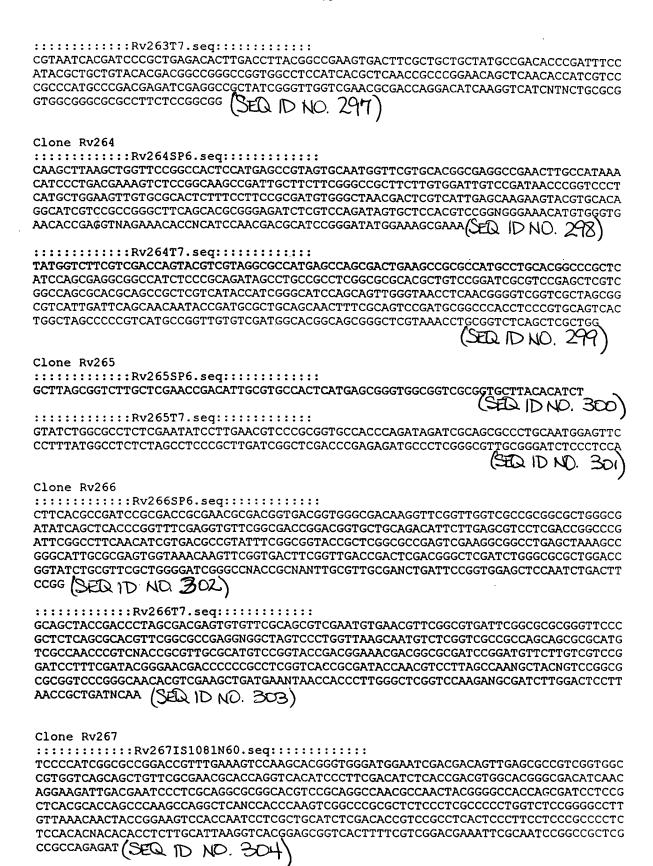
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Clone Rv262

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Clone Rv263

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Clone Rv268

Clone Rv269

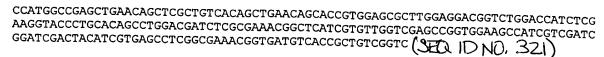
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Clone Rv26

CONTROL OF CONTROL





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Clone Rv275

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Clone Rv276

Clone Rv277

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AGGCACACCCGTGATCTGCACGCAGGGCAAGGTCATTCCCGATCTGATCACGTGGTGCTGCGAGCGCGACCGTGTGCC CCCGACAGTCCCGCAATCGCAAAGGCAGCACGTTGGTGT (SEQ ID NO. 336) Clone Rv281 GTATGGTCAGCTGTCCATCCGGCGGTTCCGGCCGAGCTGCCAGATCTCGTCAGCCGTAACCGGGTTGCGGGATCCACG CGTGCGGGTTGTCTAC (SEQ ID NO. 337) CCGACTTTCCGCGGGTACCCGCTCAACTTTGTGTCNACCTCAACGCCATTGCCGGCACCTACTACGTGCACTCCAACT ACATCATTCGCACGGAGAACCTGCCGCTGCTAGAGCCACTGCGATCGGTGCCGATCGTGGGGAACCCACTGGCGAACC TGGTTCAACCAAACTTGAAGGTGATTGTTAACCTGGGCTACGCGACCCGGCCTATGGTTATTCGACCTCGCCGCCCAA TETTGCGACTCCGTTCGGTTGTTCCAGAANGTCAGCCCG (SEQ ID NO. 338) The second of Clone Rv282 () DNO 339' TGCACCCAACTTACTGAGCATGCTAACGCTGGTCGTGCGGGTCTTGTTCCCGCGTGTCGGCAGGGCACACGCTCGGGG $\tt CGTAGCTGGGAGAGCCCCGGTCAAGCCCGGAGAGCAGTGCTCAGTCCGCCAGCTTGACCGACTTTCGATGAGAACGC$ ${\tt GCTTCTCGCCGTATTGAACTGGCGTGCTGACGGCTGAGCAGCGCTGAGTGCGGCCGCTGATTCTTCATCG}$ AGCCAGGACGCGCATTCGTGTTCGGCCGC (SED ID NO. 340) Clone Rv283 AGCTTACGGCCGGTCGACGACGAGTGGTTCATGACACCACAAACCGTCAACGCCTACTACAACCCGGGGATGAACG AAATCGTCTTCCCGCAGCGATTTTACAGCCACCATTTTTCGATCCGCAGGCCGACGAGGCCGCCAACTACGGCGGGAT CGGGGCGCGTGATCGGÇCACGATCGGGCACGGTTTCGACGATAGGGCGCCAAATACGANGGCGACGCAATCTGGT CNATTGGTGGATCGA (SEO ID NO 341) ATGTCGTCACGTCACCACAATCGCGAGGACCCAATCATGCCGCCCAGGGCGGCCAACCCAATGGTGGCCGCGAAGCGG CAGCTCGATCGCAGCGGGGGGGGGGGCCGCCAGTTGATTCACGAACAGGGTGAGGTCATAGGCGGGCAGGATAGTG ACGAACGCAAGACCTATATCTGCCGTCGGAGTAAGAATCGAGTAGCCGGTCGACCAACGGAAGCGAAAGTGTCCGCGA TGTTGATGAGCGTCGCCGGTTGTGGCGGCGGTGGC (SED ID NO. 342) Clone Rv284 AGCTTCACCAGCGTGCCGATGCTGTTCGCNACACCTCCCTACTATGCGCAATTCGCCGACACGGGTGGCATCAACACG GGCGATAAGGTGGACATCGCTGGGGTGAACGTCGGGCTGGTGCGCTGGCGAATCCGCGGCAACCGCGTGTTGATC GGATTCTCGTTGCCCGGCAAGACAATCGGGATGCAAAGCCGGGCAGCAATTCGCACCGACACCATTCTTGGCCGTAAG AACCTGGAAATCGAACCCCGCGGTTCGGAGCCGTTGAAACCCAACGGTTTCCTGCCGTTGGCGCAGAACACTACGCCA TACCAAATCTATGACGCGTTCGTC (SCO IDNO. 343) ${\tt CTGGCAACAGAAGGTGATCAATGAGCTCCCGCAGACCTTCGCCGATCTGGGACCGACATACGTGAAGTTCGGCCAGAT}$

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CACGGCCGGGCATCCGCCGCCGCGCGTTT (SED ID NO. 344)

Clone Rv286

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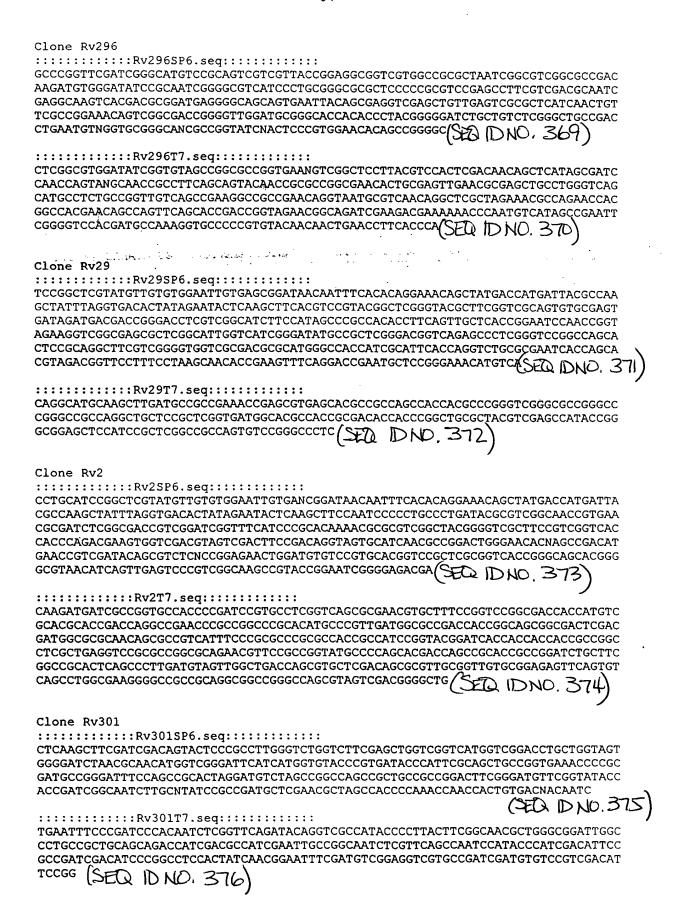
Clone Rv287

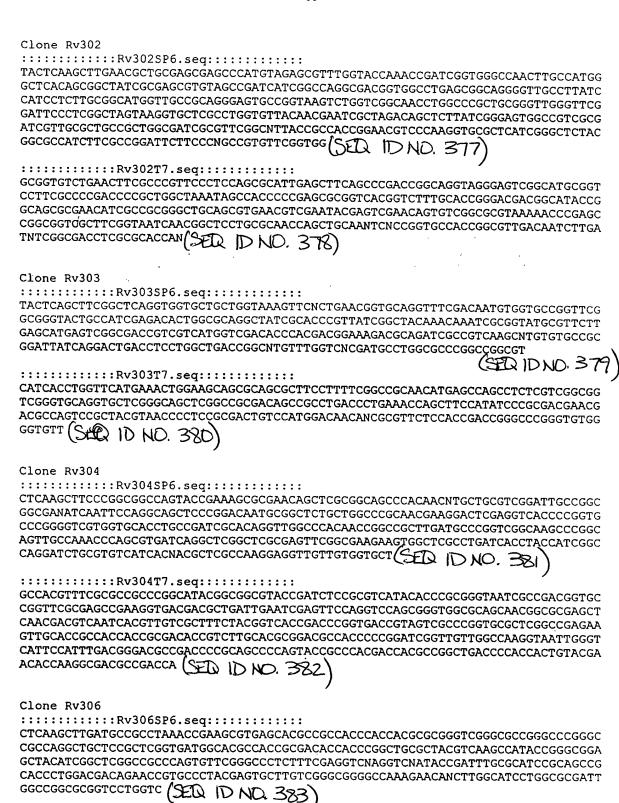
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Clone Rv289
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Clone Rv28
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Clone Rv291
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Clone Rv310

Clone Rv311

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Clone Rv312

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Clone Rv313

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Clone Rv314

(SEQ IDNO, 402)

(SEQ 1D NO: 401

Clone Rv315

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(SED ID NO. 403)

TG (SED ID NO. 404)

Clone Rv316

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Clone Rv317

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Clone Rv321

::::::::::Rv321SP6.seq::::::::::::

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ACATTAAATGTCACGGTATTG (SED ID NO. 418)

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Clone Rv328

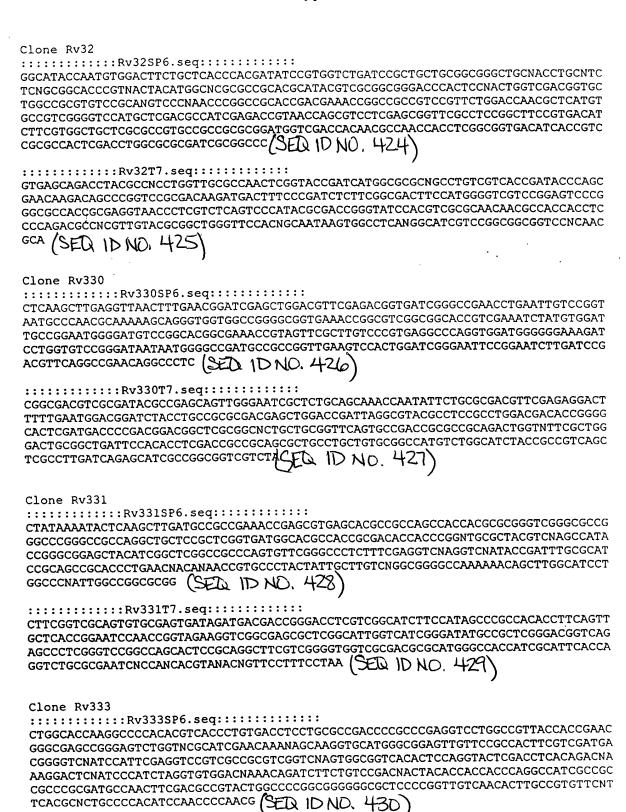
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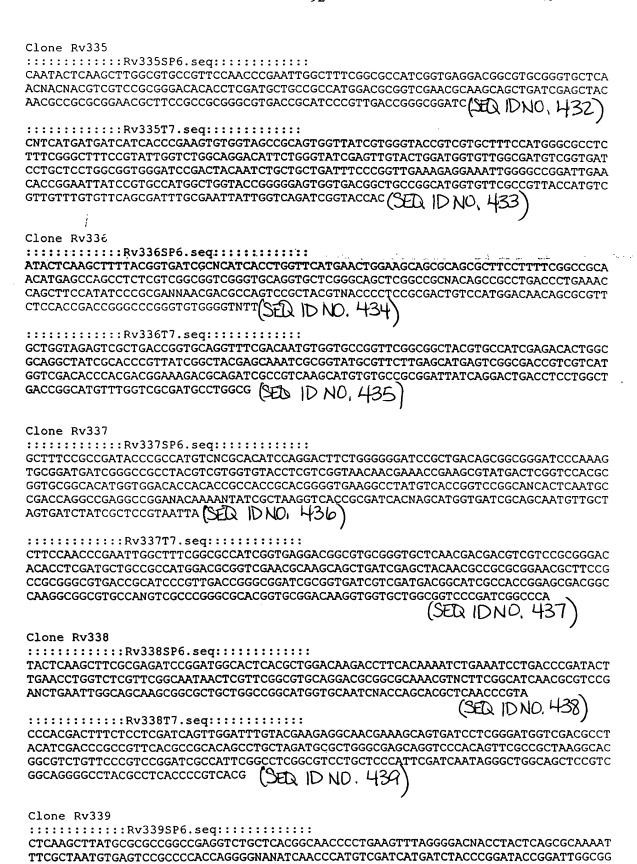
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Clone Rv329

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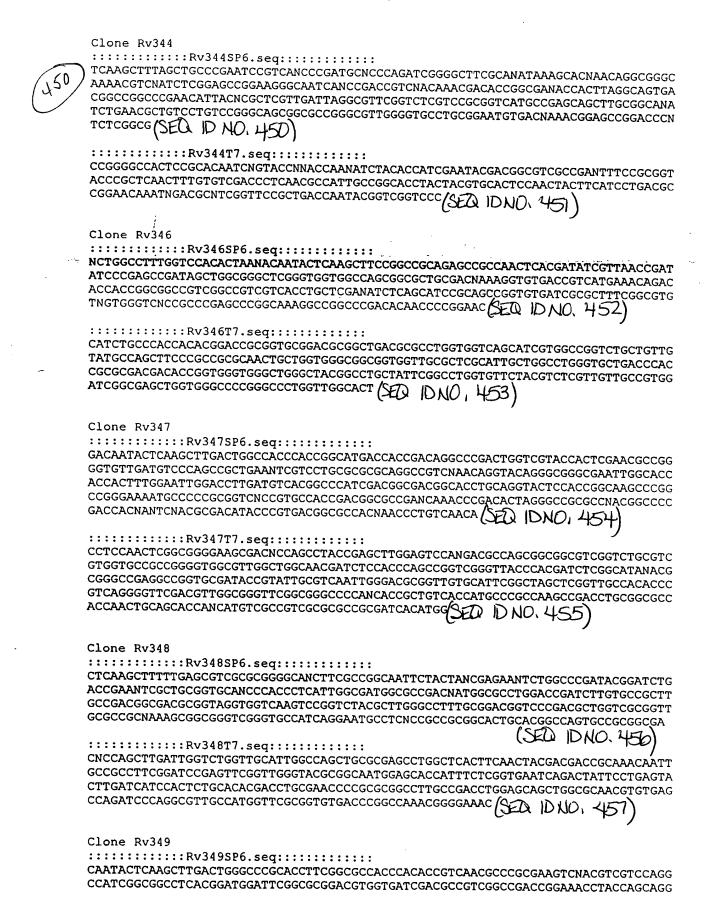


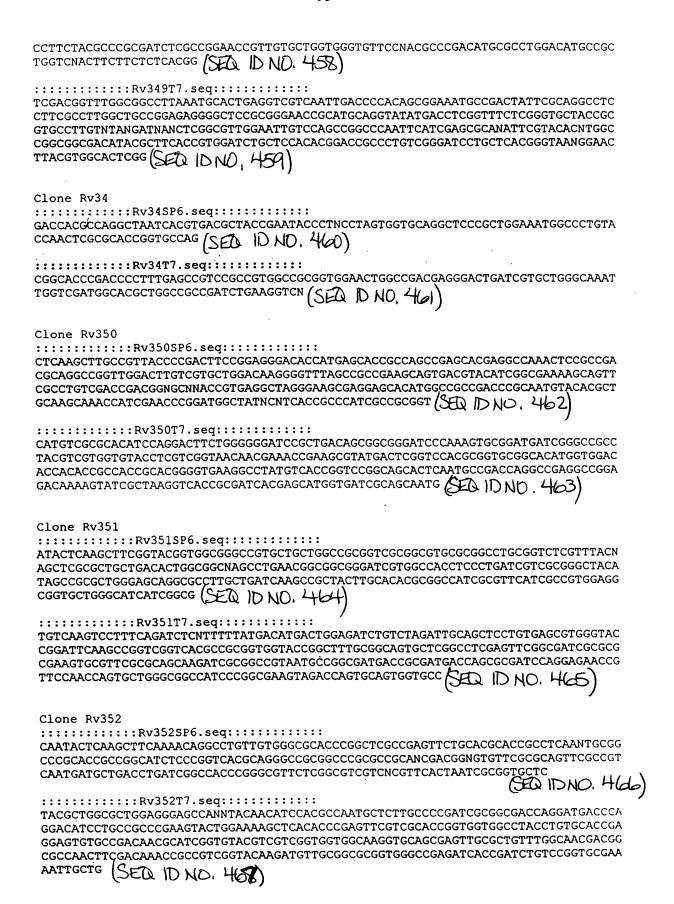


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Clone Rv357

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Clone Rv358

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Clone Rv359

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Clone Rv35

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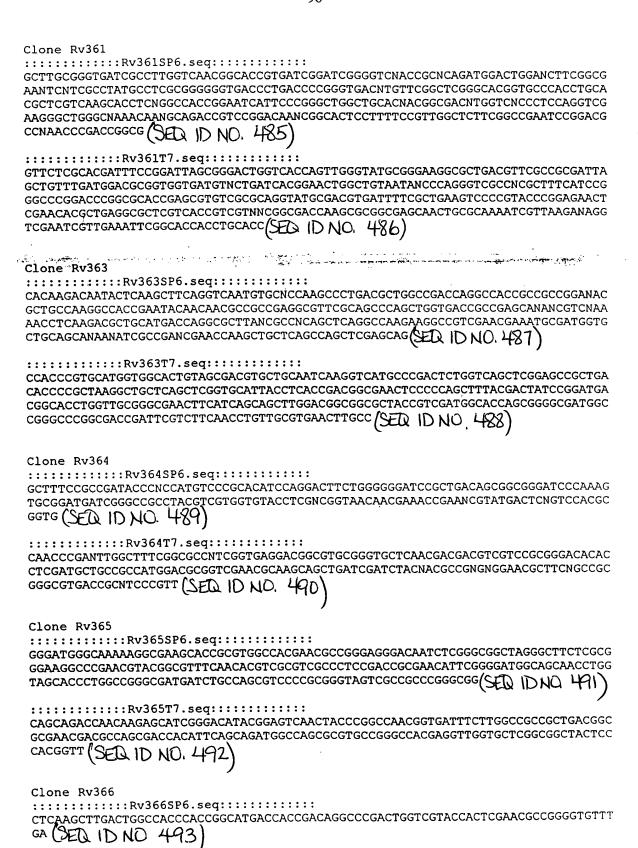
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Clone Rv360

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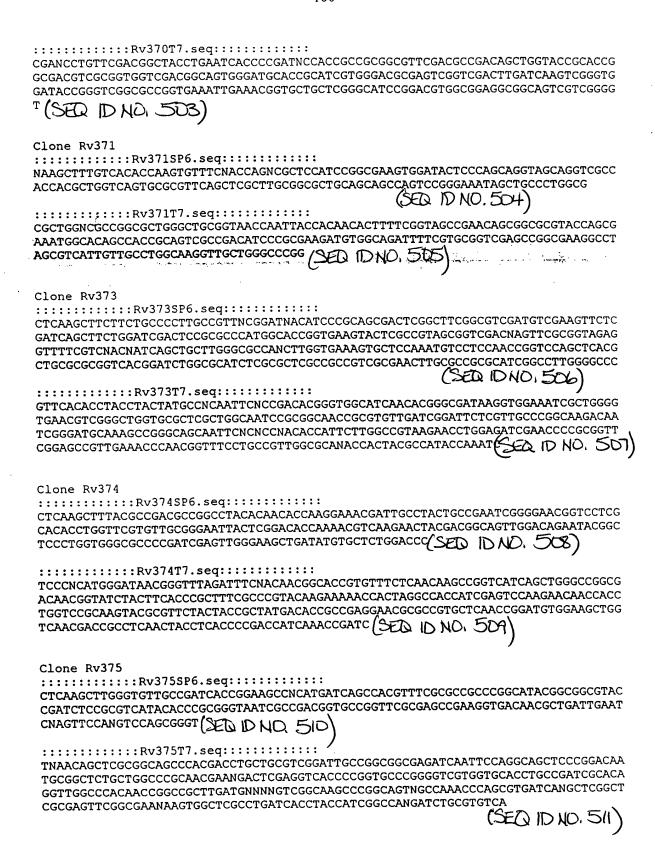


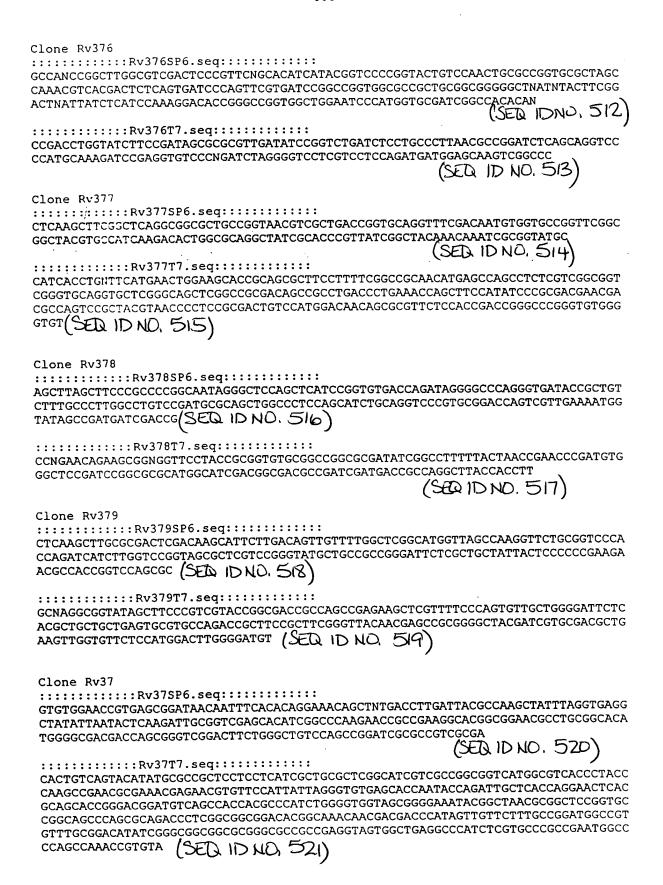
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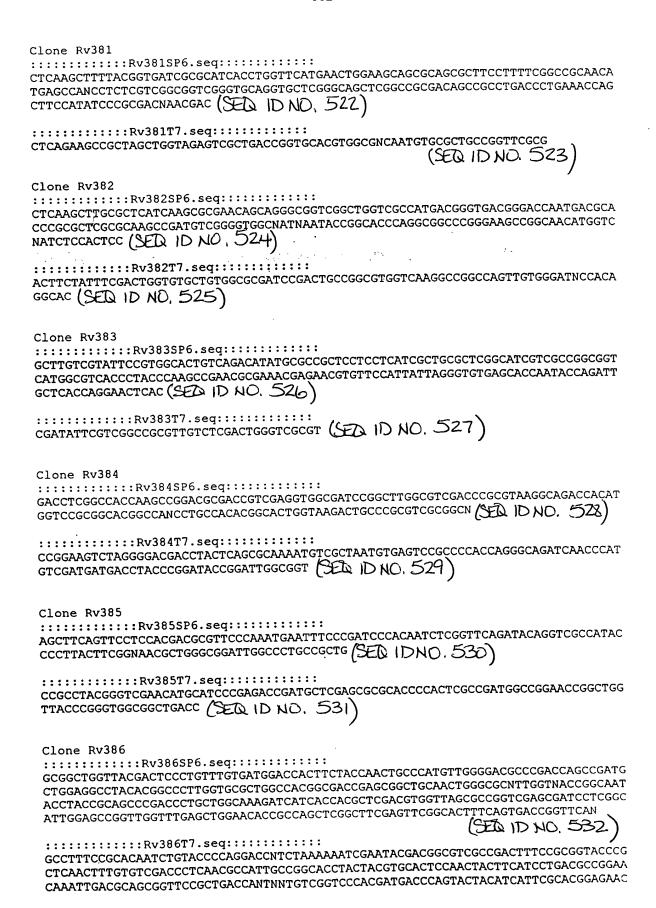
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(SCO ID NO. 502)







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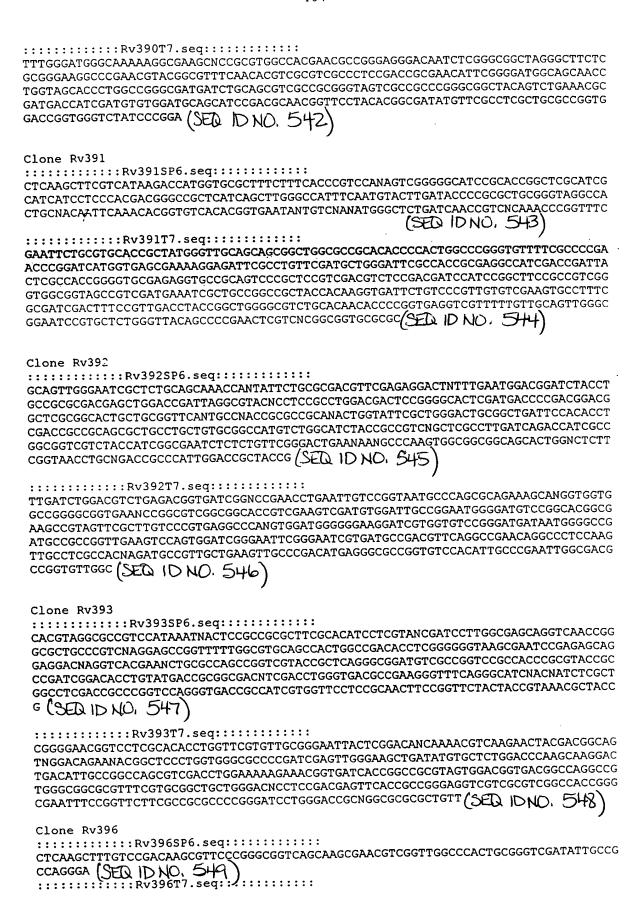
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(SED ID NO, 541)





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(SEQ ID NO, 554)

Clone Rv40

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(SEQ II) NO. 5.

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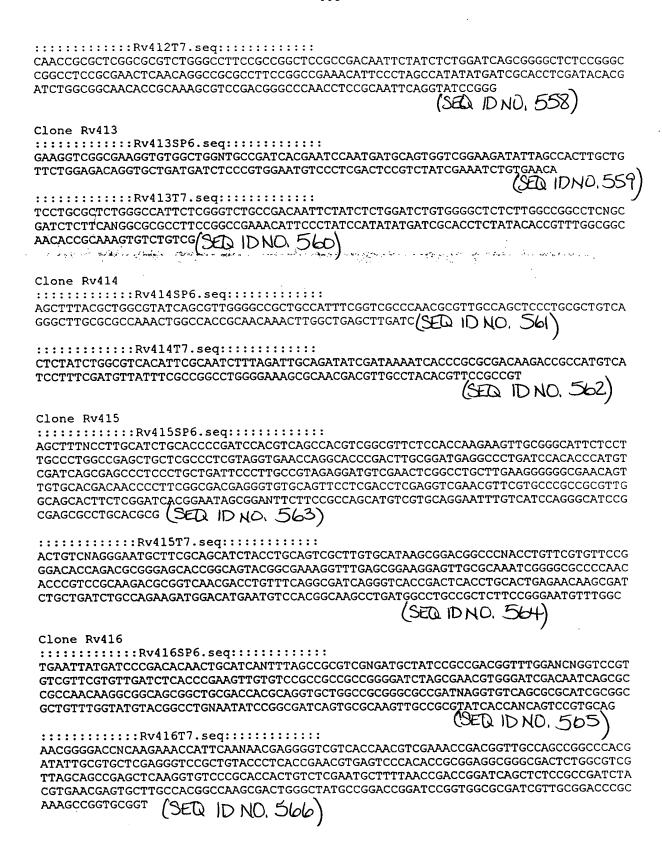
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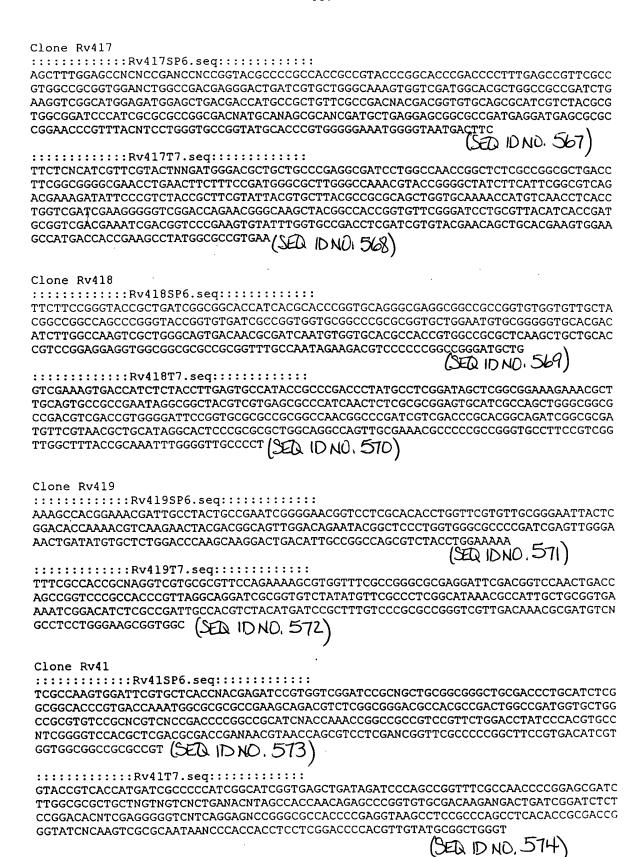
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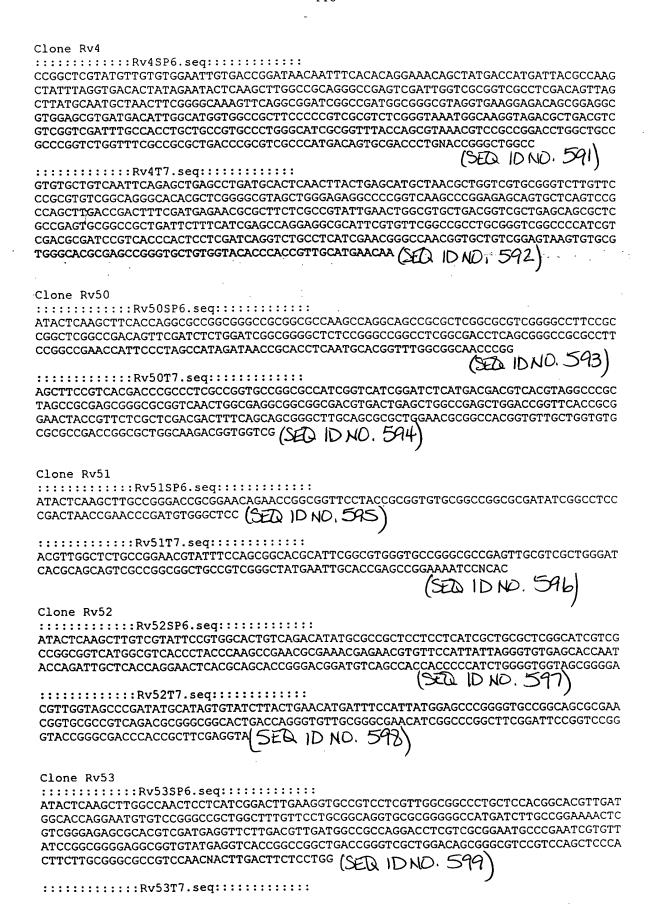
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ATCT (SEQ ID NO. 590)

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Clone Rv54

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Clone Rv55

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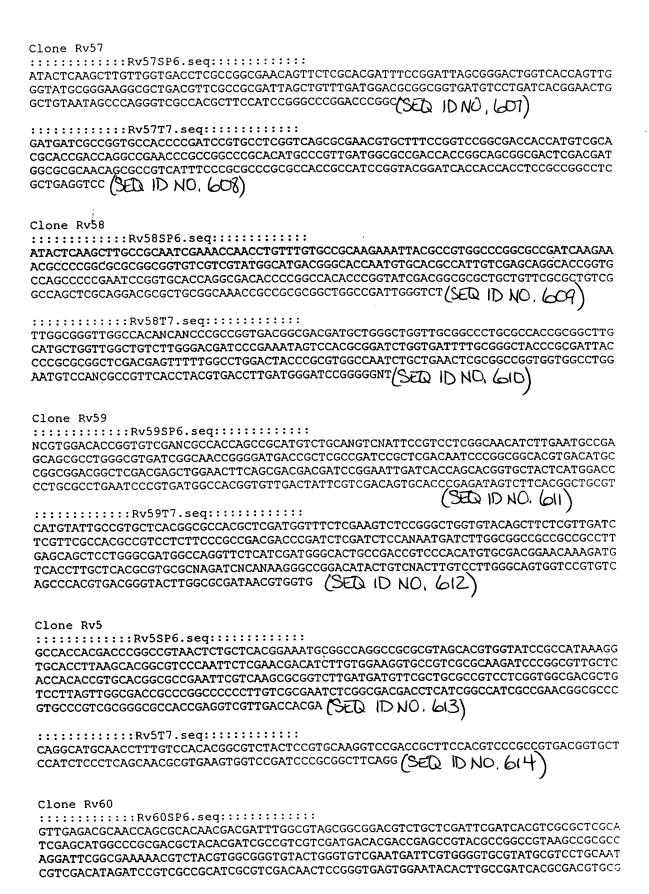
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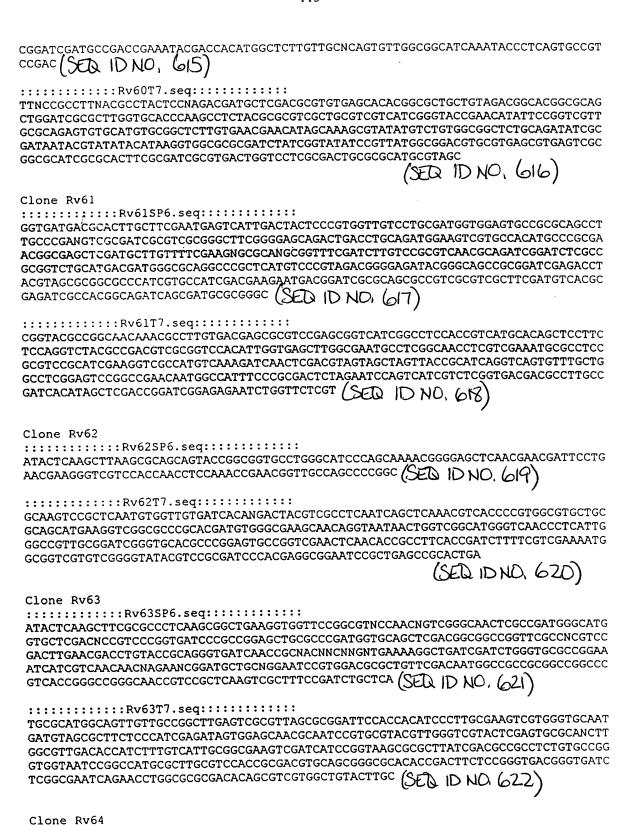
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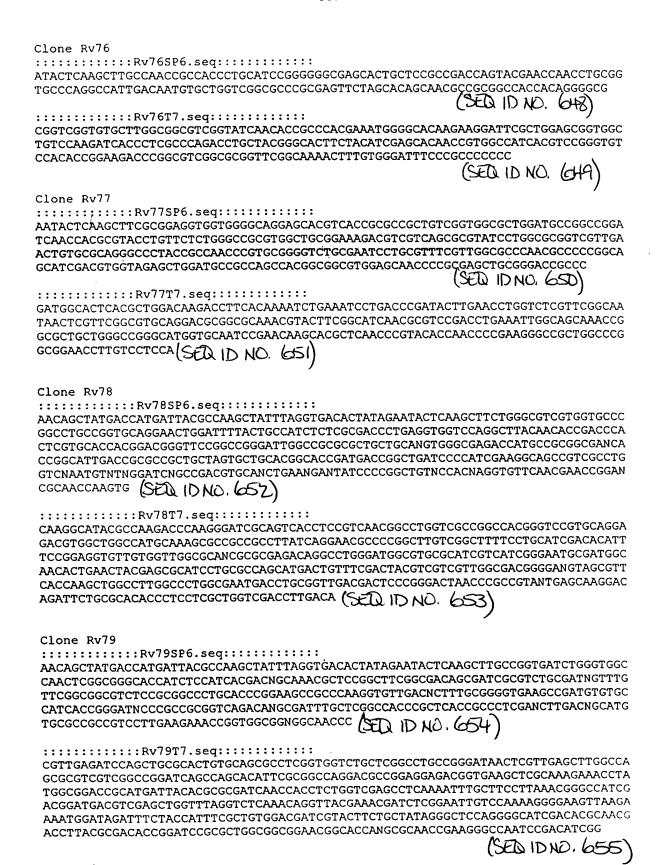
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Clone Rv82

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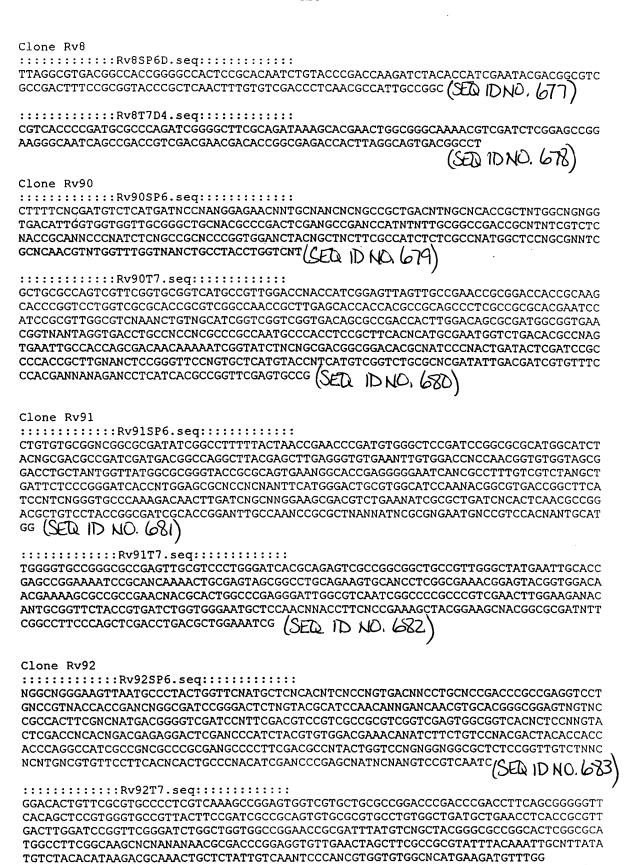
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GATCTCTGGATCGGCGGGGCTCTCCGGGCCGGCCTCGGCGACCTCAGCGGGCCGCCCTTCCGGCCGAACCATTCCCT AGCCATAGATGACCGCACCTCGATGCACGGTTTGGCGGCAACGCGGCAAGGCGTCNGTCGGGCCCAGCCGCGGCAATG CGGGTACCCGGGAGCGCGGTCNGTANACCANCGCTGGACTGCGTCGCGCGGTGCGTCNACNTCAAAGTCCCCGGCGT CCCATATCGCGTATGACGCGGGCGCCCGGCACCANGGGTGCCGATCCGGCCGTCTCGAACACCACCGGCCCGCCAG CCGCCGCGGGTCCGGCAGCNAACCCGCCGCGCGCGATACCCGCTGCCGCGTGCGTGATTGACCGCCGCGCGCACGCT GGCCANGGATCAAAGCCCGTG (SED ID NO. 670) Clone Rv87 GGACGCGTAGCCCGCCAGGCCGGTCAGGGTGCCCTTCCAGTCCACGCCGCTGTGGTCGGCGAACCGCTTATCTTCAAT CGAGACGATCGCCAGCTTCATCGTGTTGGCGATCTTGTCCGAGGGCACCTCGAACCGGCGCTGCGAGTNCAGCCACGC GATCGTGTTGCCCTTCGCGTCGACCATCGTCGATACCGCAGGCACTTGCCCCTCGAGCAGCTGGGCCGAGCCGTTGGC AACGACCTCAGANGCACGATTGGACATCAGCCCTAGCCCGCCTGCGAACGGGAACGTCAGĆGCAGTGGCGACGACACT GGCCAACAGACAGCACCCAGCCAGCTTCAGAACGGTGATCGCGGCCGGGAAGCGCTCGGGCATGCGTNCTACAGTAGC GGCGC (SED ID NO. 611) GCTCGTTGCCGGCGGCGATCTCGTCGAGCTCGTCTTCCATCGCCGCGGTGAAGTCGTAGTCGACGAGCCGAACAT GCTGCTCGAGCAGACCGGTTACCGCGAACGCCACCCATGACGGCACCAGTGCACTGCCCTTCTTGTGCACGTNGCCGC GATCCTGGATGGTCTTGATGATCGACGANTAGGTCGACGGCCGGCCGATGCCCAGCTCCTCGAGCGCTTTGACCAGCG ACGCCTCNGTGTNNCGGGCCGGCGGGTTGGTGGCATGGCCGTCTGGGGTCAACTCGACNATGTCCAACCGTTGACCCG GGGTCAGATGGGGCAGTCGCCGCCTCGGCATCGTCAGCCTCGCCGC (SED ID NO. 672) Clone Rv88 GTCTTTCGATGGCTGCTTCTTCGGCGCTGACGCTGGCGATCTATCACCCCCAGCAGTTCGTCTACGCGGGAGCGATGT CGGGCCTGTTGGACCCCTCCCAGGCGATGGGTCCCACCCTGATCGGCCTGGCGATGGGTGACGCTGGCGGCTACAAGG CCTCCGACATGTGGGGCCCGAAGGAGGACCCGGCGTGGCAGCGCAACGACCCGCTGTTGAACGTCNGGAANCTGATCG CCAACNACACCCNCGTCTGGGTGTACTGCGGCAACNGCAAGCCGTCGGATCTGGGTGGCAACAACCTGCCGGCCAAGT TCCTCGAGGGCTTCGTGCGGACCATCAACATCAAGTTCCAAGACGCCTACAACGCCNGTGGCGGCCACAACCGCGTGT TCGACTTCCCGG (SEQ. ID NO. 673)

Clone Rv89
::::::::::Rv89SP6.seq::::::::::

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ACTACCGGTGGACANCNACAAGCGCCGCCGAACAACGCACTGGCCCGAGGGATNGGCGTCTATCGGCCCCGCCGTCG
AACTNGGAACAGACNGTGCGGTTCTACCGTGATCTGGTGGGAATGCTCNACCANACCTTCCCNANNGCTACGGAACNA
CGGCGCGATATTCNGCCNTCCCANCTCGAGCCTGACNCTNGATATCGTCGANNCTCACCATCNCGATCNGCTGTGCCG
GTNTTGCTCGGACTN (SED ID NO. 675)

(SEQ 10 NO. 676)



(SEQ ID NO, 684)

Clone Rv94 ::::::::::Rv94SP6.seq:::::::::::: TCCTTCTCGGTATCGGTTTGGGCTGTCACCANCAGTTGGTAGTTCTTCACGTNCTGTTGTTCGAGCGTCNAGCCGTCG CGCGTGTCNANGTCNCCGGACGCGTATCCCGCCAGGCCGGTCANGGTGCCCTTCCANTCCACGCCGCTGTGGTCGGCG AACGCTNATCTTCAATCGAGACCATCGCCAGCTTCATCNTGTTGGCGATCTTGTCNNACGGCACCTCNAACCGGCGCT NCTAGTACNCCACNCNATCNTGTTNCCTTCNCGTCNACATCCTCGATNCCNCNTGCACTTTCCCTCGANCNCCTGGGC CGACAACCTGGCCAACAN (SEQ ID NO 685) :::::::::Rv94T7.seq::::::::::: CACNCCGTGATCGCNAGCCCCNGTAGAAATNGTTGAGCCAGTTGGTGCGGCGCTCGTTGCCGGCGGTNATCTCGTCGA GCTCNTCTTCCATCGCCGCGGTGAAGTCGTACTCGACNAGCCGACCNAAATGCTGCTCNAGCAGACCGGTTACCNNNA ACNCCNCCTCNTGACNGCACCAGTGCNCTGCCCTTCTTGTGCACGTACCCGCNATCCTGGATGGTCTTGATGATCNAC TANTNTGTCGACGGGCGGCCGATGCCCATCTCCTCNAGCGCTTTGACCAGCGACNCCTCGGTGTATCGGGCCGGCGGG TTNGTGGCATGGCCGTCTGGGGTCANCTCNACNATNTTCANCCGTTGACCCGGGGTCACA A. GARAGE Clone Rv95 ::::::::::Rv95SP6.seq:::::::::: TGGCCTTCTTGNCANGGGCNNACATNNGCTATNGCGAGCGTGTAACCGATCATCNTCCNGGCGACTGTGGCCTGANCG GCAAGGGTNGCCTNATTCNTCCTCCTGNGGCATGGTTNCCACACGGAATGNCGGTAAGTCTGGTCGGCAACCTGGCCC GCTGCGGGTTGGGTTCGGATTCGCTCGGCTANTAAGGTGCTCGCCTGGTGTNACNACTAATCNCNATATACNCTTANC GGGAGTNGNCGTCCCGATCCTNGCCCTGCCGCNGGCGATCNCGTTCGCANCACCGCCACCGGAACTCNCAANGTGCGC TCATCGGGCTCTACGCGCCATCTTCCCCGGATTCTTCGCGGCNGNGTNCCGNGGGACCCCGGACTGTGACNGGCCCAA CGGCTCATCATCG (SED ID NO. 687) ::::::::::Rv95T7.seq::::::::::: CCGGATAGCGGTGTCTGAACTTCGCCCGTTCCCTCCANCGCATTGAGCTTCAGCCCGACCGGCAGGTNNGGAGTCGGC ATGCGGTCCTTCGCCCCGACCCCGCTGGCTAAATANCCACCCCGAGCGGGTCACGGTCTTTGCACCGGGACGACGC ${\tt ATACCGGCAGCGCGAACATCNCCGCGGGCTGCAGCNTGAACGTCCAATACCANTCNAACAGTGTCCGCGCGTNAAAACCCCAATACAATACCAATACA$ CCGANCCGGCGGTCGCTTCNGTAATCAACGGCTCCTGCGCAACCAGCTGCAAGTCGCCGGTGCCACCGGCGTTGACGA TCTTGATGTCTGCGANCTCGCGCACCAGCTCGACGGCCCGGGCA (SED ID NO. 688 Clone Rv96 CCTCCCGACCACATACAGGCAAAGTAATGGCATTACCGCGAGCCATTACTCCTACGCGCGCAATTAACGAATCCACCA GCTTCATTATCTAATCTCCCAGCGTGGTTTAATCAGACGATCGAAAATTTCATTGCAGACAGGTTCCCAAATAGAAAG AGCATTTCTCCAGGCACCAGTTGAAGAGCGTTGATCAATGGCCTGTTCAAAAACAGTTCTCATCCGGATCTGACCTTT CGGGGACTGAGAGCCATTACTATTGCTGTATTTGGTAAGCAAAATACGT / SED ID NO. 689 Clone Rv9 CTTCACNTCCGTACGGCTCGGGTACGCTTCGGTCNCATTGTGCGAGTGATAGATGACGACCGGGACCTCGTCGGCATC TTCCATAGCCCGCCACACCTTCAGTTGCTCACCGGAATCCAACCGGTANAAGGTCGGCGANCGCTCNGCATTGGTCAT ANTTTCAGGACCCGAATGCTCCGGGAAACATGTCACGGTAGGTCGGTATTCCGGCTACCGGCTGANCATTGAGCACGC

(SED ID NO. 691

TTCTC (SEQ ID NO. 696)

Table 4: End-sequences of the polynucleotide inserts cloned in the named recombinant BAC vectors contained in the I-XXXX M. bovis strain Pasteur genomic DNA library. RvXXXSP6 corresponds to the SP6 end-sequence of the clone RvXXX. RvXXXT7 corresponds to the T7 end-sequence of the clone RvXXX. RvXXXIS 1081 corresponds to a region located close to a copy of the IS1081 repetitive sequence (Insertion element). The character « - » denotes an uncertain base residue. Clone X0001 AAG-TCGGGTTTCCACACGCGCGTTTGACCCTAGTCATATGTAATCATGTGTACCATGTGCGGGCGCTTTTCGACGGCCG CGAACCACCGGA-ATTTCCTGTGATTTCACTGCATGCGTACCATCTGGCACAATTGAGCA-TTGTCT-TCGCGGTGGTCGG-CGGGTTGCGTGCCGCCTGCTGCGA-ATGCACCA-TAAGCCCGAACCCACCGGCTTGGTGACCACCGCACGCTGCGTGTGGGGGGTAACCACTCCGCGACCCCAAGGATGGT CATTTCCAATGAACCGGCTGGACTTCGTCCA-A (SED ID NO. 692) GTCGCGGTTCGATCGACCCGATCTTCACCTCGTAACCTCGATGCTTAGCAGGATCCAGCTTGACCGCGTTTGGCTCT ACCCACTCTTTGAGTGGCGCCGTCGCCTGTGCCCCATCGGTGTTCATGACGAACGCTTCGAAAGACTTCCTCTTGTG AGCCGGAATGTCTGCGTAAAGAAGTTCCATGTCCGGGAAGTAGACCCGGTCGCCCTCCACGTGGTACTCCTTCGAGG ATGCGGCGGACTCCGGGAGTGCGAGAAATAGCGGTCGCGCGTAGCTGTAGACCGGATGGTTTCCGCCCAGGCTGACG TCGAAGATGCCTCCTTGGAAGGGGCGCGA (SED 1D NO. 693) Clone X0002 AACTCAAGTTTTTACGGTGATCGCGCATCACCTGGTTCATGAACTGGAAGCAGCGCAGCGCTTCCTTTTCGGCCGCA CCAGCTTCCATATCCCGCGAC-TGT(SEQ 10 NO, 694) GTGCAGGTTTCGACAATGTGGTGCCGGTTCGGCGGCTACGTGCCATCGAGACACTGGCGCA-GCTATCGCACCCGTT ATCGGCTGCGAGCAAATCGCGGTATGCGTTCTTGAGCATGAGTCGGCGACCGTCGTCATGGTCGACACCCACGACGG ${\tt AAAGACGCAGATCGCCGTCAAGCATGTTGTCCCGCGGATTATCAGGACTGACCTCCTGGCTGACCGGCATGTTTGGTC}$ GCGATGCCTGGCGCCGGCCGGCGTGGTCGTCGGCTCGGATAGCGAGGTCAGCGAATTCTCGTGGCAGCTCGAA AGGGTCCTGCCGGTGCCGGT (SED IDNO. 695) Clone X0003 TTCGAGTCATGCGCCCGCCTCGACCACGAA-ATGCACGTCG-GGTTCGATCGACCCGATCTTCACCTCGTAACCTCGATGCTTAGCAGGATCCAGCTTGACCGCGTTTGGCTCTACCCA CTCTTTGAGTGGCGCCGTCGCCTGTGCCCCATCGGTGTTCATGACGAACGCTTCGAAAGACTTCCTCTTGTGAGCCG GAATGTCTGCGTAAAGAAGTTCCATGTCCGGGAAGTAGACCCGGTCGCCCTCCACGTGGTACTCCTTCGAGGTCCGC

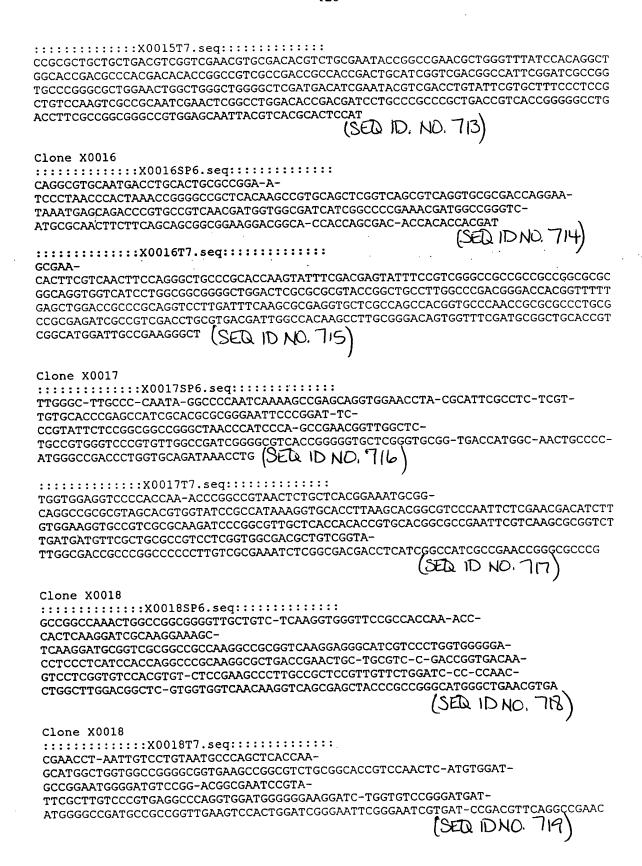


 ${\tt TGATGTCTGTCGATCTTGAGCCGGTGCAACTCGTCGGCCCGGACGGTACGCCGAACGCCGAACGCCGCTACCACCGT}$

GACCTTCCTGAGGAAACGCTGCGTTGGCTCTACGATATGATGGTGGTCACCCG

(SEQ IDNO, 112

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Clone X0019
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CLAIMS

- 1. A method for isolating a polynucleotide of interest that is present in a genome of a first mycobacterium strain or that is expressed by said first mycobacterium strain and that is absent or altered in a genome of a second mycobacterium strain that is different from the first mycobacterium strain or that is not expressed in the second mycobacterium strain, said method comprising:
- a) contacting under hybridizing conditions the genomic DNA of the first mycobacterium strain with the DNA of at least one clone that belongs to a bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) genomic DNA library of the second mycobaterium strain; and
- b) isolating the polynucleotide of interest that fails to form a hybrid with the DNA of the second mycobacterium strain.
- 2. The method according to claim 1, wherein the BAC-based DNA library has been constructed from genomic DNA of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.
- 3. The method according to claim 2, wherein the BAC-based DNA library has been constructed from genomic DNA of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* strain H37Rv.
- 4. The method according to claim 3, wherein the BAC-based DNA library has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes (CNCM) on November 19, 1997 under the accession number I-1945.
- 5. The method according to claim 1, wherein the BAC-based DNA library has been constructed from genomic DNA of *Mycobacterium bovis*.
- 6. The method according to claim 5, wherein the BAC-based DNA library has been constructed from the genomic DNA of *Mycobacterium bovis* BCG strain Pasteur.
 - 7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the at least one BAC-based DNA library has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes (CNCM) on XX XX, 1998 under the accession number I-XXXX.
 - 8. A method of isolating a polynucleotide of interest that is present in a genome of a first mycobacterium strain or that is expressed by the first mycobacterium strain and that is absent or altered in a genome of a second mycobacterium strain or that is not expressed by the second mycobacterium strain, said method comprising:

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- a) providing at least one polynucleotide contained in a clone of a bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) DNA library of the first mycobacterium strain;
- b) providing at least one genomic or cDNA polynucleotide from a second mycobacterium strain that is different from the first mycobacterium strain or at least one polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC DNA library prepared from the genome of the second mycobacterium strain;
- c) contacting under hybridizing conditions the polynucleotide of step a) with the polynucleotide of step b); and
- d) isolating the polynucleotide of step a) that has not formed a hybrid complex with the polynucleotide of step b).
- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein the polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC DNA library of the first or second mycobacterium strain is prepared by the following procedure:
- 1) digesting at least one recombinant BAC clone by an appropriate restriction endonuclease to yield a polynucleotide insert of interest; and
 - 2) isolating the polynucleotide insert of interest.
- 10. A purified polynucleotide of interest that has been isolated according to the method of claim 8.
- 11. The purified polynucleotide of claim 10 which contains at least one Open Reading Frame (ORF).
 - 12. The purified polynucleotide of claim 11, which is SEQ ID N0:1.
 - 13. The purified polynucleotide of claim 11, wherein said polynucleotide is selected from the group consisting of :
 - a) a polynucleotide comprising at least 8 consecutive nucleotides of SEQ ID No:1;
 - b) a polynucleotide having a sequence fully complementary to SEQ ID N°:1; and c) a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions with the polynucleotide defined in a) or with the polynucleotide defined in b).
 - 14. The purified polynucleotide of claim 13, which is SEQ ID N0:2.
 - 15. The purified polynucleotide of claim 13, which is SEQ ID N0:3.
 - 16. The purified polynucleotide of claim 11, wherein the ORF encodes all or part of a polypeptide involved in the pathogenicity of a mycobacterium strain.
 - 17. The purified polynucleotide of claim 11, wherein the ORF encodes all or part of a Polymorphism Glycine Rich Sequence (PGRS).

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- 18. The purified polynucleotide of claim 17, which is SEQ ID N0:4.
- 19. The purified polynucleotide of claim 17, which is selected from the group consisting of:
- a) a polynucleotide comprising at least 8 consecutive nucleotides the of SEQ ID N0:5;
 - b) a polynucleotide having a sequence that is fully complementary to SEQ ID N0:5;
 - c) a polynucleotide that hybridizes under stringent hybridization conditions with the polynucleotide defined in a) or with the polynucleotide defined in b).
 - 20. A pair of the purified polynucleotides as claimed in claim 10.
 - 21. A Mycobacterium tuberculosis strain Rv37 genomic DNA library that has been deposited in the Collection Nationale de Cultures de Microorganismes under accession number I-1945, wherein said genomic DNA library comprises recombinant bacterial artificial chromosome vectors.
 - 22. A recombinant bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) vector, which belongs to the genomic DNA library of claim 21.
 - 23. The recombinant BAC vector of claim 22, which is selected from the group consisting of:
- Rv101; Rv102; Rv103; Rv104; Rv105; Rv106; Rv107; Rv108; Rv109; Rv10; Rv110; Rv111; Rv112; Rv113; Rv114; Rv115; Rv116; Rv117; Rv118; Rv119;
 - Rv11; Rv120; Rv121; Rv122; Rv123; Rv124; Rv126; Rv127; Rv128; Rv129;
 - Rv130; Rv132; Rv134; Rv135; Rv136; Rv137; Rv138; Rv139; Rv13; Rv140;
 - Rv141; Rv142; Rv143; Rv144; Rv145; Rv146; Rv147; Rv148; Rv149; Rv14;
 - Rv150; Rv151; Rv152; Rv153; Rv154; Rv155; Rv156; Rv157; Rv159; Rv15;
- 25 Rv160; Rv161; Rv162; Rv163; Rv164; Rv165; Rv166; Rv167; Rv169; Rv16;
 - Rv170; Rv171; Rv172; Rv173; Rv174; Rv175; Rv176; Rv177; Rv178; Rv179;
 - Rv17; Rv180; Rv181; Rv182; Rv183; Rv184; Rv185; Rv186; Rv187; Rv188;
 - Rv18; Rv190; Rv191; Rv192; Rv193; Rv194; Rv195; Rv196; Rv19; Rv1; Rv201;
 - Rv204; Rv205; Rv207; Rv209; Rv20; Rv214; Rv215; Rv217; Rv218; Rv219;
- 30 Rv21; Rv220; Rv221; Rv222; Rv223; Rv224; Rv225; Rv226; Rv227; Rv228;
 - $Rv229;\ Rv230;\ Rv231;\ Rv232;\ Rv233;\ Rv234;\ Rv235;\ Rv237;\ Rv240;$
 - Rv241; Rv243; Rv244; Rv245; Rv246; Rv247; Rv249; Rv24; Rv251; Rv252;
 - Rv253; Rv254; Rv255; Rv257; Rv258; Rv259; Rv25; Rv260; Rv261; Rv262;
 - Rv263; Rv264; Rv265; Rv266; Rv267; Rv268; Rv269; Rv26; Rv270; Rv271;
- 35 Rv272; Rv273; Rv274; Rv275; Rv276; Rv277; Rv278; Rv279; Rv27; Rv280;

Rv281; Rv282; Rv283; Rv284; Rv285; Rv286; Rv287; Rv288; Rv289; Rv28; Rv290; Rv291; Rv292; Rv293; Rv294; Rv295; Rv296; Rv29; Rv2; Rv301; Rv302; Rv303; Rv304; Rv306; Rv307; Rv308; Rv309; Rv30; Rv310; Rv311; Rv312; Rv313; Rv314; Rv315; Rv316; Rv317; Rv318; Rv319; Rv31; Rv32; Rv322; Rv327; Rv328; Rv329; Rv32; Rv330; Rv331; Rv333; Rv334; Rv335; 5 Rv336; Rv337; Rv338; Rv339; Rv33; Rv340; Rv341; Rv343; Rv344; Rv346; Rv347; Rv348; Rv349; Rv34; Rv350; Rv351; Rv352; Rv353; Rv354; Rv355; Rv356; Rv357; Rv358; Rv359; Rv35; Rv360; Rv361; Rv363; Rv364; Rv365; Rv366; Rv367; Rv368; Rv369; Rv36; Rv370; Rv371; Rv373; Rv374; Rv375; Rv376; Rv377; Rv378; Rv379; Rv37; Rv381; Rv382; Rv383; Rv384; Rv385; 10 Rv386; Rv387; Rv388; Rv389; Rv38; Rv390; Rv391; Rv392; Rv393; Rv396; Rv39; Rv3; Rv40; Rv412; Rv413; Rv414; Rv415; Rv416; Rv417; Rv418; Rv419; Rv41; Rv42; Rv43; Rv44; Rv45; Rv46; Rv47; Rv48; Rv49; Rv4; Rv50; Rv51; Rv52; Rv53; Rv54; Rv55; Rv56; Rv57; Rv58; Rv59; Rv5; Rv60; Rv61; Rv62; Rv63; Rv64; Rv65; Rv66; Rv67; Rv68; Rv69; Rv6; Rv70; Rv71; Rv72; Rv73; 15 Rv74; Rv75; Rv76; Rv77; Rv78; Rv79; Rv7; Rv80; Rv81; Rv82; Rv83; Rv84; Rv85; Rv86; Rv87; Rv88; Rv89; Rv8; Rv90; Rv91; Rv92; Rv94; Rv95; Rv96 and Rv9.

24. The recombinant BAC vector of claim 22, which is selected from the group consisting of:

Rv234; Rv351; Rv166; Rv35; Rv415; Rv404; Rv209; Rv272; Rv30; Rv228; Rv233; Rb38; Rv280; Rv177; Rv48; Rv374; Rv151; Rv238; Rv156; Rv92; Rv3; Rv403; Rv322; Rv243; Rv330; Rv285; Rv233; Rv219; Rv416; Rv67; Rv222; Rv149; Rv279; Rv87; Rv273; Rv266; Rv25; Rv136; Rv414; Rv13; Rv289; Rv60; Rv104; Rv5; Rv165; Rv215; Rv329; Rv240; Rv19; Rv74; Rv411; Rv167; Rv56; Rv80; Rv164; Rv59; Rv313; Rv265; Rv308; Rv220; Rv258; Rv339; Rv121; Rv419; Rv418; Rv45; Rv217; Rv134; Rv17; Rv103; Rv21; Rv22; Rv2; Rv270; Rv267; Rv174; Rv257; Rv44; Rv71; Rv7; Rv27; Rv191; Rv230; Rv128; Rv407; Rv106; Rv39; Rv255; Rv74; Rv355; Rv268; Rv58; Rv173; Rv264; Rv417; Rv401; Rv144; Rv302; Rv81; Rv163; Rv281; Rv221; Rv420; Rv175; Rv86; Rv412; Rv73; Rv269; Rv214; Rv287; Rv42 and Rv143.

25. A Mycobacterium bovis BCG strain Pasteur genomic DNA library, wherein said genomic DNA library comprises recombinant bacterial artificial chromosome vectors.

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- 26. A recombinant bacterial artificial chromosome (BAC) vector, which belongs to the genomic DNA library of claim 25.
- 27. A recombinant BAC vector according to claim 26, which is selected from the group consisting of :
- 5 X0001; X0002; X0003; X0004; X0006; X0007; X0008; X0009; X0010; X0012; X0013; X0014; X0015; X0016; X0017; X0018; X0019; X0020; X0021 and X0175.
 - 28. A method for detecting a mycobacterial nucleic acid in a biological sample comprising the steps of :
- a) contacting the recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26, or a purified polynucleotide according to claim 10 with the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample; and
 - b) detecting a hybrid nucleic acid molecule formed between said recombinant BAC vector or said purified polynucleotide and the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample.
 - 29. The method of claim 28, further comprising before step a), making the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample available to a hybridization reaction.
- 30. A method for detecting mycobacterial nucleic acid in a biological sample comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting a first polynucleotide according to claim 10 that has been immobilized onto a substrate with the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample; and
 - b) contacting a hybrid nucleic acid molecule formed between said first polynucleotide and the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample with a second, labeled polynucleotide according to claim 10, wherein said second polynucleotide and said first polynucleotide have non-overlapping sequences.
 - 31. The method of claim 30, further comprising before step a), making the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample available to a hybridization reaction.
 - 32. The method of claim 30 or 31, further comprising before step b), removing the mycobacterial nucleic acid that is not hybridized with the immobilized first polynucleotide.
- 33. A method for detecting mycobacterial nucleic acid in a biological sample comprising the steps of:

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- a) contacting the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample with a pair of purified polynucleotides according to claim 20;
- b) amplifying said mycobacterial nucleic acid; and
- c) detecting the amplified mycobacterial nucleic acid.
- 34. The method of claim 33, further comprising before step a), making the mycobacterial nucleic acid in the biological sample available to a hybridization reaction.
- 35. A kit for detecting a mycobacterium in a biological sample comprising:
- a) a recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26, or a purified polynucleotide according to claim 10; and
 - b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid hybridization reaction.
 - 36. A kit for detecting a mycobacterium in a biological sample comprising:
- a) a recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26, or a first polynucleotide according to claim 10 that is immobilized onto a substrate;
 - b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid hybridization reaction; and
 - c) a second polynucleotide according to claim 10, wherein said second polynucleotide is radioactively or non-radioactively labeled, and wherein said second polynucleotide and said first polynucleotide have non-overlapping sequences.
 - 37. A kit for detecting a mycobacterium in a biological sample comprising:
 - a) a pair of purified polynucleotides according to claim 20; and
- b) reagents necessary to perform a nucleic acid amplification reaction.
 - 38. A method for detecting the presence of a genomic DNA, a cDNA or a mRNA of a mycobacterium in a biological sample, comprising the steps of:
 - a) contacting the biological sample with a plurality of BAC vectors according to claim 22 or 26, or purified polynucleotides according to claim 10 that are immobilized on a substrate; and
 - b) detecting the hybrid complexes formed.
 - 39. A kit for detecting a genomic DNA, a cDNA or a mRNA of a mycobacterium in a biological sample, comprising:
 - a) a substrate on which a plurality of BAC vectors according to claim 22 or 26, or purified polynucleotides according to claim 10 have been immobilized.

- 40. A method for detecting a polynucleotide of mycobacterial origin in a biological sample, said method comprising:
- a) aligning at least one polynucleotide contained in a recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26 on the surface of a substrate;
- b) contacting the polynucleotide in the biological sample with the substrate on which the polynucleotide of step a) has been aligned; and
 - c) detecting a hybrid nucleic acid molecule formed between the polynucleotide in the biological sample and the aligned polynucleotide of step a).
- 41. A kit for detecting a polynucleotide of mycobacterial origin in a biological sample, comprising:
 - a) a substrate on which at least one polynucleotide contained in a recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26 has been aligned.
 - 42. The method of claim 9, wherein the procedure by which the polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC DNA library is prepared, further comprises amplifying the polynucleotide insert.
 - 43. The method of claim 9, wherein the procedure by which the polynucleotide contained in a clone of a BAC DNA library is prepared, further comprises digesting the polynucleotide insert with at least one restriction endonuclease.
 - 44. The method of claim 42, further comprising digesting the amplified polynucleotide insert with at least one restriction endonuclease.
 - 45. The Polynucleotide of claim 16, wherein the mycobacterium strain is *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*.
- 46. The method of claim 33, wherein the amplified mycobacterial DNA is detected by gel electrophoresis or with a labeled polynucleotide according to claim 10.
 - 47. The kit of claim 37, further comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 10.
- 48. The kit of claim 39, further comprising reagents necessary to perform a hybridization reaction.
 - 49. A method for physically mapping a polynucleotide of mycobacterial origin in a biological sample, said method comprising:
 - a) aligning at least one polynucleotide contained in a recombinant BAC vector according to claim 22 or 26 on the surface of a substrate;

- b) contacting the polynucleotide in the biological sample with the substrate on which the polynucleotide of step a) has been aligned under hybridizing conditions; and
- c) detecting the location of the hybridized polynucleotide from the biological sample.
 - 50. The kit of claim 41, further comprising reagents necessary for labeling DNA and reagents necessary for performing a hybridization reaction.